FINANCIALTIMES

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Tuesday January 21 1986

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America's blacks

World news

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S. Yemen peace talks under way Plessey

so far claimed 9,000 lives, abated following reports that peace talks had begun under Soviet auspices between the forces of President Ali Nasser Mohammed and rebel lead-

Heavy weapons are being with-drawn from Aden, the capital, and the ceasefire appears to be taking effect. The rebels are understood to hold three quarters of the city and the president's supporters are maintaining their hold on the Crater District.

Aden Radio, now in the hands of the rebels, said that rebel leader and former president Abdul Fattah Ismail, reported last week to have been executed, is in fact alive and leading the fighting. Page 3

Danes back EEC

A majority of Danes will vote in favour of accepting the European Community reforms if the issue goes to a referendum, according to an opinion poll. Page 2

Observers banned

Philippine election authorities said all foreign observers will be banned from polling booths during the February 7 elections. Page 3

US honours King

US Vice President George Bush called for an end to apartheid in South Africa at ceremonies in Atlanta to mark the birthday of the late Rev Martin Luther King, which for the first time is a national holiday. From now on the third Monday in January is a federal holiday. Page 4

Polish scientist trial

Poland's leading space scientist, Professor Jan Hanasz, and three colleagues went on trial in Warsaw accused of interrupting a state television transmission last year to urge voters to boycott general elections. Page 2

Greek-US accord

intelligence information and security training in an effort to stamp out Page 2 Libyan-backed terrorism, US Deputy Secretary of State John Whitehead said in Athens. Page 2

Civil guards injured

Two Spanish civil guards were seriously injured when suspected Basque guerrillas attacked their patrol car with handgrenades and sub-machine guns near the northern city of San Sebastian.

Sikhs sentenced

A Pakistani court sentenced three Indian Sikh separatists to death and seven others to life imprisonment for hijacking two Indian airliners to the Pakistani border town

Ugandan fighting

Thousands of Ugandans have taken refuge in churches and mosques as heavy fighting raged between military government troops and guerril-las of the National Resistance Army near Kampala.

Madrid mayor dies

Madrid's Socialist mayor Enrique Tierno Galvan, who earned the reputation of a crusading urban reformer in his six years of office, died of cancer aged 67. Obituary,

New Pacific Island

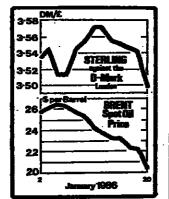
A new island, 500 metres by 700 metres, emerged near the Pacific isvoicano erupted.

Business summary

Britain freezes bid for

GEC takeover bid for rival British electronics group Plessey, worth £1.2bn (\$1.7bn), was referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commis-sion by the UK Government, freezing the bid for at least six months. GEC, meanwhile, said it was suing Plessey for libel over parts of its defence circular sent to shareholders. Details and Lex, Page 16

DOLLAR improved in London, closing at DM 2471 (DM 24635), FFr 7.5725 (FFr 7.5525), SFr 2097 (SFr 209) and Y202.35 (Y202.3). On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 126.2 from 125.9. Page 33



STERLING lost 2.2 cents again the dollar in London to \$1.4155. It also fell to DM 3.4975 (DM 3.5425) FFr 10.7175 (FFr 10.855), SFr 2.9675 (SFr 3.005) and Y286.5 (Y290.75). The pound's exchange rate index fell 1.0 to 78.9. Page 33

GOLD fell \$1.875 on the London bullion market to \$351.625 and was \$1.75 lower in Zurich at \$351.75.

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 7.57 at

TOKYO: Prices tumbled on extremely low turnover. The Nikkei average fell 54.73 to 12,952.05.

LONDON: Interest rate fears resur-faced and drove gilts and leading equities lower. The FT Ordinary index feli 12.6 to 1,118.7 and the FT-SE 100 dropped 17.7 to 1,378.3.

WEST GERMAN banks are likely Greece and the US agreed to co-operate more closely in the sharing of the US-sponsored Baker plan to ease the international debt crisis.

> NIGERIA has agreed to provide added incentives to international oil companies operating in the country tained at high levels even during periods when world demand is low. Page 32 to ensure that production is main-

FRANCE had a trade surplus with the US in 1985 - the first for at least 35 years. Page 4

WESTLAND'S chairman, Sir John Cuckney, is expected later this week to meet the European consortium seeking to mount a rescue for

the UK helicopter maker. INLAND STEEL, fourth largest integrated steel manufacturer in the US, fell deeper into the red last year with the loss growing from \$41.4m in 1984 to \$178.4m.

FEDERAL NATIONAL Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), which finances 10 per cent of US mort-gages, earned \$36.9m during 1985

compared with a loss of \$57.4m in the previous 12 months. Page 17 SINGER, US manufacturer of aero-

FEDERATED Department Stores, biggest department store chain in the US, plans to improve its recent

sluggish earnings through consoli-

dation of some operations.

HYUNDAI, South Korean car manufacturer, launches its Excel model in the US this week and expects land of Iwo Jima after an undersea sales of 100,000 units in its first year of operations. Page 17

Paris and London decide on \$3.7bn Channel rail link

BY PAUL BETTS IN LILLE

PRESIDENT François Mitterrand and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher yesterday gave the long-awaited go-ahead for the construc-tion of a \$3.7bn twin-bore rail tunnel which will link France and Brit-

ain for the first time by 1993. They also made a vague and tenious commitment that a road link would be built later between the two countries.

cussion and hesitation.

President Mitterrand said the decision was an act of goodwill and getting the necessary financial represented "a grandiose view of support.

Both Mrs Thatcher and President

But the fact that the two countries finally opted for the Channel Tunnel Group - France Manche er, but Mr Mitterrand said that if (CTG) twin-bore rail tunnel propos- CTG did not develop a road link al is expected to cause disappointment and controversy for the significant number of supporters, espe-cially in the UK, of the road as well as a rail, link. Indeed, the British Prime Minister herself was be-lieved to have favoured a road link. year 2020. No other group can op-lieved to have favoured a road link.

Two losing schemes sharply criticised the choice of a rail link across the Channel, and the deci-sion drew a lighting response from lerry and port operators. Details, Analysis and UK, parliamentary reaction, Page 7; Editorial comment, Page 14

She said yesterday, however, that Both leaders described the decision, announced at a colourful cererall shuttles to transport cars and Thatcher said it was "a dramatic step in Anglo-French co-operation," adding that it was an historic occasion after well over a continuous of all of the second of the seco could be delivered most quickly, and that it had been selected because it stood the best chance of

> Mitterrand said the rail tunnel would be followed by a road link later, but Mr Mitterrand said that if proposal in the next 15 years it would lose its exclusive rights to construct such a link.

> CTG has exclusive rights to operate a fixed link for 25 years to the

but in 15 years' time they will be able to bid for the construction of a road link to come into operation after 2020 if Channel Tunnel does not propose a scheme before.

The two governments said in a statement that they expected con-struction of the rail link to begin in 1987 and that it would be ready for operation in 1993.

The statement also said that the promoters had undertaken to submit to the governments by the year 2000 a proposal for a drive-through

It added: "It is envisaged that this would be undertaken as soon as the technical feasibility is assured and economic circumstances and the growth of traffic are such as to permit it to be financed without under mining the return on the first link."

The decision to build a road link only as a second step was immediately seen as a compromise solution, leaving serious doubts over the future of such a link.

Mr Mitterrand, for his part, made no secret of France's ambition to use the fixed rail link to boost French high-speed train technology and link London and Paris with the

Continued on Page 16

Guinness unveils record £2bn bid for Distillers

BY DAVID GOODHART AND MARK MEREDITH IN LONDON

was unveiled yesterday when Guinness ended several days of speculation and announced a proposed agreed merger with Distillers, the Seetah whisky group, which has been fighting off a El 89bn bid from Argyll Group. The offer values each Distillers share at 604p and the James Gulliver's Argyll Group. If the bid is referred, Guinness whole company at £2.195n (\$3.15n).

Mr Ernest Saunders, chief executation that the Guinness-Distillers deal abandon its proposals, but in those City of London favourite since last year's successful £356m bid for Distillers' whisky rival Arthur Bell, said: "The two companies are a per-fect fit with Distillers' portfolio of quality brands and Guinness's repu-

tation for drinks management." The proposed merger is an admission from Distillers, whose brands include Johnnie Walker and Gordon's Gin, that it could not remain independent despite a relatively improved performance in the

Newcastle - were being considered

competition grounds. The combination of Bells and Distillers would give a combined group about 36 per cent of the UK Scotch whisky market and about 41 per cent of the worldwide market. Mr Gulliver added that another considmakes about half the bottles for the

whisky industry. Argyll said yesterday that the Mr John Connell, the Distillers stroyed Distillers argument that A perfectly timed punch, Page 14; chairman, said yesterday that the the recent criticisms of its manage-

A RECORD British takeover bid board had unanimously agreed to ment applied to the 'old's' company the merger terms at a meeting on which had ceased to exist two years Sunday evening but other plans - ago. Mr Gulliver also said that the including a bid for Scottish and proposed merger was not a real bid Newcastle - were being considered until the Office of Fair Troding had right up to the and year decided what recommendation to However, it is not certain that make to the Trade and Industry Distillers will escape from Mr Minister on a referral.

If the bid is referred, Guinness circumstances it is likely that Argyll would slightly improve on its and Mergers Commission on present offer and hope that enough Distillers shareholders would not be prepared to wait the six months of a commission report before Guinness could remake its offer.

Countering suggestions from Guinness yesterday that it had eration was Distillers' 50 per cent been given an indication that the holding in United Glass, which merger plan would not be referred, merger plan would not be referred, Mr Gulliver released a copy of a telex from the Office of Fair Trading which stated that no other bidde

Lex, Page 16

Lesotho crowds celebrate military coup

By Anthony Robinson in Maseru JUBILANT CROWDS thronged the streets of Maseru, the Lesotho capial, yesterday to celebrate Sunday night's military coup and the sei-zure of power by a military council led by General Justin Lekhanya. The fall of Chief Leabua Jona-than, the Prime Minister who has ruled this landlocked mountain

kingdom since 1985, was announced on Radio Lesotho at 6 yesterday morning. The Prime Minister and all his ministers have been confined to their homes but not placed under arrest, and last night, the country was under 6pm to 6am curfew. General Lekhanya, aided by Ma-

or General S. K. Molapo, com der of the security forces, and Mr S. R. Matela, the chief of police, seized power on Sunday night. Senior civil ervants have taken over the run ning of government ministries, and King Moshoeshoe II remains head of state and is expected to play an mportant unifying role under the

new regime. The coup followed weeks of increasing pressure by South Africa aimed at forcing Chief Jonathan's Government to accept a joint security treaty, to expel African National longress activists and curb the activities of Soviet bloc diplomats and advisers in the country.

The first sign of internal pressure on Chief Jonathan came last Wednesday when units of the 1,500 strong paramilitary force, headed by General Lekhanya, surrounded government buildings. This was fol-lowed on Friday night by a gun bat-tle outside the military barracks when 35 men of the controversial Busuto national party Youth League – which was officially dis-banded last Wednesday – were en-gaged by the paramilitary forces; at least five people were killed.

The fighting followed months of resentment within the paramilitary force and the police at the activities of the youth league, whose mem-bers have been armed and trained by North Korea, one of five east bloc countries to have an embassy in the capital. Sources close to the military said yesterday that large quantities of Soviet weapons had been airlifted into the country over the last 18 months at the same time that South Atrica h increasing use by the ANC of Lesothe as a transit route and crash training point for ANC guerrillas.

The South African attitude has stiffened further since Mr Oliver Tambo, the ANC president, pledged in Lusaka two weeks ago to acceler Continued on Page 16

South Africa treason trial, Page 3 Times index of 30 industrial stocks

Sterling down sharply after oil prices fall

BY GEORGE GRAHAM AND DOMINIC LAWSON IN LONDON

FALLING OIL prices drove the one point to end the day at 76.9 as causing anxiety among City sterling lost more than two cents brokers.
against the dollar and over 4 pien"It loo

first time since the second oil price for April delivery at \$19.50 a barrel, more than \$1 below the pre-week-

dropped by the agreed maximum of \$1 a barrel, suggesting that there will be a further fall today.

The pound's weakness out prespoint above base lending rate - before easing to 13% per cent. Governprogress at the meeting of the Group of Five finance ministers towards lower interest rates. Long-

dated stocks lost up to 1% points. The Bank of England acted last weak to head off a rise in base rates and the injection of funds to the banking system announced then is still in effect this week. It is likely to be watching the situation closely, however, and would clearly be con-cerned if the pound's fall continued.

Clearing bankers said yesterday pound sharply downwards in Lon- that shorter-term money market don yesterday to its lowest ever lev- rates are still low enough for them el against the D-Mark. The Bank of to resist an immediate rise in base England's sterling index dropped rates, but the pound's weakness is

"It looks as though a base rate of nigs against the German currency.

14 per cent is on the cards again
The price of North Sea oil slid below \$20 a barrel in London for the
wait long then before raising their rates," said Mr lan Harwood of shock of 1979, with a cargo of Brent stockbrokers Rowe & Pitman. "Certhe main North Sea crude - sold tainly rates aren't going to come

Mr Mike Osborne of stockbrokers Grieveson Grant said: "If there is a On the New York Mercantile Ex- real run on the pound there is very change crude oil prices for future little the Bank can do by interven-months closed limit down, having tion in the foreign exchange markets. The only solution is a rise in interest rates."

In active London trading, despite yesterday's partial market holiday sure on money market interest in New York, the pound closed at rates, and three month interbank \$1.4155 and DM 3.4975. Shares also rates touched 13.5 per cent - one lost ground with the FT Ordinary index down 12.6 at 1.118.7.

With the Organisation of Petroment securities also came under leum Exporting countries produc-pressure as the markets reacted ing almost 18.5m barrels a day of with disappointment to the lack of crude last month, North Sea oil is beginning to be displaced from its

Yesterday, Idemitsu, the Japanese trading house, bought Im barrels of January production from BP's Forties field at \$22.10 a barrel. It will be able to land the oil in the Far East at \$23.60 a barrel, undercutting the Gulf crudes

Commodities, Page 32; Money markets, Page 33

Singapore collapse claims new victim

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SINGAPORE

THE PAN-ELECTRIC affair in Sin-fell 18.17 yesterday to 596.18, matchthat Growth Industrial Holdings The developments highlight the (GIH), a quoted holding company continuing reverberations from the pended, is ceasing operations.

with intensifying dissatisfaction among bankers and brokers over the so-called "lifeboat" scheme, designed to ensure that financially troubled broking firms can meet hotel concern was placed in receivtheir obligations.

It also comes against a background of persistent weakness in the local stock market. The Straits

gaptie has claimed another victim ing the 30-month low point hit just with the announcement yesterday before Christmas.

whose shares are currently sus-collapse of Pan-Electric Industries at the end of November, which led to the unprecedented three-day closure of the Singapore and Kuala Lumpur stock exchanges in early The marine salvage, property and

ership with S\$400m (US\$188m) in debts and commitments to pur-chase \$\$140m worth of shares. The exchanges were closed to arrange a

Continued on Page 16

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Spain hints at early EMS entry

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN MADRID

SPAIN is prepared to join the ex-change rate mechanism of the European Monetary System (EMS) before 1989 if it can have the same degree of flexibility on the parity of the peseta as Italy has for the lira. Mr Carlos Solchaga, the Minister

of Economy and Finances, told vis-

space electronics and consumer products, boosted fourth-quarter earnings 26 per cent from \$20.2m to

iting European journalists yester-day that Spain is firmly in favour of monetary discipline. Spain joins the EMS in 1989, but it is not obliged to participate in the currency union created by holding parities within a 2.5 per cent band

either side of a central rate against the Ecu. The main exception to this rate is Italy which has a 6 per cent divergence. We want the same flexibility as the country which has the

greatest flexibility in the Communiy," said Mr Solchaga. The Spanish Government is reaxed in its approach to the question, however, because it wants time to see how membership of the EEC will affect the structure of its current account on the balance of

touched \$4.5hm three years arn. Reduction of the foreign debt is saving up to \$1bn in interest payments a year, Mr Solchaga said.

He is expecting a substantial surplus on the current account for the next two years before a small deficit appears towards the end of the Spain's early willingness to embrace the exchange rate mechan-

ism of the EMS reflects the enthusiasm with which the Government has entered the EEC. The main point is that we are agreeable to harmonising financial and fiscal policies through discipline in the exchange rate system. If this is not obtained, we will not

the Community," Mr Solchaga The Community target for an infrontiers - is 1992. Spain accepts the target and wants with it a great- its security, he argued.

obtain a really integrated market in

This year, the Government is er degree of political integration in forecasting a surplus of \$3bn, a the EEC, following in fact the same turnround from a deficit which policies as Italy and the Benelux

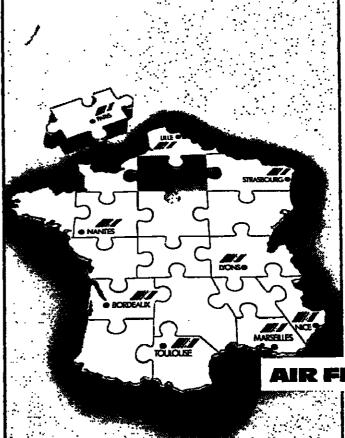
Minister, addressed this point yes-terday in reference to Danish difficulties on the internal reform package agreed in Luxembourg last month.

tween the move to a full internal market and reluctance to accept political advance, he said. The Spanish Government is using don approval for its enthusiastic EEC policy as a lever in its internal struggle on membership of Nato. Mr González created a specific

membership of Nato. If the electorate rejects Nato, Mr González warned, this will weaken Spain's position in the EEC. It would be difficult to participate in tegrated market - a Europe without the political and economic development of Europe but stay apart from

Mr Felipe González, the Prime There was a contradiction belink between EEC membership and the referendum to be held in March on the generally unpopular Spanish

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By Patrick Cockburn in Moscow

A SOVIET writer has attacked the quality of his country's films about the Second World War, accusing them of mock heroism, inac sentimentality. inaccuracy

"Our soldiers deal with enemy tanks as if they were toys, blowing them up with hand grenades and Molotov cock-tails," complains Mr Victor Astafyev, a former soldier, Party daily newspaper Pravda. He says he often wants to smash his television with stomach wounds burst into song.

German soldiers are shown being mown down like grass by Soviet submachine guns, writes Mr Astafyev, though in fact these were inaccurate and tended to jam. Experienced Soviet infantry went back to using rifles.

Films about the last war remain very much a staple of the Soviet cinema and television. Ever at the 11 am showing this week of the latest Soviet war film, "The Battle for Moscow" about the first months of the German invasion of 1941, two thirds of the seats were full in the October Cinema on Prospekt Kalinin near the centre of the capital.

It is free from many of the mock heroics of which Mr Astafyev complains. Its cen-tral characters are Marshal Zhukov, the army com-mander, and Stalin. Both are portrayed with a degree of realism, although Stalin appears as too mediative and schoolmasterly a figure to quite carry conviction.

How many times "has the origin of victory been assigned to this or that geographic point," asked Mr Yevgeny Yevtushenko, the Soviet poet, in a recent speech. He was referring to the habit of recent Soviet civil and military leaders to ascribe critical significance the military front on themselves

fought But Mr Astafyev complains that the films are historically inaccurate. He says the ply-wood tanks used in films blaze away while rolling for-ward, though in fact there was no chance of hitting a target until the tank stopped, and after four or five rounds had been fired the inside of the tank was filled with

German sufferings are too often disregarded on the screen, he believes. "The war, after all, was fought on not harmed by the Iberian entry to Norway's farming organisations two sides, but thus far it has been mainly portrayed in a one-sided way." The tragedy of the German people, plunged into war by Hitler, plunged into war by Hitler,
"is a very terrible tragedy which we have not yet comprehended."

Mr Shimon Peres, the Israeli Prime ty in return for lower EEC tariffs on Minister, yesterday, that third Norwegian fish and fish products, countries trade with the EEC writes Fay Gjester in Oslo.

The truth about the war, in which the Soviet Union lost 20m dead, should be told says Mr Astafyev. "At the beginning of the war some of our poor excuses for generals had abandoned not only their headquarters staffs but even entire armies." War films. he says, too often trivialise and glamorise the war and demean those who fought in it.

Leading space scientist on trial in Poland

POLAND'S leading space scientist. Professor Jan Hanasz, and three colleagues went on trial yesterday accused of interrupting a state television transmission to urge voters to boycott general elections last year, Reuter reports from Warsaw. Accused with Prof Hanasz, 51, are his assistant Dr Zygmunt Turlo, Dr Leszek Zaleski, a university teacher, and Mr Piotr Lukaszewski an electronics technician.

They face up to three years' imprisonment if convicted by the court in Torun, northern Poland, on charges of illegal union activity and causing public unrest. The four were arrested last September in To-run where Prof Hanasz headed the astrophysics laboratory at the Copernicus Astronomy Centre.

Police alleged that they used a transmitter in Mr Lukaszewski's apartment to jam television programmes with appeals to voters to heed a call by the banned Solidarity free trade union to ignore the

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Danish vote to back EEC reform forecast

referendum, according to an will hold a referendum on the opinion poll published here. It issue, probably at the end of indicated that 48 per cent will next month.

vote in favour and 38 per cent against, with 14 per cent undecided.

At today's parliamentary parties can unite to vote for debate the minority coalition a single resolution. The three capitals of the five largest EEC

A MAJORITY of Danes will government is expected to be voted in favour of accepting the European Community reform package negotiated at the Luxembourg summit last month if the issue got to a majority which wants Denmark to reject the reforms. If this happens, Mr Poul Schlueter, but yesterday Mr Ivar the Dutland newspaper Jyllands in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. The opinion poll published in the Prime Minister, has said he Note and Radicals — opposed the reform for different reasons. But yesterday Mr Ivar Noegaard, the Social Demo-cratic EEC affairs spokesman, was confident that he could write a resolution which all the

rejectionists can support. Meanwhile, Mr Uffe Ellemann-Jensen, the Foreign Minister, is planning a three-day tour of the

oy raritament.

The opinion poll, published in
the Jutland newspaper Jyllands
Posten, also showed overwhelming support for Denmark's continued membership of the EEC If membership were submitted to a referendum, 59 per cent would vote to stay in, 33 per cent to withdraw and only 8 per

Editorial comment, Page 14

mourns 'old

Madrid is mourning the death of Professor Enrique Tierno Gaivan (67) who, as mayor for the past eight years, trans-formed the Spanish capital from a cultural backwater in

arguably one of the most vibrant cities in Europe. His dedicated and good humoured persuit of tolerance and

reconciliation in the pest-Franco period had turned him

into one of Spain's best-loved political figures.

In the 1950s and 1960s, Professor Tierno Galvan established himself as a tenacious opponent of

He founded the Partido

Socialista Popular, which was later absorbed into the main-

stream Socialist party, and was elected mayor of Madrid in 1978

As mayor he won extra-

ordinary popularity. His air of a bemused intellectual, his gold rimmed glasses, his perpetual grey double-breasted suits, his stately manners and

constant courtesy made him into something of a Madrid institution and he was known affectionately throughout Spain simply as "El Viejo Professor."

Prof Tierno Galvan's legacy

to Madrid is the large invest-

ment to beautify the city and control pollution, the promo-

Franco's regime.

professor'

Madrid



Mr Nikolai Ryzhov, the Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, with Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary yesterday

Soviet minister in London talks

BY DAVID BUCHAN

SIR GEOFFREY HOWE, the tions between the two coun- Shevardnadze. terday held talks in London expelled 31 of the other's diplomatic mats and officials on charges of munist Party congress late next month. The level of diplomatic counter for several months. They coincided with unprecedented co-operation between the two countries in the evacuation of foreigners from Aden. Earlier in the day, Mr John Stanley, a junior Defence Minister paid tribute to the assistance of the Soviet Union, September to a total of 205.

They coincided with unprecedented co-operation between the two countries in the evacuation of foreigners from Aden. September to a total of 205.

They coincided with unprecedented co-operation between the two countries in the evacuation of foreigners from Aden. September to a total of 205.

They coincided with unprecedented co-operation between the view of the control of the series of the Soviet Communist Party congress late next month. Mr Ryzhov was also expected to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. Besides calling for elimination of all nuclear weapons by the end of the century, they also month. In the day, Mr John Coffice officials. In accordance to a line of the century, they also month. In the level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. Besides calling for elimination of all nuclear weapons by the end of the century, they also month. In the level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbachev's latest arms proposals. The level of diplomatic to amplify Mr Mikhail Gorbache whose embassy in Aden pro-vided a gathering point for

Soviet official to visit Britain Sir Geoffrey renewed his since September, when rela-invitation to Mr Edward

BY LAURA RAUN IN THE HAGUE

the EEC.

Israel and EEC to hold

ISRAEL and the European Commu-flower exports, which account for I

nity will discuss measures to en per cent of the world market and sure that Israeli exports of flowers \$25m a year to the Netherlands

Mr Ruud Lubbers, the Dutch
Prime Minister and President of
the EEC Council of Ministers, told
The EEC Council of Ministers and President of
the EEC Council of Ministers, told
The European Communi-

talks on Iberian entry

the number of those expelled in September to a total of 205. Britain, which has a much smaller embassy in Moscow faces no such restriction from Mr Ryzhov is the most senior the Soviet authorities.

have reacted angrily to a sugges-

Shevardnadze, his Soviet counterpart, to visit Britain in British Foreign Secretary, yes- tries took a dive as they each counterpart, to visit Britain in terday held talks in London expelled 31 of the other's diplo- March, after the Soviet Com-

> any longer insisting on Soviet SS-20 missiles to match existing British and French nuclear forces. Previously, Moscow has insisted that the British and French forces be added into the European nuclear balance.

tion of countless cultural initiatives and reawakening of the city's apparently dor-mant sense of fun.

EEC ministers reach compromise

Stance agreed on export credit interest rates

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

EEC finance ministers hammered out a common position yesterday on in the currency concerned on fivegovernment-backed export credit year bonds; the proposed range interest rates – out-voting West would be between 0.75 and 1.0 per Germany and the Netherlands to cent for regular currency transac-

The first majority vote of the enlarged Community of 12 – including Spain and Portugal - enabled the should not be damaged by Spain The idea - not a new one - has member states to agree their no and Portugal's accession to the been revived in a report which the Community.

Fishermen's Association commission of Economic benefits over private finance, such Fishermen's Association commis-Israel exports to the EEC signifi- sioned from the Norwegian Busi-Co-operation and Development cant amounts of citrus fruits, veg-ness University in Bergen. (OEČD). etables and cut flowers which com- Mr Hans Haga, head of the Nor-

The compromise on the proposed pete with Spanish products.

Mr Peres was in The Hague for a "distasteful" to try to play one of the three-day visit to discuss Israel's relations with the EEC and the Nethagainst the other. He suggested level of interest rates which state institutions must observe for export credit packages - the so-called Commercial Interest Reference Rate erlands as well as the Middle East that if the fishermen wanted con-(CIRR) - would reduce the prem- OECD meeting. peace process.

Israel made no specific proposals offer something themselves – for to Mr Lubbers, according to a spokesman for Mr Peres. But the Israelessman for Mr Peres. But the Israelessma ium to make such rates more competitive with private finance.

state-financed exports to charge a overrule the US opposition.

premium on top of the yield payable tions, and 0.30 and 0.50 per cent for trade packages financed in Ecus the European currency unit.

An extra limitation would add a as fixed interest rates.

West Germany and the Netherhidden state subsidies to exports.

Bankers resigned to lira defence measures

By Alan Friedman in Milan

SENIOR ITALIAN bankers have put a brave face on the package of measures imposed by the Bank of Italy late last week aimed at defending the lira from speculators in the foreign exchange market.

The measures included tight constraints on bank lending for the next six months, a requirement that exporters deposit in advance 75 per cent of foreign receipts, and higher interest rates on Treasury bonds.

Dr Nerio Nesi, chairman of Dr Nerio Nesi, chairman of Banca Nazionale Del Lavoro (BNL). Italy's largest bank, said "The measures were inevitable if we are to avoid a new realignment in the European Monetary System." He said the consequences for Italian banks would be the Italian banks would be the need to reduce loan advances and to "defend our deposits" against more attractive taxfree government bonds.

He feared there could soon be a general rise in the level be a general rise in the level of Italian interest-rates—the prime rate is now 16 per cent. He also agreed with Dr Mario Monti, a leading economist, who described the package of measures as "a setback in the liberalisation process." Dr Nesi hoped the setback would be "a temperature as the central be "as temporary as the central bank promises."

Dr Lucio Rondelli, managing director of Credito Italiano in Milan, said: "We will certainly need to adjust bank rates, but need to adjust bank rates, but I hope it will only be a matter of fine tuning." He also lamented the setback in the trend toward greater financial deregulation in Italy, but said "the package need not damage the economy." There should still be "sufficient room to finance the groups of the economy."

Businessmen, especially exporters, were less sanguine about the lira defence package. Mr Celso Battison, chairman of the National Exporters' Association collect the proper "a c tion, called the moves "a cold shower for foreign sales." But the Bank of Italy maintained that the new requirement on exporters should speed up pay-ments from abroad.

the growth of the economy in

The six-month credit restric-tions on bank lending come 24 months after the Bank of Italy abolished such constraints after many years. Foreign exchange many years. Foreign exchange speculation grew last November and December, contributing to a rafe of growth in new bank loans for the last two months of 1985 equivalent to an annual level of 40 per cent.

Greek-US move to fight terror

Greece and the US have ag to co-operate more closely in sharing intelligence information and security training, in an The deal still goes too far for backed terrorism, Mr John West Germany and the Nether Whitehead. US Deputy Secre-lands, who fear that it could provide tary of State, said in Athens yesterday, after two days' talks with the Greek Government,

The Community must now hope to raise support for the US antito win the support of other counterrorist effort, in the wake of
tries like Switzerland and Japan, to the December attacks at Rome

West German banks likely to support Baker plan today

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

WEST GERMAN banks are may have been bad tactics to likely to express broad support wait until now before pressing national debt crisis.

Top representatives of about 40 leading banks meeting here are expected to issue a state-

ment backing the scheme in general, although they believe major details need clarifying. Banks in other leading industrial countries—including the US, Britain, Japan. Switzerland and France—have already said they favour the plan, outlined last October by Mr James Baker, US Transpry secretary.

last October by Mr James Danes,
US Treasury secretary.

But only now are the West
German institutes getting together — at the invitation of
the "big three" banks—
Deutsche. Dresdner and Commerzbank—to hammer out a
merzbank—to hammer out a
common view.

Inter-American Development
Bank.

Bankers here say the German
share of the \$20bn would probably be about \$1.5bn—of which
the "big three" banks alone
might put up some DM 1.3bn
(\$530m).

A lot of key details need

German intentions.
Other senior bankers here say

today for the US-sponsored for a joint stand.
"Baker plan" to ease the interIt is understood that while the "big inree bases ago on the broad accord weeks ago on the the "big three" banks were in issue, the position of the Landesbanks and regional banks

has remained in doubt. Under the Baker initiative. commercial banks would put up \$20bn (£14.2bn) in new loans over the next three years for 15 deeply-indebted states. This would be flanked by support from international institutions, including the World Bank and

common view.

This delay was publicly criticised last week by Mr Walter Seipp, chief executive of Commerzbank, who felt it gave rise to foreign criticism and misinterpretation of West

[8530m].

A lot of key details need discussing, however, including the exact share-out of the lending burden among the banks gave rise to foreign criticism and misinterpretation of West

[8530m]. their own special customer Other senior bankers here say countries included among those they have noticed little such debtor-states receiving the new criticism so far, but agree it injection of funds.

Fianna Fail MP resigns to join O'Malley party BY HUGH CARNEGY IN DUBLIN

Irish political party founded after Christmas, received an important boost yesterday when a third MP from the opposition Figure Fall resigned to join it. The move by Mr Pearse Wyse.

a former junior minister from Cork, makes the Progressive Democrats the third largest group in the Dail (Lower House) after Fianna Fail and the coalition Fine Gael and Labour parties.

Like Mr Desmond O'Malley, the former minister who founded and leads the new

THE Progressive Democrats, an Haughey, Fianna Fail's leader. Irish political party founded The other MP is Miss Mary Harney who was expelled from Fianna Fail for supporting the Anglo-Irish agreement on Nor-thern Ireland.

The Progressive Democrats are campaigning on the need for government spending cuts, more private enterprise. looser church-state ties and conciliatory policies on Northern Ireland. They have had an improvement to the progression of the progr pressive initial response, pack-ing a series of public meetings and hope to hold the balance of the former minister who power after the next general founded and leads the new election, due in 1987, by steal-party, Mr Wyse was a long time opponent of Mr Charles Fail and Fine Gael.

Swiss franc forecast to rise by 10% this year by William Dullforce in Geneva

A 10 PER CENT rise in the per cent last year to 1,5-2 per value of the Swiss franc this cent in 1936 is predicted. This

diction that average annual institutes.
inflation rate will decline from Last year just over 3 per cent in 1985 to slightly more than 1 per cent some 1 percentage point lower than those proferred by other Swiss economic forecasting institutes.

Crea's predicted inflation rate also assumes that the national bank will succeed in holding growth in the monetary base to its target of 2 per cent this year. It is likely to be opposed on the same grounds by the US at the OECD meeting.

With the Greek Government, Andriana Jerodiaconon reports.

Mr Whitehead stopped in Athens on a tour of nine capitals to raise support for the US anti-

A decline in the rate of growth of the gross national product from an estimated 4 by other institutes.

yalue of the Swiss franc this cent in 1936 is predicted. This year is assumed in the latest falls roughly on the mean of forecast for Switzerland's other prognoses. Crea's estimeconomy from the Centre for ate that unemployment will remain stable at around 0.9 per (Crea) at Lausanne University. cent of the labour force is also This is the basis for its pre- in line with those of other

Last year Crea predicted a 6 per cent increase in Swiss exports of goods during 1985, from the customs authorities indicate an actual increase of 9.1 per cent, After examining and dismissing the hypotheses that the divergence could be due to an under-estimation of competitive factors or to tech-nological breakthroughs by Swiss export industries, Crea decides that the outcome was due to "a happy accident."

Its econometric model fore-seee a "return to normal" this year, with a 1 per cent growth in exports, which compares with the 4-5 per cent forecast

The election is adding a new dimension to the world's largest videotex service, writes David Marsh

French voters get the message electronically

being distributed to homes and offices around the country.
About 1.3m Minitels are now

in place in France under a FFr 15bn (£1.4bn) programme promoted by the Direction Generale des Telecommunications (DGT), the national telecommunications authority, which aims to boost the number of terminals by 1.3m to 1.4m a year over the rest of the 1.4m a year over the rest of the

The terminals, screens with attached keyboards, costing about FFr 1,100 each, are mainly given away free. The DGT believes that increased telecommunications traffic as well as fees generated from providers of data banks plugged into the system will allow investment costs to be recouped by 1990.

The Teletel project now groups together more than 2.000 different services providing personal and business subscribers with news on everything from exchange rates, and theatre shows to possibilities

FRANCE'S politicians, along with several million of their with several million of their comparitors ranging from corporate treasurers to popular comparitors ranging from corporate treasurers to popular comparitors are learning how to communicate electronically.

The election campaign now picking up steam ahead of polling for the National Assembly on March 16 has added a new dimension to France's burgeoning nations with electronic survived in the world.

The socialists and the Right with a comparison over the minitel provide election information via Minitel electronic centralism of the state controlled televiour of the same—sex. The system is "interactive." a shop window for French whose Telles subsidiary makes

One of the most widely publicated which is that."

One of the most widely publicated which is that."

One of the most widely publicated which is that."

One of the most widely publicated which is that."

One of the most widely publicated as services on Minitel has the country's Transpac switch-independent of the country's Transpac sw

The belligerence that Mr Mitterrand has injected into the Socialist campaign has revealed one of the major weaknesses of the right. They have no single leader to rally around and remain split between Mr Raymond Barre, the former Prime Minister, Mr Chirac and Mr Valery Giscard d'Estaing, the ex-President. The belligerence that Mr

At the same time, some

About half the services have been set up directly by professional bodies for the use of doctors, lawyers or accountants. Job offers, small ads, and games are also displayed over the wires. the wires.
Innovations this month in-

clude a system developed by Radio Tele Luxembourg, 10 allow listeners to vote directly their selection of top hit records and a data bank set up by the Prime Minister's office to provide people with information on their civic rights.

Among the advantages of Teletel is that information is relayed over the Transpac network at a uniform transmission price whatever the distance — making nationwide services a practicable propos-ition. But DGT officials also see uses for the Minitel in developing local contacts — a mayor communicating with his villagers, or a priest telling his parish of a new time for mass.

as 'the system becomes scuring a

carried out to grase trans- have been accomplished.



"Your mother's never off that Minitel — your aunt can't have lefat her pen in the garden again."

mission bottlenecks. Traffic has since risen to 20 per cent above June levels with no problems. The system is now coping with 23m calls per month—each Minitel is used for an average of 87 minutes during this time, at a basic price to the caller of 38.5 centimes per

and is running a cumulative deficit of FFr 2bn. This is expected to rise further in the next few years before falling

The Transpac system became so overtrowded last summer 23m telephone subscribers, in that the DGT stopped distribution of Minitels up to the end of August while work was french videotex-minded will be the stopped of t

Printer: Frankfurter-Societate Druckerei-GmbH, Frankfurt/Main Responsible editor: C.E.P. Smith, Frankfurt/Main. Guiollettstrasse 54, 6000 Frankfurt am Main 1. © The Financial Times Ltd, 1986. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. rates \$365.00 per amum. Second class postage paid at New York, N.Y. and at additional mailing of-Lecs. POSTMASTER: send address changes to FINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 60th Street, New York, N.Y.

Battle lines drawn as poll campaign begins

THE MAIN battle lines in the French election campaign have emrged more clearly after the first weekend in which French politicians took seriously to the hustings, writes David Housego writes David Housego. President François Mitter-

rand has been capitalising on his renewed popularity in the nis renewed popularity in the opinion polls by taking over the leadership of his party's campaign for the March election in a way unprecedented for a President of the 5th Republic. The daily Le Monde characterised this over the weekend with a this over the weekend with a front page headline pro-claiming "The Socialists' slogan: 'Vote Mitterrand'." Mr Mitterrand has also been harking back to the traditional themes of the

Left in a way not heard since

the Government gave first priority to fighting inflation. At a large rally in the Normandy constituency of Mr. Laurent Fabius, the Prime Minister, he contrasted the Bight's platform with the total contrasted. Right's platform with that of the Socialists' as "a pro-gramme of the rich against that of the poor, a programme of the privileged against that of the people, of the privileged against the workers."

The opposition has been taken aback both by the pace at which the Socialists have been regaining ground and by the increased difficulties they are likely to have with Mr Mitterrand should they win a majority in the National Assembly in March and the President stay on at the Elvsee. Mr Jacques Chirac, leader

of the neo-Gailist RPR, warned: "Let Mr Mitterrand take heed: he is running risks. In abandoning his role of head of state for that of head of the Socialist party, he runs the danger of being in great difficulty if his party is beaten in the election."

The two most recent opinion polls both give the Socialist party 30 per cent of the vote compared to 26 per cent in a poll last week. In addition, one of them indicated that the proportion of those showing confidence in the President has climbed 8 points to reach 50 per cent. In terms of National Assembly seats, however, the right - wing parliamentary parties, with 308, would still have an absolute majority of more than 50. The Socialists

appear to be gaining ground against the Communists and against the Communists and the extreme right-wing National Ferror National Front.

ex-President.

opposition spokesmen are emphasising that their programme announced week marks 1 radical break with the Socialists, Others, however, are emphasizing its

OVERSEAS NEWS

Fighting abates in South Yemen civil war

BY KATHLEEN EVANS IN KUWAIT

SOUTH YEMEN'S civil war, in which up to 9,000 may have died, diminished yesterday following reports that peace talks had begun under Soviet auspices between the forces of President Ali Nasser Mohammed and rebel

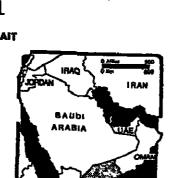
Heavy weapons are being withdrawn from Aden, the capital, and the ceasefire appears to be taking effect. The armed forces are attempting to bring life back to normal said Aden Radio yesterday. The rebels are thought to hold three-quarters of the city, with the president's supporters maintaining their hold on the Crater district said informed observers in the Gulf.

Meantime, the battle of the radios continues. Aden Radio, which two days ago announced the overthrow of the president and return to collective leader-ship, is now gaining credibility in the region as the official radio station of the country. With the numerous statements of support for the rebels it is broadcasting, it is viewed as a symbol of power and control for the opposition forces.

However, such is the shortage of concrete information from Aden that observers base their opinion that the rebels control the radio station on the fact that it appears to have a wide and varied collection of Arab revolutionary songs, such as an official radio station of any Arab Marxist state would maintain.
"This is not a tinpot rebel station broadcasting on the same frequency. The rebels have taken control," said one

Aden Radio yesterday an-nounced that rebel leader and ex-president, Mr Abdul Fattah Ismail, reported several times last week to have been executed, is still alive and leading the fighting—as are all other coup leaders, including Ali Antar, the vice president

President Ali Nasser Moham-



Britain's Defence Minister, Mr John Stanley, yesterday outlined the "encouraging co-operation between British and Soviet forces in the South Yemen evacuation. He compared the link-up to the joint efforts during the Ethiopian famine crisis. "It is very encouraging that despite our political differences, when it comes to

humanitarian rescue or relief operations we can work

together," he said on BBC Radio Four's Today pro-

med, variously reported to be in Ethiopia and the North Yemeni capital of Sanaa, is now thought to have returned to South Yemen to the area of Abyan, a region to the east of

Aden.
The Palestine Liberation Organisation has also offered itself as a mediator, though it is unclear whether the troops dispatched yesterday from Sanaa have been allowed to enter the country.

The Soviet Union is reported to have about 1,000 troops in South Yemen, some in the capital and others stationed on the island of Socotra.

Gandhi appoints three as Cabinet ministers

BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI

MR RAJIV GANDHI, India's New Delhi. A senior Punjab Prime Minister, yesterday policeman said three had appointed three ministers to been no bloodshed as the his Cabinet to replace those switched at the weekend to before the militants entered the senior posts in the ruting room.

Congress I Party.

Indian scientists said yester

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4

of the political organisation. Mr Chandra Shekhar Singh

and Mr P. A. Sangma became Ministers of Petroleum and Labour, respectively, in place of Mr Nawal Kishore Sharma and Mr T. Anjiah, both of whom appointed general secretaries of Congress I, in Mr Gandhi's attempt to revitalise the ailing

The scientists' report made no direct reference to a bomb on board although it supported earlier government findings that explosion probably caused an explosi

● A Pakistani court sentenced three Indian Sikh separatists to death and seven others to life imprisonment for aircraft hijacking, Renter writes from Islamabad. They were members of groups who hijacked Indian

S. Africans plead not guilty to treason

TWENTY-TWO black South African dissidents went on trial yesterday on charges of murder and seeking t otopple the country's white-dominated government by force, Reuter writes from Delmas, South

the charges, which carry a pos-sible death penalty. Relatives and well-wishers crowded into a magistrates' court at Delmas, a sleepy pro-vincial town 40 miles east of —the biggest such case for a quarter century — was moved for security reasons.

munity associations
All face charges of treason
and murder, which can carry
the death penalty, and additional charges of terrorism,
subversion and furthering the
aims of the banned African
National Congress (ANC).
The trial is expected to lact

The trial is expected to last at least a year.
Some of the accused replied nervously when asked to plead.

from polling stations in next month's presidential elections,

hundreds of foreign observers and news correspondents. Congress I Party.

Mr P. Shivshankar was sworn day that a powerful explosion and news correspondents. In the front cargo hold proplace of Mr Rajun Singh who bably caused an Air India jailed for up to six years or has been made vice-president of jumbo to crash off Ireland last Congress I, a job that makes June. Two Sikh groups had of the political organisation.

Officials said they could be jailed for up to six years or deported if they went within 50 metres of any of the 90,000 him virtually the executive head claimed responsibility for plant of the political organisation.

Officials said they could be jailed for up to six years or deported if they went within 50 metres of any of the 90,000 him virtually the executive head claimed responsibility for plant.

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Officials said they could be justed for up to six years or deported if they went within 50 metres of any of the 90,000 him virtually the executive head of the political organisation. President Ferdinand Marcos

campaigning for re-election after 20 years in power, has invited foreign observers to see that voting is "clean, fair and

growing irritation in the pro-government press over the degree of US attention to the election. Several columnists

They pleaded not guilty to

The accused range in age from 21 to 61. Some bave been in prison since September 1984, and all have been refused bail.
They include former top
officials of the United Demoomerals of the Chitet Demo-cratic Front (UDF), the main internal group fighting apartheid, as well as little-known activists from community associations

but Mr Terror Lekota, the UDF publicity secretary, told the court firmly: "I plead not guilty, and I would like to reaffirm that my organisation, the UDF, is committed to non-picture thangs." violent change."

Yesterday's opening session was interrupted when Judge Kwem Vandijkhorst adjourned the trial until today after the state attorney inadvertently revealed the name of his first witness, whose identity he had wanted to keep secret.

The presecuting lawyer, Mr

Flip Jacobs, had asked to have the testimony of a former ANC member heard in private, saying the witness feared attack by radicals if he were identified.

Philippines bans

A Labour Party leader such as Mr Peres than with Mr Yitzhak Shamir, the Foreign Minister and leader of the right-wing Likud bloc, who is to take over as premier in October.

Following the inconclusive outcome of the 1984 elections it was this agreemnet to rotate the leadership of the Government half way through the term Flip Jacobs, had asked to have the testimony of a former ANC member heard in private,

observers from polling stations

PHILIPPINE election officials sterday banned all foreigners including US observers invited to watch for cheating, Reuter reports from Manila. The ban could effect ban could

The ban was announced amid

Peres continues peace talks in The Hague and London

Middle East envoy today or tomorrow to discuss a possible
Middle East peace conference,
Lanza Raun reports from The

Mr Peres told Mr Murphy

MR SHIMON PERES, the that progress is being made on Israeli Prime Minister, probably will continue his talks with Mr Richard Murphy, the US Middle East envoy today or tomorrow to discuss a possible and who would represent the make Soviet representation at sents Israeli interests. The peace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to appear conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace apeace conference on possible apeace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that progress is being made on arranging an Israeli-Arab peace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that the progress is being made on a peace conference more acceptable. "Opening the gates to Jewry" would be more important that the progress is being made on a peace conference apeace conference apeace conference appear that the progress is being made on peace conference appear to a peace conference appear that the progress is being made on peace conference appear that the progress is being made on peace conference appear that the progress is being made on peace conference appear that the progress is being made on peace conference

The meeting in London or terday in The Hague that freer Israeli position in Moscow, The Hague raises speculation emigration of Soviet Jews could where the Netherlands repre-

and who would represent the Palestinian people.

Mr Peres told Mr Murphy during a 21-hour meeting yes—

Dutch were asked to press the

Mr Peres was in The Hague Middle East peace process and Israeli - European Community relations with Mr Ruud Lubbers, the Dutch Prime Minister. Mr Lubbers currently chairs the EEC's Council of Ministers.

UK EDGES INTO PEACE PROCESS

remains very self-deprecating

about its ability to influence

events. It is not an attitude

which is shared in the region.

For example, Mrs Thatcher's

overture last autumn to two

members of the Palestine

Liberation Organisation's

executive committee aroused enthusiastic speculation about

the re-emergence of a more overtly political British role.

opposition to economic sanctions against Libya and her rejection of a cross-border military response to

international terrorism are

also appreciated. There is also much more in common

between the European Venice Declaration on the broad principles of a Middle East settlement and the Arab view

as counciated at the Fez summit than there is common

ground with President Reagan's proposals, which appear to offer less to the Palestinians in their quest for

It is on these areas that Mrs

Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey will probably seek to con-centrate during their talks

with Mr Peres, rather than on

self-determination.

Similarly, Mrs Thatcher's

as part of a diplomatic tour of Europe, which includes efforts to renew US attempts for a

peace conference. Mr Peres met with Mr Lubbers for 11 hours yesterday to discuss peace efforts, anti-terrorism, Soviet Jewry and bilateral issues including Israeli agricultural exports, re-Mr Murphy was in The Hague search and delevopment co-oper-ation and Third World aid.

Until there are signs of move-

ment on more fundamental

issues, the British Govern-

ment fears that the chances

of any international confer-

ence making progress are

Mrs Thatcher will be par-

Mrs Thateher will be particularly keen to hear if Mr Peres has further proposals for easing the daily conditions of the Palestinian people living under occupation on the West Bank and Gaza. This, the British Government believes, would contribute to "the period of sustained calm" advocated by Sir Geoffrey when also warning moderate Palestinians that extremist terrorism was robbing them of their

But there will also be plenty of encouragement for Mr Peres in London. His ad-ministration is viewed as be-ing far preferable to the one

that threatens to follow it this

autumn. If Mr Peres was to

win the next election and

construct a workable coalition, the British might yet be tempted to take a few

more chances for the cause of peace.

jobs if it is to be able to attract

immigrants, which is the raison d'etre of Zionism.

The number of bankruptcies

and companies in urgent need of

state support to stay affoat are

Roger Matthews

robbing them of credibility.

extremely slim.

David Lennon in Tel Aviv considers the Labour Party leader's aims and achievements

Israeli Premier tries for his fourth goal

FOR AN up-to-date assessment

of Arab thinking on Middle

East peace prospects there is

probably no better place for

Peres to be than London,

where he arrives today. Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Secretary, spent the first half of last week talking at length with three Gulf rulers, including King Fahd of Sandi Arabia, and then on Fahdan territory.

israeli Prime Minister Shimon

WINNING only a two-year term as Israel's Prime Minister, rather than the more usual four years, appears to have concentrated the mind of Mr Shimon Peres on an unswerving drive to attain four specific

 Withdrawing the troops from Lebanon; Stabilising the economy;

 Seeking peace negotiations with Jordan. With substantial progress already achieved on the first three issues. Mr Peres says he now intends to devote "all my efforts" in the remaining nine

months in office to the fourth goal, "to get the peace process moving with Jordan."

The presence of Jordan's King Hussein in London and the arrival in Britain this the arrival in Britain this

the arrival in Britain this evening of the Israeli leader, with the renewed mediation efforts by Mr Richard Murphy, President Reagan's special envoy, have fuelled the hopes that Mr Peres' target may be within reach within reach. The Jordanian monarch has made it clear that he believes

time is working against a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian issue. That view stems from the belief that it will be easier to negotiate the future of the West Bank with a Labour Party leader such as

ment half way through the term of the Parliament (Knesset) which enabled the two main parties to share power in a national unity government.

Serving first, Mr Peres came to power at a time when Israeli soldiers were still deep inside Lebanon and suffering daily attacks; when inflation was raging at over 400 per cent annually; and relations with annually; and relations with later this year, despite the Egypt were at their lowest point pressure from within the since the signing of the 1979 Labour Party to generate a peace treaty.

He had to tackle these collapse of the coalition.

The bloody and painful involvement in Lebanon has ended.

The second target set by Mr calmer now." one housewife explained with a sigh of relief.

The second target set by Mr calmer now." one housewife explained with a sigh of relief.

Unemployment has risen to

setting out to rectify. And the new premier had to do this without offending his opponents-turned-coalition-partners.

The degree to which he has succeeded in attaining the first three of his goals can be con-tested. Some fear that the achievements may be only tem-porary. But even his strongest critics grudgingly admit that Israel is a changed country since Mr Peres took power.

In the course of the past 15 five goals of his economic policy are price stability, continued improvement in the balance of payments deficit, creating condi-



Mrs Thatcher (below) is well-briefed on Arab views for her meeting with Mr Peres



devious, unscrupulous, tricky

politician to that of a talented and patient leader with a stature which is verging on the

the long wait which the youth-ful technocrat had to suffer

before finally achieving power will fuel his desire to maintain

this changed public perception. This lends credence to his oft-

repeated declarations that he

does indeed intend to honour the rotation agreement and

over power to Mr Shamir

There can be little doubt that

statesmanlike.

Friday, together with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, saw King Hussein of Jordan. A large part of those conversations were taken up by an exchange of ideas on the future of King Hussein's efforts to nudge representative Palestinians towards the

negotiating table and the framework through which this would be best achieved. With Mr Richard Murphy. the US assistant Secretary the US assistant secretary of State, also in Europe and in contact with Mr Peres and King Hussein, there is sufficient diplomatic activity to arouse modest hopes of a new impetus that might help to offset the damage caused by recent terrorist outrages.

However, despite its long association with the Middle East, the British Government

It also makes good sense to honour this pact, because he will

still be in a position to topple the coalition at any time during

dependent on Labour partici-pation in government as Labour

That there are still Israeli

overseas, but as far as the

Israeli population is concerned

the bloody and painful involve-

the format for an inter-national peace conference. been achieved as far as the 7.5 per cent. While low by general public is concerned.

After 445 per cent inflation in sidered high in a country which 1984, prices rose only 14 per believes that it must provide

the following two years, when cent is the Likud bloc will be as 1985. cent in the last five months of Even though this has been accompanied by a massive 30 per cent erosion in wages, most people appear pleased with the as dependent on the Likud relative price stability, brought troops in southern Lebanon may be a source of criticism about by statutory wages and prices controls.

"The frantic urge to rush out and buy things because of the fear that prices would rise

at an all-time high. "They are killing inflation," says one Tel Aviv businessmen, "but the economy is in a real slump." Despite this complaint, he adds, "while Peres is not a charismatic man, he knows how to govern. There is a feeling, that the country is in better hands, more sober hands, that somebody is handling the busi-

On Egypt, Mr Peres's dogged

With this record of achievement, it would be foolbardy to dismiss the prospects of Mr Peres getting at least a start While some business taxes to negotiations on the Paleare to be cut, the Treasury stinian issue. That could open up the prospects for new elec-tions in Israel, which might give the Labour Party leader a chance to win a full four-year

Rudget seeks further cut in inflation

ISRAEL'S budget for 1986-87, which was tabled in the Parliament (Knesset) yesterday, aims at capitalising on the dramatic reduction in inflation achieved in the last five months, and containing it to a level of 1 to 2 per cent a month, David Lennon

Mr Yitzhak

balanced growth, increasing productivity and encouraging savings.

The 30.3bn New Shekel budget (\$21.5bn) is 4 to 5 per cent lower than the budget for the current year, according to Treasury officials. Defence and debt servicing again account for more than 50 per cent of the

Social services, health, wel-fare and education will all from direct taxes should rise 4 suffer cuts in the new budget. per cent, while revenue from The prices of subsidised basic indirect taxes falls 2.5 per cent,

commodities and transport are also due to rise substantially. Monetary policy for the coming fiscal year aims at eas-ing credit controls and making ssible reductions in the real interest rate. This is currently

at about 50 per cent per foresees a 3 per cent growth in tax revenue next year. Income

suaded his Likud colleagues to accept a formula for resolving the dispute over the Taba enclave in the Sinat which could lead to a genuine improve-ment in relations with Cairo.



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US airline to cut 1,000 jobs as labour talks fail

EASTERN AIRLINES, the beleaguered Miami-based carrier, moved into open confrontation with one of its trade unions yesterday when it announced draconian cost-cutting measures amongst its 7,200 cabin staff.

The move, outlined shortly

The company has been look
The contracts, under the protection of the courts.

days per month.

Eastern's statement followed shortly after the ending of a 30-day "cooling-off" period during which the company and last month and is facing a the flight attendants' union are newed price war in the US, attempted to reach a wage was underlined at the week-end agreement with the help of the National Mediation Board.

Because the talks ended unsuccessfully, both the company and the union had the "perilous."

amongst its 7,200 cabin staff.

The move, outlined shortly after the conclusion of unsuccessful labour mediation talks, includes about 1,000 job cuts, salary reductions of 20 per cent for the remaining flight attendants, and work rule changes that will require attendants to work additional hours and more days per month.

beginning of March.

The company has been looking for cost reductions from all three main unions as it is three main unions as it is existenced that the procession of relaxed terms on about \$2.5br- (£1.74bn) worth of debt, Eastern has to show concessions from the purious by

Mr Wallace also hinted that

the company's lenders may take unilateral action, saying that they were preparing to take steps which he could not reveal. Following its fourth quarter figures last week, which showed a \$67.4m loss, Eastern announced that it was deferring payment on its preferred divi-

Mr Frank Borman, chairman, blamed the company's difficulties on fare-discounting and "relentless expansion in key eastern markets by carriers with significantly lower operat-

Discounting takes its toll

IS IS good news for airline passengers on the eastern sea-board that tickets for the busy New York-to-Washington route can now be bought for as little as \$19 (£13.20).

as \$19 (£13.20).

But it is bad news for such major operators as Eastern Airlines which, because of rampant airline ticket discounting, sees itself faced with a strike by flight attendants and has countered by threatening layoffs and substantial cuts in wages for members of its Transport Workers' Union.

port Workers' Union.
Another less serious effect is that airport taxi fares now are often the biggest single cost item in any short-haul air

raveller's budget.

People Express, the rapidly growing cutprice US airline, recently introduced the \$19 in New York said \$72 was its fare between Newark, just cheapest one-way fare between across from Manhattan and Washington's Dulles Airport.

Since Pulles is \$6 miles outride. Since Dulles is 26 miles outside a distance of 400 miles — the Washington, most people still cheapest ticket costs the equiva-Washington, most people still cheapest ticked prefer to fly to Washington's lent of \$142.

National Airport which is close

The 650 miles to the city centre. Even so, the cheapest one

way airfare between New York and Washington-National is only \$39, little more than the cab fare from Manhattan to

William Hall reports from New York on the consequences for heavy cuts in

British Airways' cheapest oneway fare is the equivalent of \$101. While the \$19 People Express fare is designed to generate traffic on a new route and will probably be substanti-ally raised in time, US air fares have recently sunk to

ticket prices

The 650 miles flight between

New York and Cincinnati can cost as little as \$29 and the 1,600 mile New York to Houston trip costs a minimum \$59, latter significantly on troubled Eastern Airlines.

current price war with some obvious loss leaders such as its San Francisco-to-Brussels single

San Francisco-to-Brissels single fare of \$99. But virtually all competitors in the US are cutting fares. The Air Transport Associa-tion (ATA) says that in the first 11 months of 1985 86.9 per cent of all passengers were travelling on discounted fares, with the average discount fare being over 40 per cent.

Winter is traditionally slow

Winter is traditionally slow for the US airlines, and there is nothing new about the timing of the current price war. Some analysts argue that since the deregulation of the US airline industry in the late 1970s, the major carriers have learned to live with the periodic fare to live with the periodic fare

Airline managements have Arrine managements have become more sophisticated in managing load factors. The ATA says that in spite of the recent price cuts the average fare was only down 6.6 per cent in the first 11 months of 1985 and for much of last year the indusfor much of last year the indus-try's load factor was higher. The drop in oil prices has also helped most carriers.

. However, while deregulation continues to be a boon to the consumer there is growing conroute is about the same distress more than 1m passengers a could signal another wave of ance as London-Paris on which month, has spearheaded the bankruptcies.

Brazil and creditors aim for March deal

BRAZIL and its leading bank creditors have set a deadline of the middle of March for npletion of negotiations on a package to restructure debt falling due in 1985 and 1986.

The package is expected to be an interim arrangement that could be fused into a fullscale multi-year rescheduling agreement once the banks have had more chance to evaluate the country's economic performance.

It is expected to involve a seven year rescheduling of debt which fell due in 1985 and a one year extension till March 1987 of some \$50n (£5.6bn) in 1986 maturities and \$16bn in short term loan

In talks which were adjourned ever the weekend Mr Fernao Bracher, Brazil central bank governer, and the Citibank-led group of leading lenders reached outline agreement on the package. Bankers stressed yesterday, however, that much negotiation on specific points tiation on specific points remains to be done. The two sides are due to

meet again next week. Meanwhile a telex sem yesterday to all bank creditors said that interim creditors said that interim arrangements would be insti-tuted for handling debt falling due between now and March 15. Creditors were also asked to maintain short term loan commitments at their present levels.

The restructuring package

will basically give Brazil a one-year breathing space on its debt problems and obviate the need for it to seek International Monetary Fund assistance ahead of congressional elections due in November.

Brazil has refused to seek a formal IMF programme and creditor banks remain acutely worried by the recent sharp acceleration of infla-

Some bankers are also worried that even a watereddown rescheduling such as is now contemplated might prove hard to sell to smaller creditors amid continuing rancour over the Government's refusal to stand fully

Martin Luther King's work remains unfinished, reports Reginald Dale

Blacks await economic breakthrough

MOST PUBLIC holidays in the US are devoted to consumption. They tend to be the occasion either for "pigging out" with food and drink or for a shopping spree at one of the almost constant "rates" that folial one constant "sales" that fulfil one of the nation's main recreational needs. Yesterday was different.

For the first time, the nation, or at least some of it, officially stopped work to honour the Rev Martin Luther King, the first black man to be dignified with such status, alongside Washington, Lincoln and Christopher Columbus ton, Linco Columbus,

Under a law passed in 1983.
the third Monday in January is
hence-forth a federal holiday
for reflection "on the principles
of racial equality and nonviolent social change " that Dr
King espoused until his assassination on a Memphis motel
balcony on April 4 1968.

It took his supporters nearly

It took his supporters nearly 16 years to persuade Congress to recognise his birthday—he would have been 57 on January 15—as the 10th national holiday. (The last time the list was extended was in 1941 when was extended was in 1941 when Thanksgiving Day was accorded official status, and the under-standing how is that 10 is enough.)

The week-long celebrations that culminated yesterday with speeches, services, prayers and parades were marked by a few disgruntled rumblings from white supremacists.

Eighteen states did not recognise the holiday, fewer than 20 per cent of private sector employees had the day off, and, by a strange twist of fate, some southern states combined the celebration with remembrance celebration with remembrance of Robert E. Lee, the Confederate comander-in-chief of the American civil war of the 1860s, whose birthday happens to fall on January 19. Virginda threw in another legendary southern hero, of the same war, Stonewall Jackson, to make it Lee-Jackson-King day.

By and large, however, the

RE-WATE GUILLY SAN Vice President George Bush and Coretta Scott King place a

moment to pause and take stock of their progress in the 20 years since great civil rights battles of the 1960s, learn about their heritage and, as Dr King's son puts it, "recommit" themselves. The general conclusion has been that while considerable strides have been made, they

are not enough. Dr Linda Williams, an analyst at a Washington think tank that specialises in black issues, is fairly typical in pointing out that black partici-Selma, Montgomery and BirSelma, Montgomery and Birmingham, Alabama, across the
world's headlines as symbols of
protest and defiance.

What is still missing, she

But the demand for ges
seconomic rights " is not taking to
the form of the radical "civil over
rights" protests of the 1960s,
even if Dr King is revered as so.

former political opponents of "economic rights"—the jobs, the holdday, including President Ronald Reagan, have been enthusiastically joining the bandwagon

For blacks, it has provided a moment to pause and take stock of their progress in the 20 years of their progress in the 20 years whites.

The number of black families living below the official poverty line has risen from 32 per cent in 1980 to 42 per cent today, according to Mr William Gray, the black Congressman from Pennsylvania who chairs the House budget committee. Half of black children live with a single parent in the so-called female-headed households that are typically also often the porest The median income of poorest. The median income of black families, at 56 per cent of whites, has hardly changed in 20 years.

the most inspirational leader in black American history. The 1984 Presidential candidacy for the Rev Jesse Jackson did not achieve the breakthrough that many blacks and hoped for, but it symbolised determination to work through the political pro-ces, rather than against it Mr Reagan, who in recent

days has virtually co-opted Dr King as a fellow-believer in the "promise and opportunity" of America, believes that economic America, believes that economic growth is the answer and that it has been working. It is true that his standing among blacks in recent opinion polls, though down from last year, is higher than it used to be.

Only 11 per cent of blacks voted for Mr Reagan in 1984, but last week 23 per cent said that they approved of his handing of the presidency. That was probably for much the same reasons given by most

same reasons given by most other Americans—continued economic recovery and the recent apparent thaw in US-Soviet relations.

Although the Administration is now considering weakening government "affirmative government. "affirmative action" guidelines designed to promote black jobs and busi-nesses, there have been few controversial racial issues in the past year.

Nevertheless nearly two out of three blacks disapproved of Mr Reagan's performance in the White House in the latest poll, half said his economic policies had held blacks back and 56 per cent said that they "think of Ronald Reagan as a racist"

That last figure should be seen against other responses in which over 80 per cent of blacks said that there was either a "great deal" or a "fair amount" of anti-black prejudice Yesterday's observance of the King holiday was meant to be a gesture of national reassurance to the black community (now over 12 per cent of the popula-tion) that it is not necessarily

Haiti protests reach capital

THE PROTESTS against the demanding a "new Haiti." The dictatorship of Mr Jean Claud demonstration in the capital Duvalier President for life of coincided with another in he Halti, have reached Port Au city of Conaives to the north Prince the capital for the first where most of the protests time since they started in have been taking place.

November, writes Canute James in Kington.

The Original State Halti. The Collection Have stepped up their attacks company to in strategic targets in El bydro-electric that sabotage to the demonstration. Salvador with the onset of the that sabotage to company to in strategic targets in El bydro-electric dry season. Over the past two caused blacks weeks they have concentrated their attachts of the that sabotage to company to in the capital for the first where most of the north principle of the protests that sabotage the demonstration of the past two caused blacks of the protest that sabotage to company to in the capital for the first where most of the protests that sabotage to company to in the capital for the first where most of the protests that sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the protest that sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to company to in the capital have stepped up their attacks of the sabotage to c

Work in emerging areas should expand trade opportunities, Peter Marsh writes

FMLN steps up attacks

The police mounted road who were mostly young.

power supplies with devastating precarious power system blocks around the presidential. The Government has not effect, our Foreign Staff writes, been accompanied by palace on Saturday and aborted publicly acknowledged that the a march by 3,000 women protests have been taking place to power supplies through main road networks.

Officials of the Lempa River hydro-electric commission said that sabotage to power lines caused blackouts in 12 out of

precarious power system have been accompanied by a new effort to dominate the country's

WORLD TRADE NEWS

French trade surplus with US for first time in 35 years

BY DAVID MARSH IN PARIS

FRANCE RECORDED a trade surplus with the US for the first time in at least 35 years, although its trade performance with other big industrialised countries deteriorated.

Announcing details yesterday of France's overall trade figures for 1985, Mme Edith Cresson, Trade and Industry Minister, also said she believed France's economic relations with the Soviet Union were starting to improve after several years of disappointingly low export

Mme Cresson has just returned from a meeting in Moscow of the joint Franco-Soviet commission during which a FFr 11.5bn (£958m) Soviet group Usinor was signed.

The climate during the meeting was "very modified" ing was "very modified" compared with previous talks, bolding out hopes that Moscow's "lack of will" over providing France with large

(on a freight on board basis) at FFr 24bn against FFr 24.7bn in 1984. Mme Cresson said France's performance last year suffered partly because of an upsurge in imports of capital The capital goods surplus

fell to FFr 26.8bn in 1985 from FFr 36.3bn in 1984 because of chases by French induspurchases by French indus-trialists gearing up for economic recovery, she claimed. Additionally, the surplus on sales abroad of Airbuses, ships and oil platforms fell by FFr 10bn compared with 1984. On a country-by-country basis, France registered a surplus with the US of FFr 2.1bn against a deficit of FFr 4bn in

However, the deficit with the other nine members of the EEC widened to FFr 81.5bn from FFr 56.8bn. shortfall increased to FFr 28.6bn from FFr 27.8bn although the proportion of French exports covering imports

capital goods contracts could be changing, she said,

On the trade statistics,

which showed France's deficit and the Netherlands fell slightly with the rest of the world but increased with Italy. Bel-practically unchanged last year gium/Luxembourg and Japan.

EEC 'taking hard line on Saudi chemicals'

THIS YEAR'S reimposition of tariffs on Saudi Arabian petrochemicals represents a new hard line stance by the EEC, says the head of the Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (Sabic).

Mr Ibrahim Salamah, manag-ing director of Sabic, said "these tariffs come as a total surprise to Sabic in that they represent a major shift in EEC policles towards imports of GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council)

petrochemicals. EEC tariffs, first introduced in 1985, are applied on a calendar-year basis. Tariffs on Saudi linear low-density poly-ethylene (LLDPE) high-density polyethylene and methanol were reimposed this year on January 6, 9 and 13 respectively.

Mr Salamah said "it is alarming to note that last year, the EEC waited seven months to impose tariffs on these products under the Generalised System of Preferences (GSP), while this year it took the EEC Commission only five working days to impose duties on LLDPE."

"These new developments clearly indicate that the continuous protectionist sentiments and policies of the EEC against Saudi Arabia's growing petrochomicals induction against saudi Arabia's growing petrochemicals industry still prevail, even though the kingdom continues with its liberal free-trade attitude towards EEC exports," Mr Salamah added.

• Dr Hans Albers, president of the German chemical industry association (VCI), referred the German chemical industry association (VCI), rejected that EEC tariffs represented protectionism. Polyethylene tariffs had been reimposed according to the rules of the system, he said, "The reintroduction of the tariff, along with the withdrawal of preferential treatment cannot be described as protectionism, especially since similar tariffs apply in the US."

Commission, Japan to improve consultation

The European Commission and Japan yesterday agreed to strengthen bilateral consultation between the two sides, an EEC delegation spokesman said. Reuter reports from Tokyo.

The EEC Commission and the Japanese Government will

Space industry set for steady growth satellites and by work in emerg-ing areas such as earth-mapping

and low-gravity materials processing.
In addition, moves by governments to deregulate space actiments to deregulate space activities, for instance by opening fixed point) at the rate of more
up telecommunications markets,
and to organise large, co-operaOf this annual tally of satelup telecommunications markets, and to organise large, co-operative ventures, such as the inter-national space station planned for the 1990s, should expand trade opportunities.

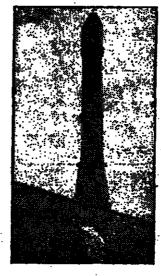
These are among the conclusions of a report from the sions of a report from the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) on the world's space industry. The document says that in telecommunications satellites alone, the trafficarrying capacity of spacecraft in orbit is doubling every four years.

THE WORLD'S space industry industry worldwide is due to looks set for a period of steady spend \$16.5hn on telecommuni-growth, fuelled by an increased cations satellites, including demand for telecommunications. launch costs and earth stations According to the report, the Western world will launch satellites into the geostationary orbit (the ring 36,000 km above the earth from which space

> lites, roughly eight will be for US telecommunications corpora-tions, four for international bodies such as Intelsat (which is responsible for international telephone calls) and 11 for countries or companies outside

In remote sensing, in which

pictures or radar images are taken of the Earth by orbiting satellites, the US is the only country to provide a service. Eosat, a consortium of Hughes and RCA, is selling images from non-military telecommunication the Landsat series of space-satellites carried 1,130 trans-mitting and receiving trans-



market for obtaining images of the earth from satellites is expected to reach \$1bn by 1990, according to the OECD, departments Government dominate spending on space activities.: In 1983, investment by Western governments in

industry which in 1983 had combined annual sales of \$7.5bn, \$5.9bn of which was due to US companies. contracts is slowly changing, according to the report, as pri-vate companies start to fund space developments themselves. in Europe, for instance, Ariane-space, a company based near Paris which has a mixture of public and private shareholders,

the Ariane rocket.

In the US, several companies are taking over from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (Nasa) activities and the several companies are taking over from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (Nasa) activities rockets. ties related to the space shuttle

ties related to the space shuttle fleet.

For instance, Astrotech has a contract from Nasa to prepare satellites and other payloads for flight inside the shuttles, while companies such as 10 a year between 1987 and McDonnell Douglas sell the small rockets needed to boost ratellites from the low orbits reached by the vehicles to higher positions above the earth.

Despite space technology's direct-broadcast TV craft. As a sign of the uncertainty recent forecasts from Nasa predict that commercial communications satellites will be launched at the rate of about 1989, which is roughly half the rate projected by the OECD report.

The Space Industry—Trade Related Issues. OECD 2 Rue Andre Pascal, 75775 Paris

This government investment by no means assured. Doubts exist over the long-term value of experiments on space platforms to turn out materials in low gravity. As a result of the uncertainties, says the report, private companies are reluctant to fund their own research in this area and the lion's share of the costs will continue to be

botne by governments.

Even in the established area of communications satellites. plans for launches could be thrown into disarray by factors such as increased competition from terrestrial communications systems based on fibre optics and by market factors. for instance the lower than expected demand in the US for

Lloyds Bank in loan pact for Egypt refinery parts

EGYPT'S ENGINEERING for the Petroleum and Process components for the £140m Industries (ENPPI) and Lloyds Assult refinery are understood Bank International of the UK to have absorbed the difference have signed a £8.2m loan in premium agreement to finance British categories. supplied components for an oil ENPPI refinery at Assult in Upper November Egypt. Assult Oil Refining financing ag company, set up to run the refinery, is also party to the agreement. expected
The credit backed by mid-1987.

Britain's Export Credits Guar-C to highest risk category D

classification for new business.

British companies supplying in premium cost between the

ENPPI and Lloyds last November signed a £20m financing agreement for Italian suppliers to the Assuit project, the first phase of which is expected to be completed in

The second phase is planned antee Department is less than for completion in 1990 and will half that originally requested double capacity. Bechtel Inter-by ENPPI for the Assuit national is the project manager. roject.

It is unclear why ENPPI
Agreement was delayed scaled down its original demand because of wrangling over the for ECGD-backed funds, but it terms of the loan following the may have arranged for some ECGD's decision in mid-1985 supplies from elsewhere. to move Egypt from category Japanese companies were Japanese companies were strong competitors when ENPPI considered bids for the supply thereby increasing the cost of of components and technology for the Assuit project.

satellites carried 1,130 transmitting and receiving devices for radio signals (transponders). This figure, 10 times the number for 1972, is expected to increase to 2,500 by 1990, mote-sensing satellites over the most few years. The total world Machine tool orders fall

the US.

sharply in Italian market BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

ITALIAN machine-tool manuincreased their share of the facturers are worried about a Italian car market by just over serious drop in home orders 3 per cent last year. But the during the last quarter of 1985 domestic car producers, led by and say that despite a buoyant the Flat group, retained almost expert performance, the outlook at the cent of the last granter. export performance, the outlook for this year is not encouraging. Home orders fell by 29.7 per domestic producers enjoy in cent in the three months to last Other European countries.

December 31, although foreign

Through new models and orders grew by 37.8 per cent in the same period.

For the whole of last year, domestic orders were down by 7.8 per cent and export orders up 37.1 per cent, according to Ucimu, the maniacturers' association.

Preliminary estimates showed that total machine tool sales last year were L2,020bn (£857m) up 15.4 per cent in nominal terms

hold two meetings a year, one James Buxton adds from Rome: imports from Japa of them at Ministerial level. Foreign car manufacturers limited by treaty. James Buxton adds from Rome: imports from Japan are strictly

60 per cent of the local market a far higher proportion than Through new models and

aggressive marketing, Renault and Volkswagen increased their market shares—the Renault 5 and the Volkswagen Golf are the third and fourth best-selling cars in the country, after the Fiat Uno and the Fiat Panda. Renault's market share went up from 8.95 per cent in 1984 to 10 per cent last year, while Volkswagen's share went up from 4.83 per cent to 7.4 per

on an inflation-adjusted basis home sales were almost static cent in 1985 to 1,748,868 cars last year, while exports were and imports took 40.1 per cent, up by 13.2 per cent in real terms (19.4 per cent real terms (19.4 per cent real terms (19.4 per cent real terms (19.5 per ce terms (19.4 per cent nominal) Japanese manufacturers sold to L1,170bn.

Japanese manufacturers sold only 2,420 vehicles, since car

Danish shipping company faces new competitor

space projects totalled \$16.7bn.

DFDS, the Danish shipping com-pany which has long been market leader in North Sea trade between the UK and north-west Europe, will face a tough new competitor from

March 1 A subsidary of the Danish A. P. Maller group's London company, The Maersk Com-pany, is then to start a roll-on pany, is then to start a roll-on roll-off operation between the Danish west coast port of Esbjerg and Great Yarmouth. The route will be operated by The Maersk Company's Norfolk Line, using a Dutch flag vessel, Duke of Flanders. Norfolk Line has obtained a contract with ESC-Fond, the contract with ESS-Food, the Danish bacon export association, to transport bacon across the North Sea, which is regarded here as a feather in

Norfolk Line's cap. DFDS operates 15 ships out

Bechtel to join Algeciras Bay development study

THE DEVELOPMENT of the Government, who claims that deep water bay of Algeciras, Algeciras is poised to become which is being promoted as a potential Southern European super-port, is to be the object of a six-month feasibility study by Bechtel of the US and Citi-facilities suggest that it could by Secnter of the US and Cib-hank Espana, according to a contract to be signed today between the regional govern-ment of Andalucia and the two

US groups,
The brief for the study transcends the existing and future port facilities of Algedras, which is already Spain's major container port. It will also examine the viability of the bay area as a centre for food processing and other industries as well as its growth in the tourism sector.

key growth zone at the entrance to the Mediterranean include Mr George Moore, the former DFDS operates 15 ships out of Esbjerg, Gotenberg and Hamburg to five UK east coast ports.

A. P. Møller is best known for its strong position in world liner trade.

Mr George Moore, the former chairman of Citibank-Citicorp, who has long been associated with economic development in southern Spain and Mr Jose Rodriguez de la Borbolia, chief minister in the Andalucia entry into the Common Market.

THE DEVELOPMENT of the Government, who claims that

The strategic location of Algeciras and its deep-water facilities suggest that it could develop into a unique transfer zone for shipping between the Mediterranean and the Atlantic. The feasibility study marks the first injustive of its kind by a US hank and a construction and engineering company, to undertake a development project in Andalucia.

In another development, Northrop, the US aircraft manufacturer, held talks in Seville with regional government offi-cials concerning investment in the Algeciras area.

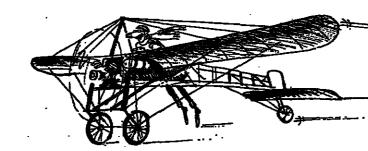
The American company is obliged to undertake initiatives in Spain under the terms of a major combat aircraft contract

Congratulations (some a soupçon belated) to:



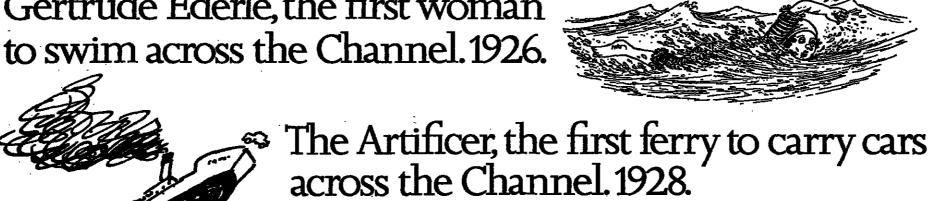
Dr. John Jeffries and Jean-Pierre Blanchard, the first men to cross the Channel by balloon. 1785.

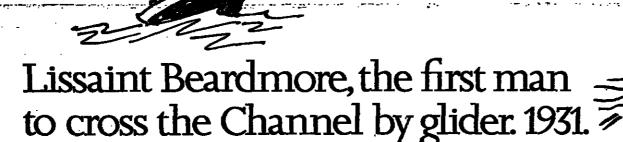
Capt. Matthew Webb, the first man to cross the Channel by swimming. 1875.



Louis Blériot, the first man to cross the Channel by aeroplane. 1909.

Gertrude Ederle, the first woman







Fred Baldasare, the first man to swim across the Channel underwater. 1962. ביליב א

Dieter Zeigler, the first man to fly a model helicopter across the Channel. 1974.

The Channel Tunnel Group Ltd and France Manche SA, chosen to be the first people to cross the Channel underground. 1986. NatWest, a founder shareholder, is happy to have contributed its project financing expertise to this major development.

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Adjusted output figures show higher growth

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

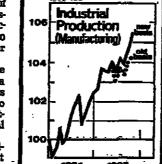
THE Government yesterday pre-sented a more optimistic picture of the latest trends in Britain's industrial production after the introduc-tion of substantial adjustments to the most recent official figures for manufacturing output.

The Central Statistical Office (CSO) said that it had introduced a system of "bias corrections" to its system of bias corrections to us index of manufacturing output to counter what it said was a persistent under-recording in its initial

The CSO said that it was now adjusting the figures to take account of the trend of revisions over recent years and to include information available from the Confederation of British Industry's (CBI) industrial lier. The old series of figures would trends survey. It has also improved the sample on which it bases the latest three-month period and an investor of 25 can out an above the sample on which it bases the

The effect of the changes has year. been to add between 0.2 and 1.1 Government statisticians believe points to the index of manufacturing output in each of the six months
to November, with the largest increase coming in the latest month.

The adjusted figures show mamfacturing output rising by 1 per cent
in the drawn manufacturing by 1 per cent
The estimate for the latest month
is the drawn manufacturing output. in the three months to November is based on data covering only 40



an increase of 2.5 per cent on the

compared with the previous three per cent of output and has frequent 1985 perion months, to stand 3 per cent higher by been subject to revision as much the coal s than in the same period a year ear as a year later. The timing of the

change is, none the less, likely to cause controversy as trends in man-ufacturing output have been at the centre of recent debate on the Government's economic strategy.

provide ammunition for the CBI in its case that a significant proportion of the increases in average earnings in manufacturing industry are being justified by higher productivity.

figures the pace of growth in unit labour costs fell to 4.5 per cent in the three months to November compared with a year earlier, down from an annual rate of over 6 per cent in the summer months. Yesterday's figures also show rel-

atively buoyant growth in the wider index of industrial production, reflecting higher North Sea oil production and the bounceback in coal production since the end of the miners' strike as well as the improved

Industrial output in the three months to November was 6% per cent higher than in the comparable 1985 period. After adjustment for

Kinnock praises **Japanese** example

BRITAIN has much to learn from the Japanese approach to industry Mr Neil Kinnock the Labour leader argued yesterday.

In an address to the Industrial Society in London Mr Kirinöck looked at industrial solutions overseas. He noted a contrast between the view that the answer for the community of labour costs and em-On the basis of the new output ployment possibilities lay in the strategy of cutting costs by lower-ing wages as in the US, and the one operated by the Japanese of reducng costs by intproving production.

Mr Kinnock said he did not believe that Britain could take cuttings from the Japanese system transplant them in the UK, nourish them with support from a British minister of international trade and industry and sit back and watch a new industrial garden grow.

He added, however. "If we are to move out of present economic em-ployment and capital market condiions, and we most certainly must – it is better for us to move towards the stable Japanese direction than the coal strike the rise was about 3 to slip towards the fragile American per cent.

TNT seeks further newspaper contracts

BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

(TNI), the Australian-owned trans- newspaper titles will be announced port company that distributed a fourth section of The Sunday Times at the weekend, is now poised to Times distribution had gone ahead take more national newspaper

Mr Alan Jones, TNT (UK) gen-eral manager, said yesterday that the group now had a distribution package tailored for national news-reners that was quicker, cheaper and more efficient than the rail and road system which all national

ewspapers use. He said the company had dis-ussed national distribution with a

The London Post, which has been tomorrow at the general council of scheduled to start publishing in March, would be printed at News International's new plant at Wapning in London Docklands. The Sünday Tindes föterili section was printed at Wapping.

The National Graphical Association and Sogat 22 print unions have threatered industrial action over contacts with the Union of Demo-

THOMAS Nationwide Transport bers at News International's four

over the weekend in spite of a request from Mr Bill Morris, deputy general secretary of the Transport and General Workers' Union (TGWU), not to handle the work because of protests from Sogat 82, which normally handles all national

newspaper distribution. He said: "In spite of our very good relations with the TGWU, I was forced to say no because we were

under contract."

Mr Ron Todd, the TGWU general secretary, said yesterday. "The TGWU has made it clear that it is inder contract.

In the triangle of the than Mr Rupert Murdoch's News International, which owns The Sunday Times.

It had also made a feasibility study on the distribution of News International's proposed new daily, London Pest — although there are now deubts over whether or not the property till appear.

The London Post, which has been tomorrow at the general council of

threatened industrial action over contacts with the Union of Demo-the transfer of titles to Wapping.

The result of ballots of their mem-

IT'S NOT IUST GENIUS

"I am delighted, for the eighth successive time, to be able to announce a significantly improved performance for Guinness PLC.

Profits for the year ended 30th September 1985 are a record £86.1m: an increase of 22% over the previous year.

We've achieved this partly thanks to even greater popularity of our most famous brand. The most distinctive beer there is.

In the UK alone, sales of draught Guinness (supported by the Genius advertising campaign) increased at twice the rate of lager.

But our growth has not just been achieved by 'staying in the black'

We've also applied our management skills to growing the company in four areas: International Beverages, Convenience Retailing, Health Care, and Publishing.

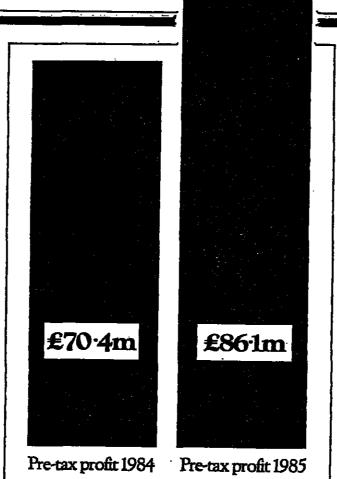
And we've acquired several more famous brands, each having great potential. Such as Bell's, Cranks, Gleneagles

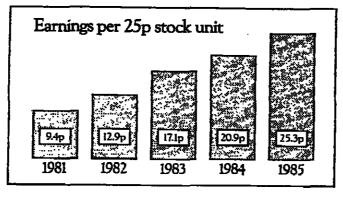
> **BUILDING MOMENTUM** FOR GROWTH

and Champneys.

Bell's, with only a 5 weeks showing in the past year, contributed £1.9m profit.

In Retailing, where we now have





over 1100 stores, we've increased profits from £5.5m to a very significant £13.8m.

GOOD FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Our twin strategy of good management for financial performance today and rapid exploitation of growth opportunities for significant business tomorrow is good for shareholders.

Over the year, earnings per stock unit have increased 21%.

And the proposed net dividend is increased by 12% to a record 7.2p.

Since September 1981, the company's shareprice has increased sixfold, and its market capitalisation tenfold.

In short, Guinness PLC is a dynamic consumer products and services company, set for exciting future growth."



GUINNESS, HARP, KALIBER, BELLS; MARTIN'S, RS McCOLL RG DRUMMOND, 7-ELEVEN, HEDIARD; CHAMPNEYS, CLENEAGLES, CRANKS, NATURE'S BEST

Guinness is good for shareholders

US-owned group may bid for naval dockyard

BY BRIDGET BLOOM, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

val Dockyards when tenders are in- said. vited in April.

contracts of the Rosyth (Scotland) and Devonport (west of England)

Others listed as expressing inter-

dependence under their new status

A US-OWNED engineering con-tracting group, the Foster Wheeler That could detract from the yards' Corporation, is preparing to bid for the management of the Royal Na-the management of the Royal Na-the management of the Royal Na-

Mr Michael Heseltine, the former The group is one of 16 companies Defence Secretary, announced the that will shortly undergo a pre-qual-ification exercise for management for commercialising the dockyards' management last July. Tenders will be invited for the management conyards, according to the Ministry of tracts in April and will be awarded at the end of the year to take effect at the end of the year to take effect from April 1987.

est in bidding include Babcock International, Balfour Beatty, British Aerospace, GEC, Trafalgar House and Thorn EM.

Devonport, the largest of the two yards, employs about 12,000 of the total 18,000 workforce and accounts for about £280m of the £450m of an-

The possible involvement of the US-owned group is being opposed by Mr Gordon Brown and Mr Dick Douglas, respectively the Labour MPs for Dunfermline East and West, the Scottish constituencies around the Rosyth dockyard.

Mr Brown said yeterday that he and his colleague had requested a meeting with Mr George Younger, the Defence Secretary. They will tell him they oppose not only the possibility of foreign control of the management of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil services in the best of the dockyards. Foster Wheeler is understood to

management of the dockyards, one from a team of eight civil ser-which refit all the Royal Navy's yearts and two payel officers at warships, but also the yards likely present involved in the yard's

Regional **brokers**

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to realign By John Moore and David Lascolles A DRAMATIC realignment in Brit-

ain's regional stockbroking commu-nity is set to take place. Charter-house Group, part of the Royal Bank of Scotland, yesterday announced that it is to acquire Tilney, the Liverpool-based stockbroking firm, A more ambitious merger of

five regional stockbrokers is expected to be announced today.

The changes are taking place ahead of the radial reforms in the structure of the London Stock Expenses and the formation of the London Stock Expenses are taking places. change and its firms which are due to be fully implemented in October

this year.

Mr Victor Blank, chief executive of Charterhouse, said that the group had decided that it needed market intelligence and a distribution network to participate in the new-style UK securities markets. Charterhouse also wants to expand its fund management business. He expected that the group would use the outlets of its clearing bank parent to expand its private client business.

According to Charterhouse, it is paying under £10m for Tilney, which is in its 150th year of operawhich is in its 130th year or opera-tions. Charterhouse will raise its stake to 100 per cent in April. Til-ney manages funds of £900m. It has 12,000 clients and 50 pension funds. Once combined with Charterhouse the total fund management of the group will amount to £2.25bn. Tilney has 17 partners, employs 106 people and has a research team that covers 26 per cent of the

market Charterbouse said that the deal with Tilney will enhance its existing management operation and the possibility of further similar expansion of this operation is under consideration.

International

Andrew Fisher reports on the implications of the historic decision by Mrs Thatcher and President Mitterrand

Channel link to be one of world's biggest projects

IN EIGHT years—if all goes according to plan—the British will be able to travel to the European continent ed and that the tunnel ventilation

Thirty-two international banks by land, a momentous step for a was inadequate. universally welcomed.

built in one of the biggest civil engi-through tunnel, having built a rail five construction companies (Balneering projects the world has link. neering projects the world has link.

four Beatty, Costain, Tarmac, Tayseen, a 31-mile twin rail tunnel un
When the CTG and France for Woodrow and George Wimpey)

rope as a result of the accidents of roads. The shuttles will leave as ofgeography. They will be able to go ten as three minutes apart in peak directly to France. The link will be times, be able to transport about built by Channel Tunnel Group 4,000 vehicles an hour in each direc-(CTG) and France Manche, which tion and take 30 minutes for the will bore two 7.3 metre rail tunnels journey. Initial demand is expected through the chalk under the seabed.

was expected, but it was still a suspenseful weekend for all involved. The single-track tunnels, with a The decision came after the visit of narrow service tunnel between, will

scheme for soaring bridges, roads spiralling down into an immersed tube tunnel and a bored rail link; the insistence of the UK, no governand Channel Expressway, offering ment funds will go into the project,

has the two governments' seal of approval, the consortium still has some hurdles to overcome before proceeding with its £2.66bn project. It has to gain parliamentary approval, raise the money and secure agreements with the British and French rail naturals. has the two governments' seal of have minded this.

: Press

French rail networks.
Although strongly supported in France, CTG and France Manche did not at the final stage appear to be the first choice of either country.

The late entry into the race of Mr has to go through Parliament. CTG James Sherwood with Channel Ex- considers that it will be able to start

The UK Government favoured

air travel. Despite its historic signif- hard at the possibility of building a on equity of around £1bn is put at icance it is not a change that will be road link, since it was the promise 19 per cent, based on what CTG niversally welcomed. to consider this later which appar-many Britons have been suspi-ently swung the balance in its fa-casts and the fact that bank loans cious of a tunnel ever since Napole on had the idea in the early 1800s. But a physical link is now to be CTG will be able to finance a drive. The

der the Channel.

Manche link opens, vehicles will be and the National Westminster a No longer will the British be carried at 100 mph (160 kmh) on Midland banks.

Apart, or aloof, from the rest of Euspecial drive on shuttles, or rolling In France-Manche, five constructions. to be 1,000 an hour, rising towards

traffic.

Mr Nicholas Ridley, UK Transport be 31 miles long with some 23 miles Secretary, to Paris to see his of this under the sea. The rail jour-French counterpart, Mr Jean ney between London and Paris or Auroux, for a working dinner last Brussels will be cut to just over It leaves two disappointed and in-finential contenders: EuroRoute, Grande Vitesse) trains into London, with its imaginative and expensive although not at top speeds on the

although the French with their lik-Now that CIG-France Manche, ing for grand schemes would not

Expressway.

Before work can start, the two essway had added a new factor to raising the public money from June promised a fierce battle.

Including interest charges, infla-Mr Sherwood's scheme but the tion and provisions of about £1bn to

water and the state is been a last three states and the states are states as the states are states are states as the states are states as the states are states as the states are states are states as the states are states are states as the states are stat

General Motors Public Affairs Council, PO Box 3, Luton LU2 OSY.

have given commitments for £4.3hn people always dependent on sea or CTG, however, will have to look in development loans. The return

The CTG shareholders comprise

In France-Manche, five construction groups (Bouygues, Dumez, So-cièté Auxiliare d'Entreprises, So-cièté Générale d'Entreprises, and Spie Batignolles) and three banks (Crédit Lyonnais, Banque Nationale de Paris and Banque Indosuez) are

seabed. the year 2000. The shareholders have committed existing announced by the British Rail and French Railways UK and France in Lille yesterday (SNCF) will use the same tunnels to had been eagerly awaited by CTG, run their passenger and freight series have committed to the same tunnels to the year through an international private placement, with the committed to the same tunnels to the year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement, with the rest (up to 2000m) to be raised this year through an international private placement (up to 2000m) to be raised through an international private placement (up to 2000m) to 2000m. raffic.

nationally (including by public subThe single-track tunnels, with a
scription in the UK and France) after the treaty is ratified and before

> The bank debt not financed through bonds will be repaid within 15 years from 1987, once CTG-France Manche starts to draw on it. Any future road link would have to be financed as a separate project.
> CTG and France Manche will

> have exclusive rights to run a fixed link up to the year 2020. The partners have undertaken to submit a proposal for a road link by the end of this century. But a go-ahead on this would depend on how traffic developed and whether the right technology was available.

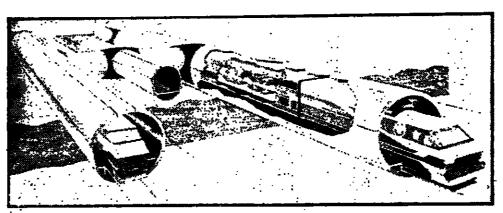
CTG has said it will price its services about 10 per cent below the lowest ferry tariffs. Taking last year's rates, this would give an average one-way fare of around £50 for a car and passengers.

It expects that cross-Channel demand will total 67m passengers in 1993 against 46m in 1983. Of this, it calculates it will obtain 29.7m people, or nearly 45 per cent of the market. The ferry companies have

The CTG scheme was the one which both Kent County Council in south-east England and environ-French were highly mistrustful of it. So, too, were EuroRoute and the project is put at about £5.3bn. least disruptive. Even so, it will CTG, both of which said frequently

The aim is to raise between £650m bring major changes to the coast





Mrs Thatcher and President Mitterrand (top) sign the city of Lille's guestbook after announcing the agreement to build a fixed link between England

An artist's impression (bottom) shows the two rail tunnels, with a service tunnel in between, of the winning scheme of Channel Tunnel Group and

The 31-mile tunnels will take passenger and freight trains and car-carrying shuttles. It is hoped that the rail journey time between London and Paris or Brussels will be cut to just over three bours.

The £2.5bn project is expected to create about 78,800 jobs on both sides of the Channel during the struction. Work is due to start next year.

Tory MPs divided on support for rail tunnel scheme

BY KEVIN BROWN ...

"a grim uphill struggle" to get a bill with France envisaged a road tun-authorising the Channel tunnel nel coming into operation by 2020. through Parliament, a Conservative Mr Ridley told MPs during ex-MP warned in the House of Com-changes that a joint committee, in-

Tory MPs regarded the choice of ters, would be set up to investigate the Channel Tunnel Group (CTG) improvements to the scheme to pro-"game, set and match to the economy. French." and France Manche scheme as tect the Kent environment and

Government had not had time to do investment. because of the timetable for an agreement between the Prime Min-MP for Dover and former Chief Secster and President Mitterrand.

Mr Aitken was one of a number of Conservative MPs from coastal of Conservative Mrs from Constant amount the project in cast from the constituencies in Kent and Essex who protested against the CTG called for close co-operation with local authorities and urged the Government to ensure that economic benefits were not drained away to Nicholas Ridley, the Transport Sec- France.

(Liberal MP for the Isle of Wight)

Mr Robert Hughes, for Labour, said the scheme had the potential to match Britain's transport needs.

Mr Teddy Taylor, Conservative Mr Toody Taylor, Conservative Mr Toody Taylor, Conservative Mr For Southend East, asked why But, with other Labour MPs, he tance freight and passenger traffic. Mr Bruce Millan, a former La-

scheme because it would stimulate economic activity in the south-east, where it was least needed, and would widen the north-south divide.

Mr Roger Gale, another Kent Tory MP, said the CTG scheme would Mr Ridley said the Government was united in support of the CTG scheme, which had been the objective of the Cabinet, and was achieved despite "a good deal of argument with the French."

Minister had opposed the scheme because of the lack of a road tunnel

ahead with a fixed link was greeted with shouts of "shame" and "disgraceful" from both sides of the

THE UK GOVERNMENT will face he announced that the agreement

mons yesterday.

Mr Jonathan Aitken said many cluding government officials, local authorities and the tunnel promo-

rench."

He said there would be a continuHe said Parliament would have to
ing role for ferry services to the Euscrutinise the project closely in defence of British interests, which the act "as a sort of magnet for

> Mr Peter Rees, the Conservative retary to the Treasury, said there was deep and legitimate concern about the project in east Kent. He

retary.

Sir Julian Ridsdale, the Tory MP

Mr Ridley won support, however, for Harwich, said Mr Ridley's optifrom several Tory MPs repremism about the future of ferry sersenting constituencies in north vices was not shared by the opera-Kent, and from Mr Stephen Ross tors. He urged the Government to vices was not shared by the operamake sure that the decision was not a "death knell" for the merchant

the Government was so optimistic pressed for heavy investment in about the project when the only British Rail to cater for long-discomparable scheme, in Japan, had been a complete disaster.

bour Scottish Secretary, said many Northern MPs would oppose the ry MP, who said it would bring great long-term opportunities for employment in Kent.

have the "least worst" effect on Kent in the short term. Mr Andrew Rowe, the Conservative MP for Mid Kent said the Kent economy would benefit in the medium and long term but some local towns would He dismissed claims from both sides of the House that the Prime grossly overloaded in the short

Mr David Crouch, Tory MP for in the original proposals.

Mr Ridley's announcement that the Government had decided to go but warned the Government that he but warned the Government that he had been unable to persuade his constituents. Another Kent Tory MP, Mr James Couchman, welcomed the scheme but regretted the That was followed by laughter as lack of a road tunnel.

General Motors is doing a powerful job for Britain. For its motor industry, for its workforce... and its balance of payments, too. For the truth is our family of truck and component

manufacturing companies are net exporters, every one The power that we've brought to all our companies in the UK adds up to a staggering £1.2 billion invested here since 1973. Not taxpayers' money, but our own private capital.

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Their export total of £102 million was an increase of 237% in just four years, and is still growing. These were contracts won in the face of fierce competition, to supply some of the toughest

customers in Europe, the US, Australia and Japan. As you can see, General Motors is doing a great deal more for Britain than you might have been led to believe. Just how much, and in what areas, our fact-filled booklet "Driving for Britain" will reveal if you write to us at the address below.*





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UK NEWS

NORTH BROKEN HILL **HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Incorporated in the State of Victoria)

ANNOUNCEMENT

The North Broken Hill Holdings Limited ("North") Board met today and reaffirmed its opposition to the partial Offer from Industrial Equity

NORTH DIRECTORS BELIEVE THIS OFFER IS TOTALLY INADEQUATE SHAREHOLDERS ARE ADVISED NOT TO SELL THEIR SHARES

North Directors have studied the IEL plan and believe it is totally against the interests of North Shareholders. The break up of North's operations proposed by IEL does not add value to North Shareholders. It destroys value. Holding costs which IEL will incur may force the sale of North assets at prices and at times which significantly underrate their true

For some years North has been vigorously pursuing a strategy which has as its central objectives:

Expansion and optimisation of directly controlled operations and

sale of minority investment interests.

Significant progress has already been achieved in the implementation of the North Strategy. IEL has recognised this progress and has timed its share purchases and partial Offer to reap for itself benefits which should accrue to existing North Shareholders.

North Directors are convinced of the superiority of the North Strategy. A detailed statement pointing out the benefits of the North Strategy compared with the IEL plan will be made available to Shareholders next

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD D. F. DOYLE Secretary

Any enquirles relating to this notice can be directed to the London Representatives of the Company, Austral Development Limited, 7th Floor, Mercury House, 195
Knightsbridge, London SW7 1RF. Telephone: 01-589 1441.

Savings bank group Fresh litigation will not delay may raise capital ahead of flotation

BY DAVID LASCELLES, BANKING CORRESPONDENT

flotation that has been delayed by the legal wrangle over its owner-

*Our immediate capital needs suggestions in the City of London that the TSB's expansion plans could be severely damaged by the

transfer £96.9m into its reserves, bank's chief general manager, which now total £808.6m. Had the

BY TONY JACKSON

aunch of Crosse & Blackwell soups

has appeared from an unexpected

quarter - a privately owned dairy

Healds Dairies, a Manchester-

based group with sales of £55m, has

come up with cream of tomato,

cream of mushroom and cream of

leek and potato in Tetrapak car-tons. In the process, Heakis claims, it has become the world's first soup-

which was engineering in partner- as Metal Box.

TRUSTEE Savings Banks (TSB) new share capital then, which might raise new capital by issuing would have given it ample re-loan stock rather than wait for the sources to build up its business. The flotation has been postponed

indefinitely by a Scottish court rul-ing that the TSB's net assets belong to its depositors and not to the TSB itself. Sir John said yesterday that Sir John Read, the community itself. Sir John said yesterday that the group would be able to raise up to £250m if it it was still not possible to say when the flotation might be resumed, but the flotation might be resumed, but expansion or make an acquisition. he hoped it could be in the summer.

"Our immediate capital needs could be met from retained reserves and subordinated loan case to go to the House of Lords stock," he said. He also dismissed suggestions in the City of London has already spent C12.6m on the floating the content of the country also also dismissed that the TSPE content also dismissed that the terms of the content of the

could be severely damaged by the lelay.

The TSB reported yesterday that twittes and running down its holdit made a pre-tax profit of £168.3m ings of UK public sector securities, in the year ended November 20 last which have traditionally featured in the year ended November 20 last year, an increase of 10.1 per cent on the previous year's results. Sir John vances rose 36 per cent and now account for 40 per cent of the TSB's E11.5bn assets, compared with only rates in the early part of last year which squeezed the bank's margins.

The results enabled the TSB to transfer £96.9m into its reserves, laws of the big clearing banks.

flotation gone ahead as planned in mid-February, the TSB would also have received an estimated £1bn in counts, which total £10.2bn.

The real innovation of the Bowa-

ter method is that it allows the car-toning of soup with bits of meat, fish and vegetables in it. The new

Healds soups are homogeneous, being little different in consistency

from cream or custard, both of which already go into Tetrapak car-

Second company enters

behind rather embarrassingly by threaten a large market presently the Crosse & Blackwell launch, enjoyed by the tin can makers such

carton soup market

flotation, says British Airways BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT NEITHER British Airways (BA) the airlines of \$58m to creditors of A further action by former Laker

nor the UK Government expect that plans for the privatisation of BA will be delayed beyond this summer by the emergence of new legal ac-tions in the wake of the Laker Airways collapse in 1982.

The new actions involve both a case brought by Ambassador Inter-national Travel of Los Angeles al-leging violation of the US anti-trust laws between 1980 and February 1982, damaging Ambassador, and class actions by passengers alleging loss of cheap fares on the North Atlantic route because of the Laker Airways collapse.

Both are separate from the origi-

nal allegation of conspiracy to drive Laker out of business, involving BA and other European airlines. That case has already been settled, after much discussion, by a payment by

After settlement of that basic ac- been served on BA. tion BA, together with Pan American and Trans World Airlines, by agreement with the US courts, set up an additional fund of \$30m in the US to reimburse passengers claim.

BA has received to that unlike other groups who were compensated the Laker collapse, the plots to reimburse passengers claim.

BA has received no indication of the damages they are sacking. ing deprivation of cheap travel be the damages they are seeking.

cause of the Laker collapse.

Laker Airways and the lawyers in- Airways pilots and other staff volved, without admission of against BA and other airlines is also pending, but no writ has yet

Mr Colin Marshall, BA's chief ex-The Ambassador action came after the basic action. The Ambassatinese legal moves both the Governdor writ has now been served on ment and the airline retained "the BA, alleging violations of US antitrust laws, but no sum for damages
trust laws, but no sum for damages
tion as soon as possible.

is specified.

BA said yesterday that it intended to defend this action "vigorously" and that its counsel had advised that it presented no impediment to privatisation.

BA will move its long-haul interpretational operations from the existing Terminal Three at Heathrow Airport into the new £200m Terminal Four at that airport overnight between April 11 and 12.

Top factors' business up 22%

BY FIONA THOMPSON

tors yesterday reported a 22 per cent increase in business in the year to December 31 1985.

Factoring, a financial service aimed particularly at the small business community, is in essence a straightforward way of raising money. Factoring companies make money available against a proportion, usually up to 80 per cent, of its clients' sales involces.

Under this service, called re-course factoring, the client pays if its customer's business fails. In the

the dispatch of statements and the

collection of money owed.
With an invoice discounting service, the client is responsible for its grew last year. Business covering own sales ledger and accounts col-lecting but can obtain finance for £2.5bn and international business up to 80 per cent of the debts owed 14 per cent to £360m. The star per-

The combined volume of business

THE ASSOCIATION of British Factors yesterday reported a 22 per against bad debts.

sociation, grew last year to £4.6hn, compared with £3.8hn in 1984.

against had debts.

Factoring companies assume responsibility for assessing the creditworthiness of clients' customers, the maintenance of a sales ledger, clients, followed by 29 per cent in the maintenance of a sales ledger, clients, followed by 29 per cent in the companies with Except in the companies assume responsibility for assessing the credit. distribution and 25 per cent in ser-

All sectors of the factors' services former was again the confidential service of invoice discounting. of Britain's eight leading factoring which increased by 40 per cent to companies, which make up the as-

case of non-recourse factoring, the SOUP IN a carton is catching on. ship with the much smaller carton Coal offshoot creates 3,700 jobs After last summer's innovative maker Bowater. In purely technical in a cardboard carton, competition little to close the gap.

BY MAURICE SAMUELSON

subsidiary for creating jobs in de-clining mining areas is proving formed it had estimated that it had been started by former NCB twice as effective as when it was would take £5,000 to create each employees. formed a year ago, Mr Peter Walk- new job. As a result of success in ater, Energy Secretary, said tracting other financial backers, the than 1,000 were in South Wales.

yesterday. The company, NCB (Enterprise), has created about 3,700 jobs in its making dairy.

From the marketing angle the has created about 3,700 jobs in its
Tetrapak, one of the world's leadnew range is more significant. If first year. That compares with the committed to creating more than walker said that on present performs in carton production, was left the trend catches on, it might 35,000 men leaving the industry in 3,700 new jobs in 264 projects in mance for every £1 of NCB (Enterphyling rathers embarraceingly left).

House of Commons on the activities £750,000 a month in projects that other sources.

the present financial year.

Volving a total investment of £38m. prise) money invested in new jobs a Opening an exhibition at the NCB (Enterprise) was investing further £5 had been attracted from

THE National Coal Board's (NCB) of NCB (Enterprise), Mr Walker were creating 500 jobs a month. Al-

Of the 3,700 jobs created, more present cost per job was less than Scotland and Yorkshire had more than 600 each. Praising the NCB for

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INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Intelsat keeps competitors in the cold

By Nancy Dunne in Washington

IT WOULD not be a completely surrounded the break-up of impossible feat to secure a the Bell System telephone netimpossible feat to secure a settlement in Intelsat's war against private international telecommunications systems.

The five entrepreneurs who want to compete for some of want to compete for some of Intelsat's business and Mr Richard Colino, director-general of the global communications cooperative which transmits most of the world's telephone calls, could gather in the frigid depths of Mr Colino's spacious office in the gleaming-sliver, glass-domed futuristic Washington headquarters of Intelsat. ton headquarters of Intelsat.

There they would argue ideologies — capitalism versus worldwide co-operation—until one by one, the businessmen or the director general are carried out with frostbite or pneumonia. The odds would be on Mr Colino, who is used to the cold

Competitors 'would skim off profits from best routes'

and likes it because it keeps him awake. With would-be com-petitors snapping at his heels, petitors snapping at his heels, domestic satellite services and poised to thrust their smaller, more powerful satellites into his orbit, the director general cannot afford the luxury of an afternoon nap. Mr Colino, a formidable adversary, a demanding perfectionist possessed of a since the 1980s. able adversary, a demanding perfectionist possessed of a caustic wit and an iron determination, has no intention of losing control of most of the world's transoceanic electronic its plans to break up Intelsat, and the losing control for the way in its plans to break up Intelsat, and the losing control for the way in its plans to break up Intelsat, and the losing control for the losing control of the losing con

vice the entire world.

But in the past 32 months, the organisation has faced the the organisation has faced the greatest challenge in its two decades of existence. The Reagan Administration has concluded that opening the market to alternative systems, operating business services, such as teleconferencing and television lines, is "in the national interest." It is in a sense an international resum of the arguments which

Intelsat officials say that the competition will skim off the profits along their most lucrative routes, which have historically subsidised the lesser used developing country services. American private systems, they say, will attract additional non-US competition and ultimate in the services. and ultimately lead to higher telecommunications costs for the Third World, chaos in international communications. and the destruction of a multinational venture which has worked well.

"The US created us by international treaty," argues Mr Colino, "We have advanced technology, We have lowered charges. We have diversified services. We have earned the right to continue."

right to continue."

Mr Colino assisted in the birth of Intelsat in 1964. In those days the US Government believed that "in the mutual self-interest of all nations more than one commercial system is undesirable." It was because of his 20 years

in telecommunications — most of it at Comsat, which provides

Cargo. was initially supported for the Intelsat, set up in 1964, post by the State Department, carries about two-thirds of all which sent telegrams to Intelsat carries about two-thirds of all which sent telegrams to intersational telephone traffic (the rest is carried by Colino's American citizenship Government-owned regional systems) and almost all intersupports of the large of the entire world.

which sent telegrams to intelisations of that Mr Colino's American citizenship should not be held against him. It was in March 1983, when he was campaigning for the job against three others, making a whirlwind trip of 16 countries in 19 days, that Mr Colino heard of Orion Satellite Corp, a small washington-based private comagainst three others, making a whirlwind trip of 16 countries in 19 days, that Mr Colino heard of Orion Satellite Corp, a small Washington-based private company, which was the first to ask the US Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for permission to launch a private system across the Atlantic.



Mr Richard R. Colino, director-general of Intelsat

ponders; International Satellite lobbyists in Congress and that plans two in-orbit satellites to serve the US and Western Europe; Panamerican Satellite (Panamsat) intends to launch attempts by Intelsat, a foreign a domestic service in Latin America and a regional video and audio distribution satellite service between the US and Latin America this year; Cygnus Satellite and Finansat. The latter plans to operate The latter plans to operate satellites over the Pacific as well as the Atlantic.

The filings triggered a battle as the would-be entrepreneurs have fought their case through first an intra-agency task force review, which culminated in presidential approval, a congressional battle and the FCC

Mr Colino's foes accuse him

attempts by Intelsat, a foreign agent to trick Congress into con-demning this American initia-tive," says Mr Thomas McKnight, an Orion partner. He ecites press reports of a fake letter written on International Telecommunications Union stationery, opposing separate systems. A reporter claimed he had traced the letter to the Intelsat mailroom. Intelsat officials vehemently deny any association with the letter.

separate systems need landing rights from a foreign partner. Mr Markey says half a dozen foreign partners would be necessary to make a system economically viable.

Thus far none of the 109 other Intelsat members has agreed to deal with the separate systems if they would cause serious economic harm to Intelsat members, they reaffirmed a last. Seventy-eight Intelsat members recommendation of the separate systems. Instead, at a meeting in November, they reaffirmed a large of the separate systems are considered to the separate systems. Instead, at a meeting in November, they reaffirmed a large of the separate systems need landing rights from a foreign partner. Mr Markey says half a dozen foreign partner would be necessary to make a system economically viable.

Thus far none of the 109 other Intelsat members has agreed to deal with the separate systems need landing rights from a foreign partner. Mr Markey says half a dozen foreign partner would be necessary to make a system economically viable. of fighting dirty in his opposition to the private systems serious economic harm to Intelline the private systems at Seventy-eight Intelsat memmillions out of "a private bernations wrote to the US slush fund" on expensive government to protest at the

introduction of private competi- might lead to the establishment

Under all the presssure, the systems. Administration opted for what it calls "a balanced approach," and made the public-switched networks which transmit telephone services off-limits to the entrepreneurs. The compromise was designed to minimise the risk to Intelsat's raways. the risk to Intelsat's revenues and to develop a free market only for customised business

When the squabbling got to Capitol Hill, Mr David Markey, Capitol Hill, Mr David Markey, then Assistant Commerce Secretary, presented the case for competition. Each of the applicants, he said, was proposing different but useful state-of-theart satellite systems. These, he said, could be much more closely tailored to special emerging business communications needs than the general purpose satellites Intelsat had in orbit or on the drawing board. board.

In response, Intelsat officials urged foreign policy considerations and warned that if Intelsat were weakened, Third World countries might report to the services of the Soviet regional system, Intersputnik, Against the charge that Intelsat was an outdated monopoly, Mr Colino argued that monopolies do not cut brises monopolies do not cut prices
12 times in 20 years or offer
the wide range of new services
(300 in the past year) he has

been developing.

In the end, Congress went along with the Administration, but Mr Colino got a valuable concession. Congress ordered the State Department to support a change in Intelsat's charter, a change in Intelsat's charter, bunch of crybabies," says Mr which now requires that everyone be charged the same price that the document setting out for a given service. A change a new Intelsat price and proto "flexible pricing" would allow Intelsat to meet the lower prices of competition. It could also drive competition from the scene.

However, Mr Colino may not even need flexible pricing. To keep the competition at bay, the

keep the competition at bay, the separate systems need landing

in November, they reaffirmed a previous resolution urging each other "to refrain from entering into any arrangement which

and subsequent use " of separate

Meanwhile, satellite traffic has grown far less than was projected by individual member countries. Transponders on satellites already deployed are going tmused. Mr Colino is proposing to sell or lease on unused transponders for domestic tele-phone service at what competitors say are cut-price rates. This proposal has enraged Panamsat officials, who had hoped to use some of their transponders in the same markets. Mr Rene Anselmo, chairman

Entrepreneurs 'who act like a bunch of crybabies'

of Panamsat, fired off a letter of Panamsat, fired off a letter to the New York Times charging that Intelsat had in the past leased its transponders for \$1.6m a year. Now that Panamsat is trying to sell its "better quality service at lower prices," Intelsat had dropped its sales prices to \$1.8m for the entire five to seven-year life of the transponder, he said.

"I find it intriguing that entrepreneurs are acting like a bunch of crybabies," says Mr Colino. Intelsat officials deny that the document setting out

of the Intelsat charter, pass through a process of co-ordinat-ing their system with Intelsat so that the co-operative is pro-Intelsat can prove that the harm would be irreparable, the US Government might then drop its insistence on competition, says Mr Markey.

If it does not, then Mr Colino is bound to have more challenges for the entrepreneurs. Clearly, he will keep them out in the cold for as long as he

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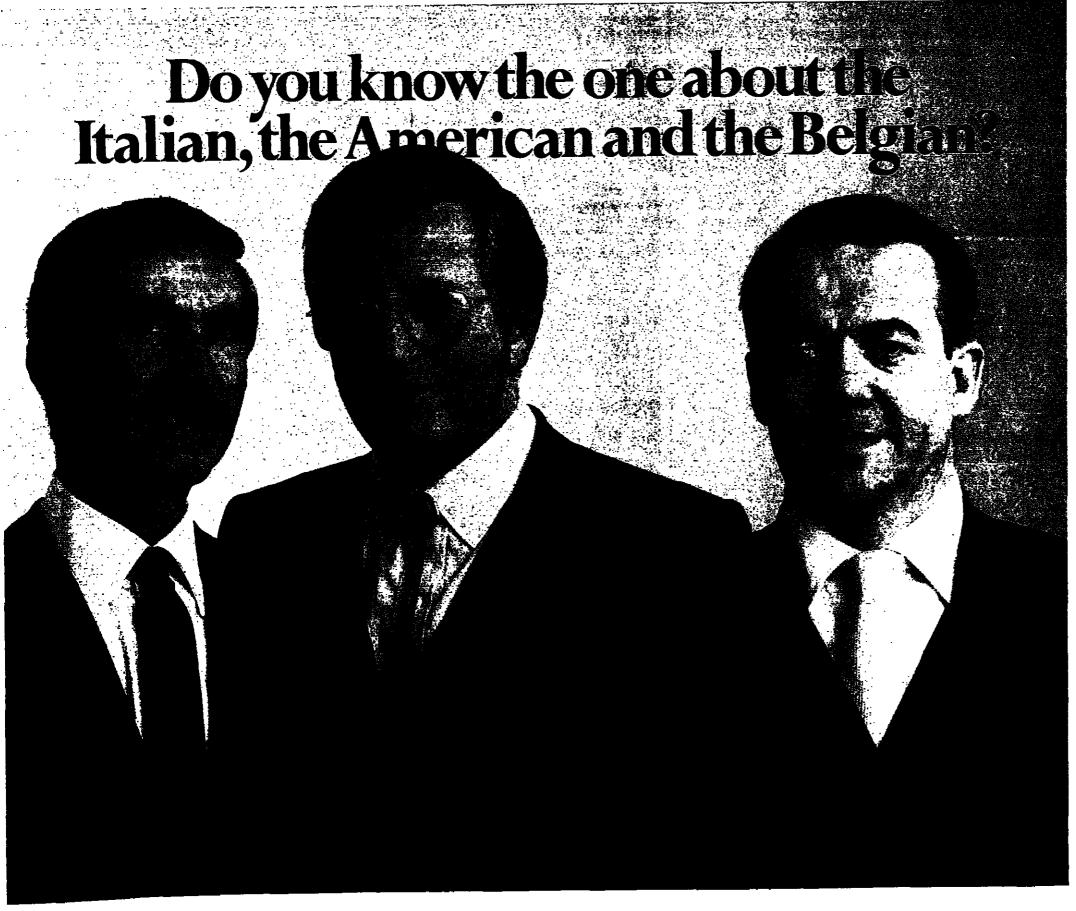
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TECHNOLOGY

Jane Rippeteau on moves to transform the Patent Office

CESAR MILSTEIN, a Cambridge University immunologist, might have been a rich man. He secured a Nobel Prize, but no patent, for the work in 1975 that he and colleagues did on mono-cloual antibodies, the base technology for a vast and promising sector of medical diagnostics from which others now stand to

profit hugely.

This is the sort of thing that the British Government wants to rectify. With its latest plan to turn the Patent and Trademark Office of the Department of Trade and Industry into a quasi-independent body, the Government believes it will con-vert a sluggish and cumbersome group into an engine of support

for Britain's innovators.

Had the switch occurred in time for Milstein's work, "we'd have been in there telling them what to do" to patent the seminal invention, says Victor Tarnofeky assistant controller. Tarnofsky, assistant controller in patents. "You won't get a patent if it has been disclosed to the public first. That's lesson number one, and is the sort of thing we will be telling people."

The Patent Office has already

The Patent Office has already increased its profile by taking out newspaper advertisements and moving out of the office to advise on patenting. That is only the beginning. It hopes to start marketing specific services, such as translation and access to its data base of patents, for a fee. And while natent law will not change, the patent process may be in for some tailoring, says the Controller-General, Mr

"The hope is that, free of the Civil Service framework, we will be more entrepreneurial and of more help to innovators and of more help to innovators independent Husinesses, says it. It. Japan accounted for 17 per aute of putting it on the market in this country," he says. The can cost up to £20,000 to secure cent and 12 per cent respectively and West Germany official. But he says that questering study to pinpoint which manufacturing markets. "For weighed in with 22 per cent and tions of whether and how to services would be commercially small companies, the patent is 28 per cent. The UK total was provide access are not resolved.



Patently absurd

feasible for it to offer. The less and less realistic."

office already operates at a Indeed, patent applie

profit. the UK are down drawn drawn

applicants seem to complain about most—the costs of acquirabout most—the costs of acquiring patents through a process about 30,000 in 1985. Patents' grants were down to about later defending them. "I stopped taking out patents four or five years ago," says John A. Cochrane, managing director of Cochrane of Oxford, a developer of educational equipment. "It is increasingly expensive and you have to get a worldwide patent to make any sense."

office already operates at a profit.

The changes, however, will do little to alleviate what patent applications in the UK are down drastically. Mr Cooper notes that since the creation of the 11-nation European Patent Office, UK applica-tions have dropped by half to

sense."

Mr Cochrane, also national tions came from the US and chairman of the Association of Independent Businesses, says it it. Japan accounted for 17 per

7.5 per cent of applications and 6.5 per cent of awards, according to the EPO.

The advantage of filing with the EPO is that a single application can cover multiple coun-tries. Costs, though, are sub-stantially higher. In addition to about £2,000 in administrative fees over three years, a patent holder must pay for translation into the language of any country covered. By con-trast, a UK Patent Office filing costs under £200 in fees. But as officials admit and applicants complain, huge additional costs are incurred hiring specialised patent agents to shepherd an

Mr Tarnofsky says about 90 per cent of UK applicants use

Changes in this cost structure or in the patent procedures it-self are not in question. The UK Patent Office simply wants to free itself of bureaucratic constraints in order to woo and advise applicants, especially small ones intimidated by cost and complexity.

Perhaps the most interesting service officials are considering is one that would unleash the vast data base of invention that the Patent Office holds from years of filing the technical dis-criptions of curiosities from Cats' Eyes on the road to alu-minimum-lithium alloys for the aircraft industry.

One of the officials hopes is

for the provision of low-cost access to the data, possibly by telephone—a service that could cut time, cost and headaches. The EPO is considering a

similar resource. "We're capable of putting it on the market

Nervous duplicators in move to halt a bloody price war

IF ONE traditional printing company claimed about 40 per cent of the UK market, no one would believe it. Yet one company in the fastest growing rival industry, video duplicating, is claiming just that, and probably accurately. The company is Rank Video Services, UK market leader in the company is the company in the company is Rank Video Services, UK market leader in the company is reasonable to the company in the company is reasonable to the company in the company is reasonable to the company in the fastest company in the compan BY JOHN CHITTOCK

in the duplication of pre-recorded video cassettes—an industry which has grown from almost nothing to a turnever of tens of millions of pounds in only a few years.

Anyone entering a video duplicating house for the first time may find the experience absurd—like seeing those windscreen wipers on Concorde. Racks and racks Concerde. Excess and recorders of video cassette recorders (in Rank's case, about 2,560), each slavishly making one real-time copy from a remote each slavishly making one real-time copy from a remote master unit which may be driving all of them at once. Every machine is loaded by hand se that if a rush order is received, like the 10,000 copies of a movie block-buster handled by Rank in four days before Challenger. four days before Christmas, there can be some hectic running between the aisles.

The industry is continually trying to introduce a different technology for mass duplica-tion, running cassettes at a much higher speed than real-time; one ingenious method relies on magnetic transfer by a process analogous to contact printing. But the video duplicating business is video duplicating unstress is still cautious about high-speed systems on grounds of both capital cost and quality. It continues to do it the hard

However, all is not a happy hum of whirring capstan rollers. Despite the UK con-sumer industry being dominated by only six duplicating houses, there are constant fears of over-capacity and this side of the ideo industry has suffered a bloody price war. On a large order for a typical movie, the distributor may be paying a mere £3.85 a copy—and with the recent arrival of so-called budget video using lower grade tapes, the price can fall to £2 or less.

The pressure on price has come from the distributors, who recognise that the viability of consumer video

may be in question as long as

viewer \$40 or more. A sign

me movies can still cost a

Video & Film

recently hit the UK industry with the arrival in Woolworth stores of the Video Collec-tion—selling movies at £6.99 (including a few classics such as Righ Noon).

The duplicators, however, are saying enough is enough. They eye nervously the recent problems at Kay Laboratories, a family-owned business which tan into a financial crisis and has now been taken over by MCM. been taken over by MGM. Kay was one of the traditional film laboratories which, like Humphries, suffered from the decline in film processing and diversified into video.

Rank had done likewise; but with the film and video activities separated and the film laboratory doing well, Rank has had the manage-

Some US forecasts predict the country will produce 100m pre-recorded video cassettes this year

ment muscle to weather the sources to cope with bad

The consumer video industry is notorious for each flow problems and those in the video duplicating business stand uncomfortably in the middle. With their bulk business servicing the volatile high street outlets (via distributors), turnover can be very unstable. But the commercial and moustress occurry which puts more priority on service than price, is now helping to smooth some of

the bumps. Where as the average industrial or corporate customer would rarely order more than 20 copies of a 16mm print (but more generally between five and 10 worth perhaps £350 to £700) video has changed all that with the wide availability of VCRs making mass distribution relatively easy. An industrial order for video copies may easily range between 500 to 1,000 cassettes,

worth between £1,500 and £3,000.

More significantly, industrial customers sometimes place huge orders which would have been unthinkable with 16mm film. Thus British Telecom is distributing 10,000 cassettes containing 2 30-minute public relations magazine programme—offered to telephone subscribers on the "watch-and-wipe" basis; viz, a three hour videocasette costs the BT customer only 64.75 including postage— comparable with the retail price of a blank cassette.

Duplicating houses drool over the prospect of orders of this size. And whenever a takeover bid hits the City, the video industry will be fighting for the business.

In the UK, the next year or so will be competitive for video duplicating houses, as Britain approaches saturation level in consumer video.

Europe afters prospects for expansion, with only significant duplicating capacity in West Germany, France and Holland. Rank claims 30 per cent of the Furnasan market. cent of the European market, although, curiously, other UK competitors have yet to crack this market.

The fast-growing sector is the US, still catching up with UK in percentage penetra-tion. Some US forecasts for 1986 recken on more than 100m pre-recorded video-cassettes being produced there this year.

Mr John Martinezu, who was involved in Kay Laboratories, has turned his sights to a less cut-throat end of the business — more appropriate to the technical and bespoke skills of moving pictures. With Programme Technical Services, he is leading a team that has moved ing a team that has moved out of Soho into the more cerebral climes of Milton Keynes. Here PTS is providing a television/video service to interface the complex eds of satellite TV, cable

It typifies the decision which faces investors and managers as the moving picture business undergoes a metamorphosis. Are we in the manufacturing business or the technical services industry? In volume turnover or ton end of the high-tech or top end of the high-tech tech? After a slow start, Mr Martineau believes PTS is on

the brink of a breakthrough.

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TOSHIBA has developed a colour video camera system with what it claims to be the smallest camera head devised that uses a charge coupled device image sensor.

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The thumb-sized head works independently from most of its associated electronic circuits, enabling it to meet a number of needs. For example, it can be incorporated into the tip of a robot arm without enlarging the arm's size greatly.

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First make sure your invention is new

Queen Elizabeth I refused to grant a patent for a water closet on the grounds that it might encourage impropriety.

That is unlikely to be an objection to most applications presented nowadays to the Government's Patent Office although it does have the right to refuse to grant patents to inventions which might promote "anti-soc'd behaviour." There is nevertheless a strict procedure which has to be followed in filing an application.

Ownership of a UK patent gives an inventor a monopoly on the use, manufacture and sale of a product within the UK. It also gives him the legal right to prevent rivals from exploiting the product without his consent.

Before applying, the inventor should first establish that the invention belongs to him: it may be that it belongs to his employer, if he arrived at the invention in the course of his normal employment.

He should also establish that the invention is new: this will probably mean checking through library records which hold patent specifications or abstracts. Such records are available in the British Library's Science Reference Library in London,

about 2m British patents and 23m foreign patents.

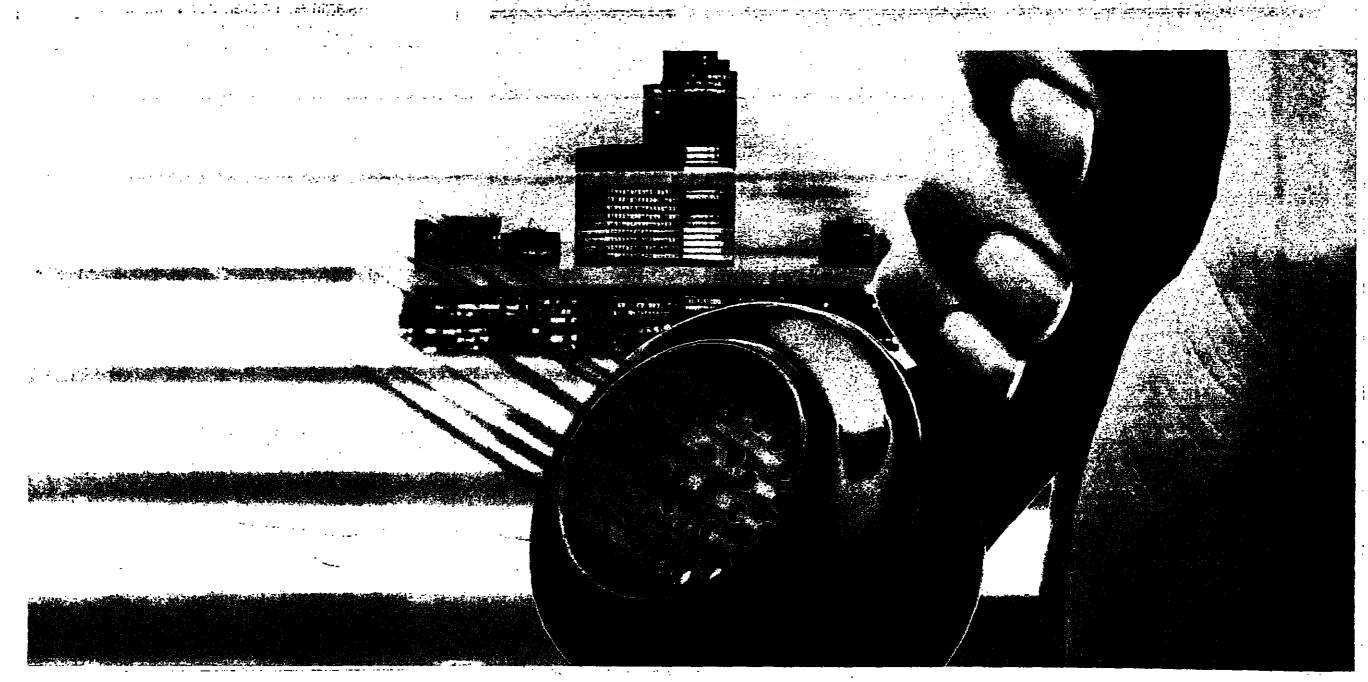
The invention must also be capable of an industrial application.

There are certain "excluded" inventions: for instance, a mathematical method or computer programme would not be patent-able unless it had a definite physical application.

Once conditions are satisfied, the inventor must use official forms from the Patent Office to submit a full description of his invention and a filing fee (£10 in 1985). Once an application. Office conducts a search (£80) and finally a full examination (£95) if warranted. It may be advisable to use a registered Patent Agent.

Furthermore, the inventor has to take responsibility for checking that his patent is not infringed by rivals trying to cash in on his invention. In English law, infringing a patent is a civil wrong, and not a criminal offence. Con-sequently it is up to a patent owner to go to the High Court to seek legal redress (which can include damages) if he

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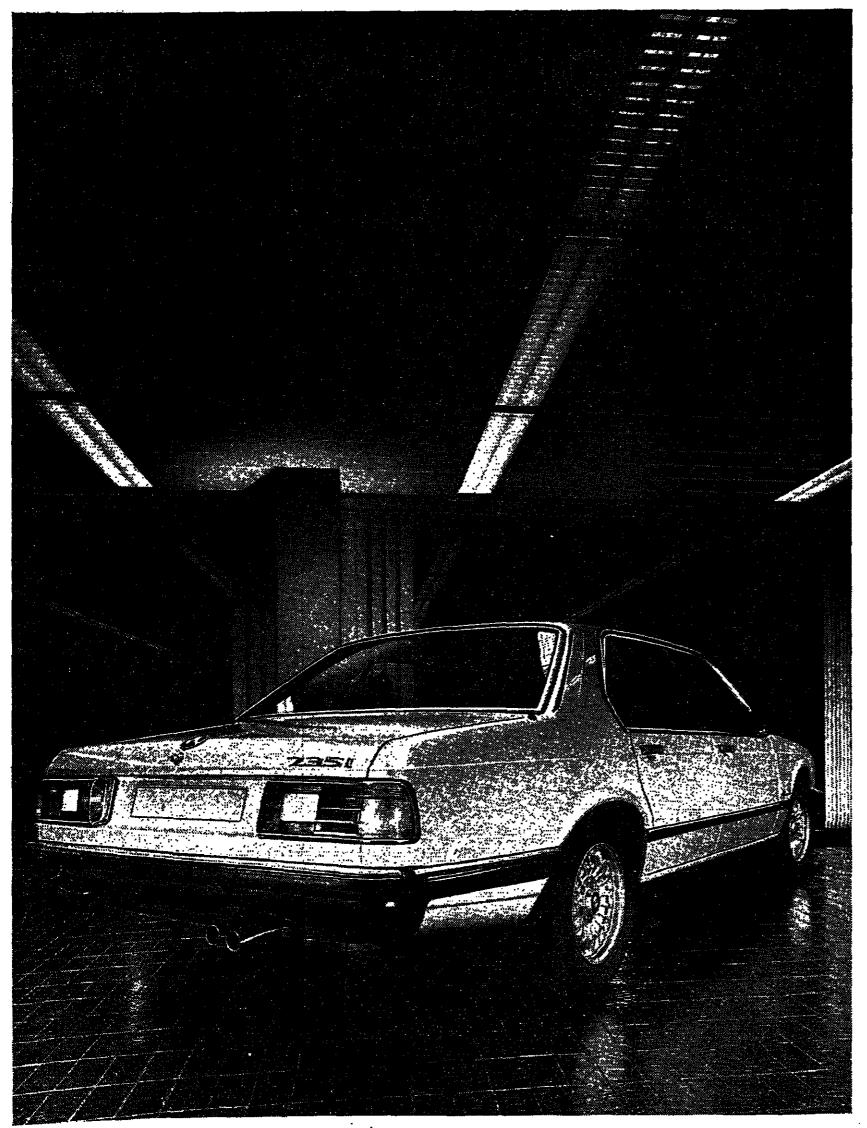


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How genius fell victim to ambition

himself as an artist over a long in the romantic view of the career, but had his painting artist wrestling with his been unremarkable, to have been instrumental in the found-sonal integrity, uncompromised ing of the Royal Academy as England's principal exhibiting and first true teaching institu-tion would have been achieve-

version has already been shown in Paris), is sponsored by the National Westminster Bank and remains on view in Burlington House until March 31. The excellent catalogue is published in association with Weidenfeld & Nicolson at £10.90.

It does not follow necessarily that Reynolds was a great artist. The interest and value of this exhibition lie quite as much with the prejudices and doubts about the work which are confirmed as with the many surprises and insights. Reynolds was nothing if not ambitious, measuring himself against the standards set by the masters of Venetian and Dutch painting in the 16th and 17th centuries. whom he studied deeply. The

Sir Joshua Reynolds was a central figure in the cultural life of 18th-century England, a period when the worlds of arts and letters, politics and society, moved together in natural and easy intercourse. He proved the connection of the romantic view of the roman sonal integrity, uncompromised by commission and expectation;

and it is unfair, to adapt George Eliot's wise Mr Farebrother, to translate our modern critical convenience into earlier men's ment and fame enough.

The Academy is bonouring that achievement with an examination of the life's work.

Reynolds (of which a truncated rely in the public face and image it conferred upon them, Reynolds did no more than Van Dyck and Veronese. Rubens and Titian had done before him. As for the production that the large paintings take tion line. large paintings take more time to make than little ones, and even longer without assistance.

However, whatever Reynolds managed in the way of honorable emulation of his heroes, the early rooms of the exhibition tion show it to have been achieved more by solid application and perseverence than by any easy talent or facility. The early work is stiff and awkward in the conventional English as we discover in the portrait manner of the 1740s, often of of Mrs Hugh Bonfoy (c 1755)—great charm but reflecting the limitations of Thomas Hudson, tude but for her animation and



Portrait of Garrick between Tragedy and Comedy by Sir Joshua Reynolds

the canvas (1747).

But the Italian visit, with the direct experience it gave him of Italian painting, both old and new—to come upon Batoni was to be persuaded that his was an example he did not wish to follow—is the turning point in his career, and the meking in his career, and the making of the mature artist. Thereafter,

always it was Ramsay, more ings as the Elizabeth Gunning subtle and naturally delicate, (1758), or the awkwardly drawho made the cleaner entry. matic Commodore Keppel, his Not until he moved well into early benefactor (1752), stand his forties, with the 1760s, by which age Van Dyck was al-ready dead, did Reynolds come by a reliable ease and confi-dence of handling in his more ambitious works.
The selection of full-lengths

standing so swaggering akimbo, hat in hand (1789). in evidence Throughout his life

in evidence. Throughout his life Reynolds remained prone to deficiencies in drawing, slack-ness in composition and improbable anatomy. That he should rise above The selection of full-lengths that fills Gallery III brings together some splendid images—the saucy and notorious Lady though the exhibition towards worsley in her riding habit (c 1781), the delicious Lady Bampfylde (1777) and the portrait of the Duke of Marlinel borough with his family (c 1775), which is perhaps the almost the last he made before most ambitious work of all. But his eyes gave way, that are it also makes the same point, such faults so often is a mark of the man's determination, and

As for his genius, the thought

nags away as we move past his great machines that it lay elsewhere, the neglected victim of just that midirected ambition which it somewhat perversely stimulated. For Reynolds really stimulated. For Reynolds really was most personal, direct, most sure and true to himself when he was working small, painting the head and the face before him. He painted himself many times his friends and accurate whom he studied deeply. The limitations of Thomas Hudson, tude but for her animation and a flurry of sik and ribbons—
early-1750s before he was 30 simply confirmed that ambition father had first apprenticed freshness.

Reynolds' scholarly, provincial freshness.

By the end of the 1750s Reynolds had only the Scottish only the saucy and notorious Lady through the exhibition towards its end presents us many times through the exhibition towards its end presents us many times through the exhibition towards its end presents us many times through the exhibition towards its end presents us many times, his friends and acquaintended (C 1781), the delicious Lady with classical sentimentality actresses, and always with them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to free the decade and only the Scottish of the Duke of Marking towards and acquaintended through the exhibition towards its end presents us many times with classical sentimentality actresses, and always with them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to free them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to free them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to free them. Allan Ramsay, to dispainted the painter and acquaintended to the painter of the Duke of Marking towards and acquaintended to the painter with classical sentimentality actresses, and always with them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement two male full-lengths, one there is a final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to freat the Duke of Marking them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement two male full-lengths, one there is a final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement to the Duke of Marking them final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement two male full-lengths, one there is a final room of paintings are there is a sense of engagement in the painting many times.

It is too easy to mock to manufacture the painting many times with classical

The Spanish Bawd/Glasgow Michael Coveney

La Celestina by Fernando de Rojas is one of the great semi-nal works of Spanish literature and was a major influence on the Golden Age of drama with which our theatre has lately been fascinated. The book, written around 1500 in sixteen acts, was certainly read aloud or performed in the early part of the 16th century. The Glasgow Citizens' turned up a prose dramatisation by James Mabbe which dates from 1631.

The year of Donne's death and the year of Mabbe which dates from 1631. the year of Donne's death and of Dryden's birth.

of Dryden's birth.

It is an extraordinary discovery, a sort of rude and angry half-way house between Shakespearian comedy and Websterian excess. The bawd Celestina manipulates the affections of the doomed lovers Calisto and Melibea and of her adopted son Melhea and of her attoried son parmeno, while various servants indulge in deceit and double-dealing on a scale that makes a Restoration plot like The Way of the World sound uncompli-

It is not Philip Prowse's fault, therefore, that his production, especially in the first act, is difficult to follow. There is no problem about watching it: Prowse has designed a whitewashed maze of streets and corners with an upper level cut off from the sky by a great torn and hanging yellow canopy: Gerry Jenkinson's lighting can supply sun-baked holiday mood as well as denganger twilight. as well as dangerous twilight for the brawls and stabbings of the second act (the play, run-ning at nearly three hours is given in three sections). A cast of six doubles up above and beneath stairs, with Dennis Knotts leading a quartet of extras as the unsavoury hit-man Crito who responds callously to

occupation of the role, but in his scariet robes, swathes gold chains and head band of dangling brass medals he could be any of these and perhaps a fortune-telling Madame of an insalubrious brothel to boot. It is a performance of even, ambiguous execution would move hard rocks if she list and provoke them to luxury" is one of her earlier reviews — is obviously second nature and Mr MacDonald goes about the business with not a single overcooked gesture (psychological or physical) and a frankly errant Glaswegian

accent.
Similar throwaway use is made of Birmingham and West Country inflections, partly to differentiate one character from another, partly as a curious spur to the type of unnaturalistic provocative playing Prowse is always seeking — Anne Lamb-ton is almost grotesque as the scheming Lucrecia, her mimetic dumb show in severe contrast to her more sheepish Areusa, the girl in love with Parmeno. You might not like what she does, but it is fulsomely ambi-

tious.

Kate Kitovitz is more sedate, liquid even, as Melibea (and Elicia), she alone encouraged to raise the emotional temperature when the price of forfeiting her virginity must be paid. There is good work, too, from Dominic Arnold as a Bowie-ish self-centred Calisto and from Jonathan Phillips as Parmena, the outraged harbinger of truth who follows the fashion of the times in debasing himself at

extras as the unsavoury hitman crito who responds callously to such instructions as "I would have him beaten but not slain."

The company has forged a sinister visual world from Rojas and Mabbe, studded armlets and great robes in browns and blacks contributing to that distinctive Prowse "look" of fantastical contemporaneity; this allows for the various diagnoses of Celestina's craft to prosper in a convincing way—is she a witch, a freak a sorceress or an agony aunt trying to earn an honest bob?

You never quite know with Robert David MacDonald's fears.

The Merchant of Venice/Leicester Haymarket

Martin Hoyle

Is it merely Anglo-Saxon puritanism that makes one puritanism that makes one uneasy at this enjoyable fast-moving production at Leicester Haymarket's little Studio is entertaining full and attentive houses. I have been warned that Brecht's is—not a word easily applied to The Merchant in the late to the century. Therein lies the main defect of Michael Joyce's neat and ingenious chamber production. The seven-strong cast of thoroughly pleasant young people skims over the play's nastier implications, and solves the problems raised by

the portrayal of Shylock by ignoring them.

Midway through its season of classics, the Studio is entertain-brandishing sheikh; his ing-suited exquisite in grey spats, whose opening melancholy is almost explained by the slightly precious tone of his avoids the wrong sort of laughs friend's wooing of Portia. Not noticeably cheered by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed in the caskets.

Nancy Meckler, may yet startle the tolerant burghers next month. Meanwhile, no offence will be taken, and none, patently, is meant, at this play's nastier implications, and classes and attentive houses. I have been warned that Brecht's slightly precious tone of his avoids the wrong sort of laughs friend's wooing of Portia. Not noticeably cheered by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome, his baleful presence, one feels, may well hover discussed by the outcome. The feels of the feels of the feels of the feels of the f puritanism that makes one uneasy at this enjoyable, fastmoving production at Leicester Haymarket's little Studio theatre? Enjoyable it certainly is not a word easily applied to The Merchant in the late 20th century. Therein lies the main defect of Michael Joyce's neat and ingenious chamber production. The seven-strong cast of thoroughly pleasant young people skims over the Solves the problems raised by



Michael Bray (left) and John Baxter

FT 24/1

the quality of mercy speech is no set-piece but a rather sur-prised reply to Shylock's enquiry: brisk, conversational and consistent with the gener-ally intimate, anti-rhetorical

This operates in favour of intense, watchful, he - or the of irony, pathos, and dramatic director—underplays the knife-sharpening, but musters a fair

for the semi-round place the ally the opening violas—lacked odd half-pillar and block of masoury before the backdrop of a gilt-framed Venetian paint- which one listened, hard, and ing which suddenly rises to with reward — and in these reveal Belmont, a chaise-longue Mahler-sated days this is praise and candelabra still within the rarer than perhaps a critic

relief). But the lack of an platform, was not the familiar, overall vision leads to each scene emerging as a separate entity, and leaves us uncertain about Shylock, let alone his adversaries. A fleet-footed production that turns into a niftily evasive side-step.

platform, was not the familiar, radius platform, was not the familiar, such a such productions. Fifth in Schubertian dream-fancy, was introduced by two good tenors, antinony Rolfe Johnson and failure... characterless fugues Anthony Rolfe Johnson and Adrian Thompson, and later joined, and alas! spoiled, by the white-voiced, under-the-note soprano, Margaret Marshall.

Mahler, Schubert/Festival Hall

Max Loppert

The programme that Gary hensive dismissal in the old ertini and the BBC Symphony Penguin Choral Music compen-Bertini and the BBC Symphony presented on Sunday evening was apparently just a little too far out of the ordinary to draw a large audience; but all who heard it will surely have been glad and grateful. The Adagio of the Mahler Tenth Symphony is, in fact, no longer a concert rarity, but that does not make it a less demanding experience for the listener when clearly

and cogently set out. As a Mahlerian, Bertini operates by persuasion, not by main force. The long singlevoiced lines, seemingly way-ward, and the nostalgically rich F sharp major full-choir utter-ances into which they suddenly merge, all gave the impression of moving at their own natural power were tended with an sharpening, but musters a fair amount of repressed rage for the trial scene.

Stephanie Howard's designs individual "voices" — especi-

likes to admit

It is always specially satisfy-ing to have judgments of this kind, on which a generation of choristers was reared, exploded in a single hearing. Imperfect balance between its parts can be detected without much difficulty; for the listener soon comes to feel a certain disunity between Schubert's consciously elaborate (and not always convincing) contrapuntal movements and the peculiarly chaste, fastidious romantic beauty of the others.

In the latter, the power lies above all in the ability to disclose secrets only gradually; and it is these one remem Vocally and instrumentally, Schubert traces curves that are smooth and contained, yet flickers of chromatic harmony lend them a strange glow, and impart to each detail a quiet intensity. From this point of view, the performance began sluggishly, with the gentle opening quaver propulsion in the string bass badly blurred; but quite soon it developed an admirable fluency an admirable admirable fluency, an unexaggerated refinement of

blend and balance. A buoyant and streamlined version of the play, then. The clowns are heavily cut, Old Gobbo totally (to one's guilty relief). But the lack of an platform, was not the familiar, tho, sublime passage of redief). But the lack of an platform was not the familiar, tho, sublime passage of rediefly superiors. Fifth in The five soloists have little trio, sublime passage of Schubertian dream-fancy, was

SPAIN

NEW YORK

New York City Bellet (NY State Thea-ter): The repertory of mixed pro-grammes this week inloades In the

Night, Allegro Brillante and Cage. Lincoln Center (870 5570).

(Wed), (3189277),

Jan 17-23



Des Nealon (left) and Dermot Crowley in "Fland O'Brien's Hard Life" which opened last night at the Tricycle, Kilburn. Kerry Crabbe's play, a biographical meditation directed in classic rough theatre style by Mike Bradwell, was enthusiastically reviewed on this page when first seen last September.

Nikolai Petrov/Elizabeth Hall

David Murray

Efficiency stamina and chunky strength are what mark Petrov's playing, along with a modicum of conventional good sense. (According to his publicity, this paper has declared him to be "among the master planists of our day," but none of us here recalls saying sol. On Sunday afternoon, however, he offered an enterprising programme of giant transcriptions —the sort of thing that not many planists can get their hands pianists can get their hands around, nor would dare to try in

version of the Berlioz version of the Berlioz version of the Berlioz Symphonie fantastique soon after the première. It was an historical landmark in pianowriting, and of course outrageously difficult (though very faithful to Berlioz, without added kinks). Idil Biret's brave performance here a few years performance here a few years ago often conveyed true Berlio ago often conveyed frue Berlio-zian frissons, despite handfuls of wrong notes; there weren't so many finger-slips in Petrov's account, but not much magic either. Orchestral colours—the point of Liszt's exercise—were hardly realised. It was all hefty, indefatigable planism. low an indefatigable planism, low on contrasts and atmosphere. Trills and tremoli obtruded loudly when they should have been faint rumbles and shimmers, and rhythmic continuity was

For all that, it was worth

with a real rarity, Bizet's solo transcription of the Saint-Saëns Second Concerto, as well as the Second Concerto, as well as the now familiar version of La Valse by Ravel himself. The main challenges of the Bizet/Saint-Saëns are the original solo writing itself (often retained intact), which Petrov has no doubt been performing for years, and—trickier.still—the passages where the solo virtuosity has somehow to virtuosity has somehow to accommodate the main orchestral elements too. Here Petrov offered more than just effici-ency: nothing much like wit, nor a soigné Gallis line, but assured brilliance and terrific

La Valse sounded hasty, its La Valse sounded hasty, its tunes crowded unceremoniously upon one another. One suspected that Petrov doesn't appreciate refined decadence of this order. He added no particular spice to the melodies, nor did he capture the insinuating lilt of the beat. Like other ambitious players he contrived to incorporate even more of the orchestra furbelows than Ravel was prepared to do. than Ravel was prepared to do, but they tended—as in the Berlioz transcription—to invade grace in the Wigmore Hall last

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House): Montserrat Caballe sings the title role of Tosca with Luciano Pavarotti as Cavaradossi, conducted by Carlo as cavaracous, continuent by Carlo Felice Cillario in a week that in-cludes Romeo et Juliette with Cath-erine Maliitano and Neil Shicoff in the title roles, conducted by Sylvain Cambreling. Lincoln Center

WASHINGTON

Washington Opera (Terrace): Daugh-ter of the Regiment conducted by ter of the Regiment conducted by Joseph Rescigno with Eric Mills, François Loup and Joyce Castle plays in repertory with Christopher Cohumbus, conducted by Randolph Mauldin with David Eisler, Elaine Bonazzi and Karen Hunt, in Roman Tericcky's new production. Both are sung in English. Ends Feb 2. Kennedy Center. (4228700). public: good for him, and interesting in its own right. Liszt made his solo piano despatch

the foreground and thicken the texture. Young Louis Lortle did as much with far more November, and with a much keener sense of the disturbing undertow of the music. Petrov hearing—the next opportunity is probably too much the may be years away. And Petrov healthy, honest Soviet worker returned after the interval in to come to sympathetic terms distinctly more elegant form with it,

Guide to museum treasures

The National Art Collections museums and galleries. Fund has released its first major

Fund has released its first major publishing venture for many years—The Fine and Decorative Art Collections of Britain and Ireland, which covers the treation of Britain and Ireland, which covers the treation in the special collections in many lesser known museums. Published with Weidenfeld and Nicholson, it costs £30.

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Arts Guide

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuasday. Thestre/Wednes-day Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts ap-

Condon

London

Boyal Opera House, Covent Garden:
Royal Ballet in Manon. (240 1066).

PARIS

The Nederlands Dans Theatre with Sinaphai by Nacho Duato to music by Kenskis and Vangelis, Hans van Manen's Ballet scenes and Jiri Kylian's Lieder eines fahrenden Gesellen (Mahler). Mon in Nijmegen, Schouwburg (221100); The in Tiburg, Schouwburg (42220); Wed in Den Bosch, Casino (125 125); Thur in Zindhoven, Schouwburg (11 11 22).

a Traviata co-produced with the Tea-tro Comunale of Florence and New York's Metropolitan Opera conduct-ed by Zubin Mehta/Rico Saccani in Zeffirelli's production. Violetta is sung by Cecitia Gasdia/Etelka Cssv-lek, Flora by Eva Saurova, while the role of Alfredo is alternately held by Giacomo Arugall, Neil Rosenhein and Manfred Fink. Paris Opéra (4268 5022). (4266 5022).

pectacle Group "39 bis de Mémoire" in Wilfride Plollet's and Jean Guiz-erix choreography at the Opéra Comique (42980811).

Black and Blue. A swinging black re-vue brings back the mood of the 1920s with melodies by Louis Arm-strong, Duke Ellington, Fats Waller at the TMP-Châtelet. (4233000).

NETHERLANDS

rnhem, Stadsschouwburg. The Op-era Forum production of Pelléas et Melisande (Tue, Thur). (422741). instelveen, Caltureel Centrum. Or-pheus in the Underworld from the Munich Touring Company directed by Kurt Rösler, with soloists, choir

and orchestra under Paul Popescu (Tue). (458444).

ITALY lilan, Teatro Alla Scala: The Salzburg Festival production of Luciano Be-rio's Un Re in Ascolto with libretto by Italo Calvino. The production is by Goetz Friedrich with scenery by Gunther Schneider-Siemssen. In the cast are Victor Braun, Heinz Zednik, Sergio Tedesco, Rebecca Littie and Polonnie.

Amsterdam, Carre Thentre. The National Ballet in a free interpretation of the Bacchae by Euripides. Directed by Garardian Reinders with music composed by Bondweijn Tarenskeen (Tue to Thur). (225225).

Rohangiz Yachmi, Turin, Teatro Regio: Luigi Dallapicco-la's Ulisse conducted by Milan Hor-vat. Production, scenery and cos-tumes by Silvano Bussotti, Walter Alberti, Maurizio Barbacini and

WEST GERMANY

Carlo Besto. (548000).

Berlin, Deutsche Oper: This week's highlight is Aida with Anna Tomo-wa-Sintow making her debut in the title role and Giorgio Lamberti and Ingvar Wixell. Zar und Zimmer-

Volkseper: The Beggar's Opera; My Fair Lady; Hänsel und Gretel; Das Land des Lächelns. (5324/2657). Sieber, Donald Grobe and Peter Mans. Ariadne and Naxos features Janis Martin, Buthild Engert and Gerd Feldhoff. Fidelio is respectable with Ingrid Bioner brilliant as Le-onore. Die lustigen Weiber von ercelona, Manon by Massenet star-ring Alfredo Kraus, Ana Maria Gon-zalez, Enric Serra and John-Paul Bogart, conducted by Jean Perisson. Gran Teatre del Licau, Sant Pan 1. rounds off the week.

Hamburg, Staatsoper: My Fair Lady has Gabriele Ramm as Eliza Doolit-tle and Boy Gobert playing Henry Higgins, Otello, sung in Italian, is well cast with Julia Varady, Vladi-mir Atlantow and Piero Cappuelli, Der Pliegende Holländer brings to-gether Lisbeth Balsley, Robert Schunk and Kurt Moll. Wozzek re-turns, (351151). turns. (35 (151).

Frankfurt, Opera: The highly-ac-claimed production of Die Trojaner produced by Ruth Berghaus has An-ja Silja and Rachel Gettler in the main parts. Dido und Aeneas with Glenys Linos as Dido and Valantin Jar as Aeness is conducted by Mi-chael Boder. Also Fidelio. (25621).

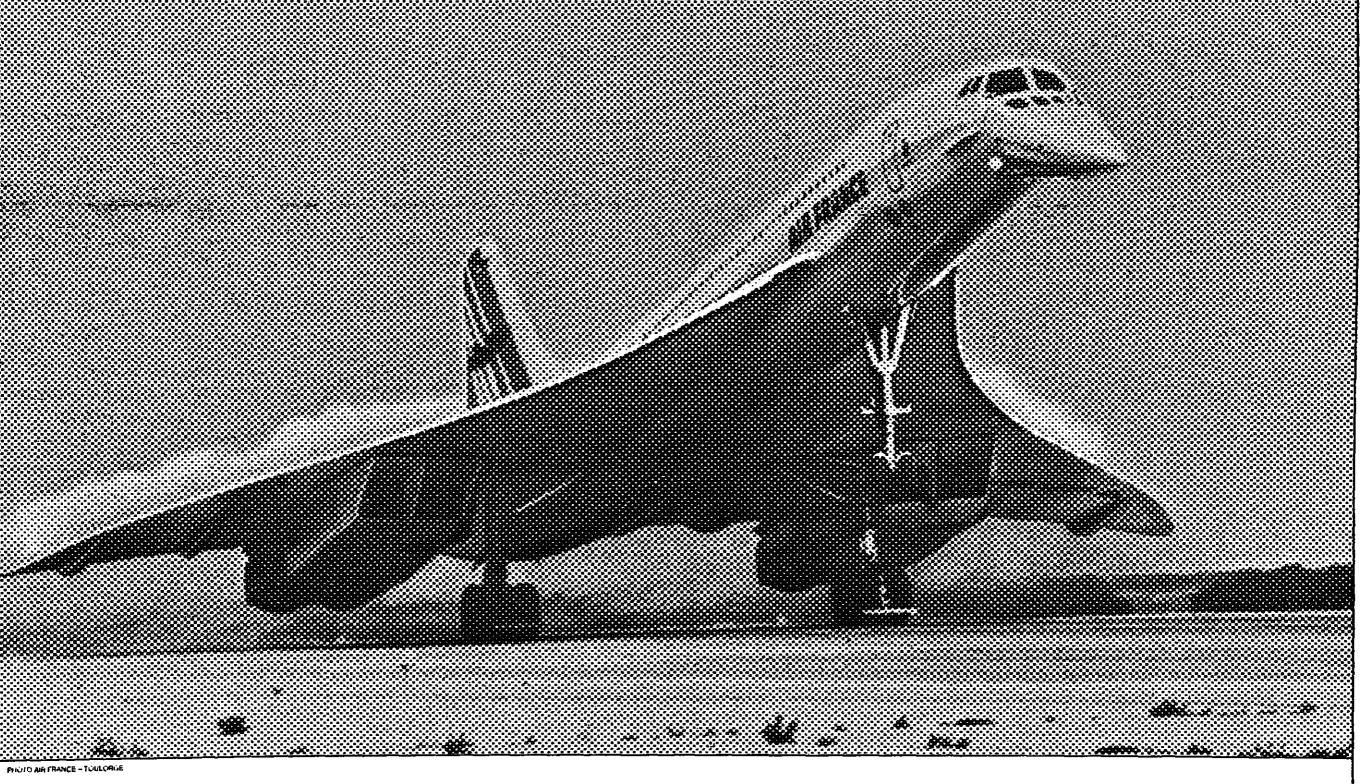
München, Bayerische Staatsoper: Ara-bella stars Marjana Lipovsek, Lucia Popp and Wolfgang Brendel, (21851).

VIENNA

Staatsoper: Lucia di Lammermoor conducted by Zedda with Grubero-va; Faust conducted by Lombard with Benackova-Cap, Renée, Jahn, Araiza, Raimondi, Weikl; Gala con-ducted by Levine with Baltsa, Gru-berova, Freni, M. Price, Leonie Ry-sanek, Araiza, Kraus, Prey, Weikl. (Wed), (5324/955). (Wed). (5324/2655).



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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday January 21 1986

Go-ahead for the rail link

THE TWO governments have mine the returns on the first played it safe by opting for a link—a condition which could twin-bore rail tunnel across the channel, and what looks like a face-saving conditional committing to come up with plans for a next century. road link by the end of the

they imposed on themselves with a very tight time-table, they probably had little alternative. And the sense of anticlimax needs to be kept under control. Even in the relatively control. Even in the relatively modest form which has been approved, the winning scheme submitted by the Channel Tunnel Group will test the financing and engineering resources of France and the UK.

Most independent studies in the control tracks have severed in

recent years have favoured a twin-bore tunnel of this type, for reasons which were summed up last month in a report by the House of Commons Trans-port Committee.

The scheme uses proven technology, and its price compares favourably with those of its unsuccessful rivals. So it should have the best chance of being finished on time and on require such a large volume of traffic to be profitable, the ferries should have a better chance of staying in business. It also has an edge in environmental terms. Overall, this is the scheme which would have been most likely to come up trumps if it had been found possible to leave the choice to market forces.

The winning consortium argues with some force that it could not have put a price on a road link at this stage, given the technical problems of ventilation and the geological risks of going deeper into the bed. And its financial backers require the assurance have exclusive rights to the fixed link franchise for a period

This explains the compromise whereby the Channel Tunnel Group will have the exclusive right until the end of this century to come up with proposals for a road link. On there is any chance that a road link will be completed to cream away some of the revenues. The Channel Tunnel Group will not have to go ahead with any between the

oad link by the end of the entury.

Given the constraints which time table, the governments to ensure that the part of the winning consortium. It will be important during the coming weeks for the company that the company the constraint that the company the constraint that the company that the c they are not signing away the chance of a road link until the end of the concession period in the year 2020 or beyond. Other crucial elements in the concession have also to be pinned down. The governments

need to seek protection against

Opportunity

This project should not be looked at in isolation. For all its scale, it will only be a part of the transport links between France and the UK, and the other elements need to be encouraged as effective competition. Hand in hand with the Channel tunnel should come a drive to deregulate restrictions on the price and availability of air transport between the two countries. And the two governments could find no better opportunity to demon-strate their determination to cut back customs barriers and passport restrictions. Progress on these fronts would have the added advantage of supporting the economic benefits to be derived from the link. Taken together, they would make a real difference to the smooth flow of traffic between the two

The decision to build the fixed link-and the fact that amicable agreement reached between London and Paris has a symbolic impor-tance which goes far beyond proposals for a road link. On the short-term political gains this timetable, the bank loans for the two governments. Its should have been repaid before practical value will be the greater if it helps to accelerate the removal of all the other barriers which hinder the movement of people and goods

Danish need for

has the chance to move the against the Community is that European Community a small it is ineffectual. By bowing to a step along the stony road to Danish request for a "better greater efficiency and a more deal" it would merely complete internal market. The likelihood is that it will refuse Schneter has already taken a NatWest board that chance by turning down the proposals worked out at the to stage a referendum on the last European summit in whole matter, probably next November. Fortunately a new month. opinion poll provides reason to hope that the Danish people practice force the hands of are sufficiently realistic to dis-both Government and Parliaown such a refusal.

After the summit two Com-

proposals, particularly for increasing the powers of the European Parliament, did not them too far reaching.

The way towards Rome lift-

ing its reservations has probmentals is that, through is
ably been cleared by the European Parliament itself which
has grudgingly accepted the Common Market. The benefits Luxembourg package. Rome had made its acceptance of the proposals dependent upon their

Revised deal

Hence the responsibility developing upon the Danes is all the greater. It is in their power to clear the way for what is a modest proposal, but one that is useful as far as it of the three though the transfer of the three three transfer of the goes. But a majority of the Danish Social Democrats have decided to reject the Luxembourg plan because they are afraid it will whittle away some of the sovereignty of their parliament and that stringent Danish environmental rules may be watered down by Com-

munity legislation.

Without Social Democratic lady, smallest among the big support Mr Schlueter will be nable to carry the day in Parliament because one of the Taken to its logical conparties of his minority coalition, the radical Venstre is isolations; and honce anti-EEC and also anti-Nato 25 and the Danish Social Democrats to be tightened.

Taken to its logical conclusion, the position taken by the Danish Social Democrats to be tightened.

They should reject such a the sufferer.

THE DANISH Parliament today request. The main charge made rebuff into account and intends

Such a referendum would in ment even though, constitu-tionally speaking, it can be munity members announced consultative only. The opinion reservations: Italy, because the poll just published on this matter points towards a popular majority for accepting the Luxembourg package. If that is correct, hte Danish electorate go far enough; Denmark is correct, hte Danish electorate because the Prime Minister, has grasped some fundamentals Mr Poul Schlueter, knew that about Danish relations with the a parliamentary majority in Community and is showing a parliamentary majority in Community and is showing Copenhagen was likely to think greater realism than some of the politicians.

The chief of these funda-

exembourg package. Rome would not have been available d made its acceptance of the if, like Norway, it had not oposals dependent upon their joined the EEC and concluded ssing the European Parlia- a free trade agreement instead. ment as well as that in Rome.
Italy, therefore, will probably take the attitude that half a loaf is better than no bread.

Beginned deal

By standing aloof from the Luxembourg proposals, Denmark would be trying to pick and choose what it will not accept from its partners. But in a Community there has to be give and take. It is not as though Copenhagen (or any other capital) is being

Luxembourg proposals should also bear in mind that others among the smaller members of the Community have usually felt that more rather than less integration is the way to protect themselves against being members. The Netherlands and Belgium have pursued that line,

also anti-Nato. As a result from the Community. Though Denmark will probably attend some people in Denmark may the next FEC foreign ministers' still be fascinated by the meeting and ask for a revised chimera of Nordic unity, that is deal from the other 11 members not a realistic option. Denmark, not the Community, would be

BY MOST accounts, the Distillers board meeting last Sunday night was a tense affair. A stream of calculated leaks to newspapers over the weekend setting out the terms of a merger with Guinness, the brewer and drinks company, had caught the board wrong-footed. At least one senior Distillers director felt that he was being "bounced" into a merger whose merits had yet to be fully agreed.

By 9.30 am yesterday it was clear that a quiet massacre had taken place the night before at Distillers elegant headquarters in St James's, London. Cuinness an-nounced that it was launting a £2.3bn agreed bid for Distillers (DCL), the international scotch whisky and gin business. There was no doubt who would be in charge.

which would have a market capi talisation of almost £3bn, ranking it 10th in the FT 500, has yet to be named. But it will be run by Mr Ernest Saunders, chief executive of Guinness, the suave marketing man who has built up a golden reputation in the City in the past four years. Mr John Connell, the bruised chairman of Distillers, is to be vice-chairman; but some nine
Distillers executive directors
and two non-executive directors
fall to make the new group board.

If the merger comes off-

need to seek protection against excessive exploitation of the concession which they are handing out, by establishing a firm regime against predatory pricing. They will also need to guard against the possibility of excess profits in the final decade of the concession. The Transport Committee suggested some form of sliding scale of tax liability similar to that applied to oil revenues.

Opportunity

If the merger comes off—and there is a possibility that it will be blocked on monopoly grounds — it would mark the end of a long road for Distillers. After the trauma of Thalidomide, the group struggled to regain its confidence and to reverse the steep decline in its market share in the UK and overseas. Over the past six weeks, Distillers has been trying to wriggle free from the clutches of Argyll, the UK supermarkets of Argyll, the UK supermarkets group build up by Mr James Gulliver, which last month launched a £1.9bn hostile takeover bid. Its defence has not been impressive, often de-generating into a series of accuracy of its advertising cam-paign. When Mr Leon Brittan, Trade and Industry Secretary, decided ten days ago not to refer Argyll's bid to the Mono-polies Commission, the options before the Distillers board began to narrow fast.

Enter Guinness and Mr Saunders, keen observers of the developing battle ever since Argyll's bid intentions were leaked prematurely last September. According to Mr Roger Seelig, of Morgan Grenfell, ber. According to Mr Roger and more than 50 per cent of Seelig, of Morgan Grenfell, total whisky production in advisers to Guinness, the interest in "offening a better "We clearly would not have and constructive solution" to embarked on this course with-

WHILE the battle rages over spirits of the flagging Distillers Company, the industry is relieved simply to have held its own last year.

Although figures are not yet available for 1985 sales, the indications are that the domestic market will be slightly up and the export market will be slight het slightly down. "Sales have bottomed out over the last three years or so," says the Scotch Whisky Association, "and we are looking for modest

plunge at the onset of the re- marketing of Scotch with 1980 and 1984 and around 7.500 was in the mid-1970s

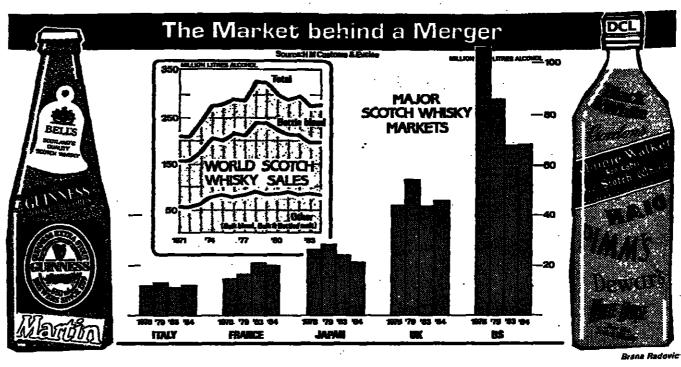
Sir Richard Butler, president

of the National Farmers' Union, is moving to comfortable new pastures when he retires next

THE GUINNESS-DCL BID

A perfectly timed punch but not yet a knockout

By Lionel Barber and Lisa Wood



The intervention of Guinness generating into a series of squabbles with Argyll over the accuracy of its advertising campaign. When Mr Leon Brittan, Trade and Industry Secretary, decided ten days ago not to refer Argyll's bid to the Monopolies Commission, the options the Dictillary than the Dict -just a week before the official for Arthur Bell, the Scotch gation.

whisky company.

But the initial obstacle is the Office of Fair Trading. The newly enlarged group would control around 35 per cent of the UK Scotch whisky market

Distillers accelerated once the out taking full benefit of the whicky group failed to secure informal guidance procedure at a Monopolies Commission reference the OFT."

London are convinced that the September 1985 on turnover of company needs outside management to galvanise its perform. But the Distillers' acquisition However, the OFT issued a statement yesterday which appeared to contradict this:

"There is no, repeat no, ques-tion of any bidder having been told at this time that any bid other than that by Argyll for Distillers would not be referred to the Monopolies and Merger Commission for fuller investi-Even if Mr Saunders can

ersuade the OFT that there is no need for a reference, he must still convince the City that Guinness is good for Distillers and vice versa. Despite the Distillers adver-

ance. Though pre-tax profits are rising, after four years of near stagnation at just under £200m, there is a view that much more can be squeezed out of the group.

This is Mr Saunders' strongest card. When he came into Guimess in 1981, the brewing group's profits were down from £43.3m to £41.8m on turnover of £905.6m.

Over the next four years, Mr Saunders sold around 140 com-panies and concentrated the group's activities into four areas: international beverages,

is a leap into a new league. It will double the size of Guinness's share capital and will create gearing on a pro-forma basis of more than 90 per cent. Guinness and its advisers, Morgan Grenfell, are confident

that the gearing will fall rapidly over the next two years, if the bid succeeds, perhaps to less than 40 per cent. To achieve this Guinness, like Argyll, would sell assets: properties, particularly in London, can be disposed of on sale and leaseback.

Guinness, also like Argyll, sees substantial benefits by cutting overheads. Above all Guinness thinks that Distillers' whisky tising campaign, trumpeting the retailing, publishing and health. thinks that Distillers' whisky group's turnaround under Mr Last week, Guinness announced brands such as Johnnie Walker, Conneil, institutional share- a 22 per cent rise in annual Haig, and Black and White can holders in Scotland and in pre-tax profits to £86m to be revitalised.

Mr Saunders, 50, has after all an established reputation as a marketing man. Shortly after marketing man, snortly after leaving Cambridge University with a law degree, he moved to J. Walter Thompson where he promoted such brands as Persil, Horticks and Ribena. By the age of 30, he was managing director of Beechams Products International before moving again

for a seven-year stint with The proposed acquisition of Distillers, which makes 95 per cent of its pre-tax profits overseas on sales of around fl.27bn marks a major shift for Guinness further into the drinks industry, a process begun with the acquisition of Arthur Bell.

But it raises the question of. why Guinness the question of why Guinness that not bid for Distillers last year, instead of Bell, and whether the present move for DCL is more than a defensive move to protect Guinness from Argyll.

Mr Gulliver, who established a reputation in marketing too, primarily through the Fine Fare supermarket chain is still intent on keeping its own bid for Distillers in place.
He describes the Guinness move as a spoiling tactic, which will very likely lead to Monopolies Commission reference: "This is a cobbled together deal borne of desperation."

Mr Oliver Roux, the management consultant appointed by Mr Saunders to the Guinness board and the proposed group board supervising Distillers disagrees: "Bell is a fantastic company. We intend to do the same job on Distillers that we massive underwriting exercise—at £1.6bn it more than doubles the £800m achieved by Argyll when it klunched its own bid — some City institutions clearly believe that Mr Saunders and his team are the manage ment men of the moment.

But there are some who argue that the pace of acquisitions is just a little too bectic. Though deal, they include £1m paid for Cranks, a minor chain of health food restaurants, a majority stake in Hedlard, a French gourmet business, and the purchase of Martin, the newsagents. These acquistions are. of course, dwarfed b ythe Distillers deal. But the speed with which Mr Saunders and his merchant banks advisers acted -concluding negotiations all round within one week-suggests a certain bravura for the big deal or, given the uncer-tainty within the Distillers board, perfect timing for the

SCOTCH WHISKY: IN SEARCH OF AN UPTURN

cession. Demand in the key US market, accounting for 28 per cent of sales in 1983, fell by 18 per cent between 1977 and 1983. Today total sales of Scotch Whisky are still 15 per cent below their 1979 levels. Apart from the recession

reasons for the decline include: A major shift in drinking habits in countries such as the US. which has seen a healthscotton whisky Association, U.S. which has seen a negative found itself swamped by stocks growth although it looks like drinks like white wine.

Skilful marketing of rival down in the 1970s in anticipasales in 1985 will be similar to
sales in 1985 will be similar to
those of 1984.

A shaky recovery it must be
said after the early 1980s when
the industry, whose major EEC-commissioned report on A significant to the side of the sale o

economic crisis has produced a scarcity of foreign exchange, The growth in commodity, low-status local whiskles and low strength cut-price labels in both the UK and abroad. As a result of these pressures, the industry in the early 1980s

tion of annual growth in consumption of up to 8 per cent

cognac.

The imposition of import tariffs, particularly in Latin American countries, where conomic cricis has a residued to the conomic cricis has a residued to the conomic cricis has a residue to the conomic c took the industry a long time to cut production, which is currently running at around 45

per cent of capacity. "Closing distilleries is not something we do lightly," says Mr John Connell, chairman of DCL which has mothballed a total of 21 distilleries. While criticism industry has been rife and

fashionable—over the period, there has until the last year been little takeover activity in players include DCL, Bell's, sales of EEC wines and liquors began. Some 20 per cent of malt profits during the recession. Allied Lyons, Highland Distiling Japan, for example, unwhistly distillery capacity was leries and Seagram, saw sales favourably compared the closed or mothballed between over activity in the industry

company's marketing shility. In the UK a merger between Guiness and DCL would com-mand some 35 per cent of the UK Scotch whisky market,

Such a share, some in the industry argued yesterday, would give the combined group considerable extra muscle in the UK retailing sector, where manufacturers throughout the food and drink business allege the concentration of purchasing future of their brands.

Identification of the right industry."

ABN Bank

brands has been a pre-occupation for Guinness in its recen acquisitions: Champneys, the Health Spa, are felt to have valuable and marketable social cachet. Guinness has made much of

its skills in rejuvenating brands such as its stopt, but taking on the DCL whisky business could be quite a feat for a group that knew nothing about Scotch whisky prior to its purchase of Arthur Bell last year.

ness appears to be undimmed. Mr Neil Scorse of stockbrokers De Zote & Bevan said yesterday; "A merger of DCL and group of retailers is detrimental focused sense of direction and to their profit margins and the strategic development to the company and ultimately to the

Financial & Gen. Sec. 121%

But the City's faith in Guin-

Men and Matters

month. He has been appointed a main board director of National Westminster Bank. Yeutter, who has been trying to break down Japanese barriers to meat imports, also sent Michio Watanabe, the Japanese Mild-mannered Butler, just turned 57, announced his re-tirement in November after Minister of International Trade and Industry, home from the San Diego meeting with his hands full of "some good Nebraska beef."

Brussels.

His delegation must have

booked it on Imperial—an air-line which had gone bankrupt

One of the hazards of working

in Tokyo, a colleague tells me, is the high degree of exposure to muzak. Nearly every corporate switchboard in Japan is now equipped to play some tinkling melody or other to a caller put on hold.

There seems to be no rhyme

or reason about which office plays which song. The FT's Tokyo office offers a rendering of Greensleeves, as does IBM Japan. The oil policy division of the Ministry for International Trade and Industry plays much from Sava Valve.

plays music from Swan Lake;

Canon, the camera people, treat

callers to Home on the Range. Much (inescapable) research

suggests that Citibank Japan

offers its clients rather better

music-box melodies. A Citibank

tapes every two weeks, treating callers to Chopin concertos

and other high-brow stuff.

official says that it changes its

three days earlier.

Chopsticks

caller put on hold.

nearly seven years in the job and months of speculation that he would be going. Son of Lord (Rab) Butler, the late Tory Cabinet minister, and a farmer himself since 1953, he had distinctly mixed reviews from the farming industry. Though he was often portrayed as an adept backroom lobbyist—" the dining-room diplomat," as one farming paper called him-many farmers feel he was an unconvincing public leader.

Butler does not have any first-hand experience of banking but will, no doubt, feel at home in the boardroom of Britain's second largest bank. Lord Boardman, NatWest's chairman, who was a long-time friend of his late father, and several other board members, either own farms or are closely connected with the industry.

The bank is second only to Barclays in the business of lending to farmers. About 8 per cent of its loan portfolio is agricultural.

Trade marked

Willy De Clerq, the European Trade Minister, returned to Brussels yesterday from Texas, loaded down with some loaded messages from Clayton Yeutter, President Reagan's trade representative.

De Clerq carried a few bottles of Californian wine, a symbol of the California grape growers' running complaints about EEC wine imports; cases of oranges and lemons, in cele-bration of the unesding citrus and pasta trade wars; and packets of walnuts and raisins, to mark the successful conclusion of the battle over canned fruit trade.

This policy, however, went slightly awry in the bank's Manila office. There, it seems, one of the younger employees recently plugged the music of De Clerq was understandably reluctant to discuss the pos-sibility of having to pay import duties on his gifts back in

Broad base

his delegation must have been hoping not. The trip was already running over budget. When the group got off its KLM jet in Los Angeles to change planes for the short hop to San Diego, it discovered that the bureaucrats in Brussels had booked it on Imperial an eight Broad Street Associates, the PR panies involved in takeover bids, has brought a manage-ment specialist onto its own board in the shape of Roy Close, former director general of the British Institute of Management

Management.
Close, 65, who stepped down
last March after nine years at
the BIM, has become Broad Street's first chairman. He will be non-executive, but expects to spend two or three days a week



Summer, into the switchboard. Disco ruled OK - until a senior Citibank executive from Tokyo called Manila and was put en hold. Now it's back to Chopin.

company whose advice has been in demand recently from com-

in the job. "As director general of the BIM, you get to know a lot of people," he says. "I can also bring them a bit of management and organisational Close will combine his post at Broad Street with three other

non-executive directorships, and the chair of the Open University's management education programme board. Close's last

Close's last prolonged involvement with the media was on the other side of the fence, as an industrial writer with The Times between 1941 Broad Street has grown rapidly since it was founded in 1977 by Brian Basham, the noisily extrovert, 42-year-old

managing director. It now has a staff of 53, annual pr revenues of £1.5m and advertising billings of £3m.

It is currently advising Jimmy Gulliver's Argyll Group on its £1.8bn takeover bid for Distillers. It also helped Britannia Argyli a research. Britannia Arrow in its succe ful defence against Guinness Peat bid.

Ear-Whigs?

The Conservative government of Newfoundland bugging Liberal cancus meet-But premier Brian Peckford

said mysteriously, "I have my own CIA," when taxed about his detailed knowledge of the opposition's caucus strategy.

The Liberals have now discovered the nature of Peck-ford's information system. The walls of the Liberal's caucus room are so thin that every word spoken can be heard in the government members' offices next door.

Handbook

At one Midlands factory victim of endless industria disputes and stoppages, it is being said that the workers no longer clock in — they sign the visitors' book.

Observer

BASE LENDING RATES

.... 121% # Hambros Bank 121% Allied Dunbar & Co. 121% Heritable & Gen. Trust 121% Allied Irish Bank 121% # Hill Samuel\$121% American Express Bk. 121% C. Hoare & Co. 121% Hongkong & Shanghai 124% Henry Ansbacher 121% Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 121% Associates Cap. Corp.... 12 % Knowsley & Co. Ltd... 13 % Lloyds Bank 121% Banco de Bilbao 121% Bank Hapoalim 121% Edward Manson & Co. 131% Bank Leumi (UK) ... 121% Meghraj & Sons Ltd.... 121% BCCI 121% Midland Bank 121% Bank of Ireland 121% Morgan Grenfeli 121% Bank of Cyprus 121% Mount Credit Corp. Ltd. 121% National Bk. of Kuwait 121% Bank of India 121% Bank of Scotland 121% National Girobank ... 121% National Westminster 121% Banque Belge Ltd. 12ig Barclays Bank 121% Northern Bank Ltd. ... 121% Norwich Gen. Trust ... 12}% Beneficial Trust Ltd.... 131% People's Trust 13}% Brit. Bank of Mid. East 124% ■ Brown Shipley 121% PK Finans, Intl. (UK) 13 % CL Bank Nederland ... 121% Provincial Trust Ltd.... 131% Canada Permanent 125% R. Raphael & Sons ... 121% Cayzer Ltd. 1219g Roxburghe Guarantee 13 % Royal Bank of Scotland 121% Cedar Holdings 13 % Royal Trust Co.Canada 123% ■ Charterhouse Japhet... 121% Standard Chartered ... 12}% Citibank NA 121% Citibank Savings 1121% TCB 121% Trustee Savings Bank 121% City Merchant Bank... 121% Clydesdale Bank 121% United Bank of Kuwait 121% C. E. Coates & Co. Ltd. 13 % United Mizrahi Bank... 121% Westpac Banking Corp. 121% Comm. Bk. N. East ... 121% Consolidated Credits... 121% Whiteaway Laidlaw ... 13 % Continental Trust Ltd. 121% Yorkshire Bank 121% Co-operative Bank*121% The Cyprus Popular Bk 121% Members of the Accepting House, Duncan Lawrie 121%

Exeter Trust Ltd. 13 % 8.03%. Top Tier-£2.500+ at 3 months notice 12.08%. At cell when £10,000+ remeins deposited.

First Nat. Fin. Corp.... 121% First Nat. Sec. Ltd. ... 121% + Call deposits C1,000 and over ■ Robert Fleming & Co. 12}% 9% gross.

Robert Fraser & Ptrs. 13:7% a Mortgaga base rate.

Grindlays Bank\$12}% # Grinness Mahon 121% § Domand dep. 8%. Mortgege 13%.



Letters to the Editor

Public spending as a proportion of GDP

From Mr A Sutherland Sir, - You are of course correct in saying (January 16) that much of the increase in public spending is the result of increased transfer payments.
Alas, you nevertheless say that "public spending as a pro-gordion of GDP may not fall which you do not state, is not significantly below the ratio of a matter of ideology. It follows

were produced, and absorbed, during the year. If GDP is to be "absorbed," the items so disposed of must form part of the national income in the first than the national income in the first transfer payments redistribute of their policy targets. Need

ceipts from assets sales to the in the calculation of GDP, might be interested to know spending total) this means that Dividing a number for "public whether you would continue to changes of ownership of existing assets, which is what privating by a number for "GDP, which herently wrong with public isation produces, should have by definition excludes transported and uses made of sources and uses made of sources and uses made of sources. the sources and uses made of sense. significantly below the ratio of a matter of ideology. It follows 43 per cent inherited in 1973-1979; and remark that "there is nothing inherently wrong is nothing inherently wrong with public spending absorbing 45 per cent of GDP. ..."

These numerical remarks embody a serious conceptual confusion — as does the White Paper itself. GDP measures the flow of goods and services that they are not directly observable via this route.

place. As you properly imply rather than absorb national in- the Financial Times compound Alister Sutherland.

(when you add back the re- come, they too are not included their mistake? Indeed readers Trinity College, Cambridge.

economics textbook. Unfortunately they become vitally important when governments

COURT

sense.

Those portions of "public in comparable units, ie, of spending" which do involve spending on goods and services. If a properly measured future rent and capital expenditure on goods and services. These to look high, can the same be amount to an absorption of said for the actual ratio of a about a quarter? And if looking at a guarter? about a quarter of GDP, not of quarter? And if looking at a 40 odd per cent. 40 odd per cent. meaningful ratio would change
These definitional matters your view, should the same not are fully set out in any decent happen to Government?

The role of the state is worth arguing about. So are the financial implications of the absolute amount of public spending. But "public spending as a propor-tion of GDP" is mere propaganda.

issue, but the majority of its

murder? Surely it is the jurors' understanding that crime could

have been committed that

cial view point, an immediate

WELL IF YOU'RE THE THO SPECIAL ADVISERS ON MY CLIENT'S FRAUD TRIAL

WHO HAVE WE JUST BRIBED \$5000

TO GET HIM OFF?

Replacing fraud case juries

A twelve person jury drawn counts. from the public at large may not William N. Latey, have an instant grasp of the 32 Aynhoe Road W14.

Tunnel ventilation problems

From Mr R. Marsh

Sir,—Having used the Geneva the hope that, if the chosen underground car park every day for some years I was surprised by Jennifer Hall's experience (January 14). So, I think, the prandial requirements of would be the French family I travellers. saw there recently on a rainy Rowan M. L. Marsh. Saturday having hunch (folding table, chairs etc.) beside their search the control of the prandial requirements of travellers.

Saturday having hunch (folding table, chairs etc.) beside their search the hope that, if the chosen cross—or sub-channel project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet travellers.

Rowan Mr R. Marsh

the hope that, if the chosen cross—or sub-channel project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet travellers.

Rowan Mr R. Marsh

the hope that, if the chosen cross—or sub-channel project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a road, provision will be made for lay-bys to meet project does include a r

From Mr D. Starkie

Sir,—Sir Norman Payne
(January 15) states that permission has been granted for a new terminal at Stansted.
This requires elucidation. British Airports Authority has received planning permission to expand Stansted but what it has not yet received is the Secretary of State's approval of its proposed investment plan.

In the recent airports White cial view point, an immediate large scale expansion of Stanted cogstitutes a poor investment. We might well be wrong, but surely the best course of action is to finalise private capital into BAA and then let the new board make the decision on the appropriate pace and style of development at Stansted.

If the Covernment prejudges

In the recent airports White these aspects and gets it wrong.

Paper the Government stated the effect could well be a that it expects BAA to show serious reduction in the prothat its investment in Stansted ceeds the Exchequer receives will earn an acceptable rate of from the floration of BAA.

return. What the Government David Starkie.
regards as acceptable remains Institute for Fiscal Studies,
to be seen. Our calculations 180-182 Tottenham Court Road,
indicate that, from a commerW1.

House buying chain delays

From Mr W. Lotey, Sir, — If juries in fraud cases

verdicts will not be unduly in-fluenced by ther other "old

boy "

Status of the Patent Office

From Mr P. Downton

Sir,-The Secretary of State for Trade and Industry's decision to change the status of the Patent Office (January 14) is surprising. Mr Brittan said in his parliamentary reply that changing the status would make it more responsive to the needs of innovators. This must be a matter for speculation. Quangos are not renowned for their responsive cess interests.

Mr Brittan said that a change in status would free the Patent Office from the traditional civil service framework. One wonders, however, why the Government is unable to change the traditional framework to allow the Office to operate in the manner the Government

Mr Brittan also said that the change in status would ensure that the Patent Office would be self-supporting from fees and free to finance investment pro-grammes, The Office, however, 75-79, York Road, SE1.

is already self-supporting and the financial flexibility the Government desires could be obtained by providing it with a

trading fund.
It should be noted that the Secretary of State intends to retain the power to set targets. Thus is seems highly unlikely that the quango will have greater freedom. Fees will be determined by the Minister.

Changing the status of the Patent Office will not be of any benefit to the Company of the Patent Office will not be of any benefit to users. There are no functions that the Office can

perform as a quango that it cannot perform within the civil service The attention of Patent Office management will be diverted for at least the next two years to the creation of the quango, rather than the problem of users or of enhancing the services provided. vice provided.

(Assistant Secretary), Institution of Professional

The retail price of petrol

From Mr D. Crabbe

Sir,-At around this time last year, with the pound having fallen to \$1.10 and oil at close to \$30 a barrel, the oil com-panies felt justified in raising the retail price of a gallon of four-star petroi to within a fraction of a penny of £2. We read at the time that this would result the time that this would allow producers, refiners, and retailers adequate margins. The budget in March, as we all know, then made the \$2 gallon

Since then the pound has to wait for some enterprising recovered by over 30 cents characters to cart over tanker against the dollar, and the price loads of motor spirit from of crude has slipped below \$25 Rotterdam, set up shop, charge for the equivalent barrel. If the below £1.75 for their product full benefit had been passed on and still make a healthy profit? to the consumer—the same consumer who had to bear the full Open University, cost when currency movements and oil prices were moving in Milton Keynes.

price of petrol at the pump would now, by my calculation, be around £1.75 for a four-star gallon. This price allows pro-ducers and suppliers the same cash margins, although in per-centage terms these would, of course, he higher. course, be higher. So why am I and millions

of others paying 14p or thereabouts over the odds? Is, it part
of "some devillishly cunning
scheme to curtail consumption
by high pricing in 1986, Energy
Efficiency Year? Or do we have David Crabbe.

A Green party in Britain

From Mr R. Bamforth

Sir,—I was interested to read (January 14) the letter from Enid Lakeman of the Electoral Reform Society, commenting on the STV system of proportional representation. I cannot, how-ever, agree with her comments Greens could form their own Party but it would probably be more effective to give their preferences to the Greenest of the other candi-

been one for 10 years. It can-not be more effective for Greens to vote for candidates of other parties as none of the other parties is in the slightest bit Green. They may try to look Green by tacking on a few environmental policies but the basic philosophies of the main parties are all opposed to Green ideas in their deeper sense and Greens will not advance Green politics by voting for them. Roger Bamforth

a Green Party in Britain and, as the Ecology Party, there has

The rescue of Westland

From Jane Moncreiff

European level or not.

It is outrageous that the question should be reduced to one of shopkeeping and per-

(Secretary, Liberal European

sonality clashes. Jane Moncreiff

the manufacture of shoes! What is at stake is whether British defence and its procurement policies be co-ordinated at a

Sir,—It is fallacious to treat the rescue of Westland Helicop-ters as a purely commercial issue. The question is political, not one of free trade. It is in our country's interest and in the interest of Western Europe that defence procurement questions should be recognised as

The manufacture of military Action Group).
helicopters is not comparable to Ia Whitehall Place, SW1.

From T. Bishop

From Mr D. Starkie

Sir, - Lombard's comments (January 13) about the Pruden-tial's proposed solution to the delays created by house buying chains must have brought a wry smile to estate agents and solicitors who, for many years, have been grappling with this

What does not seem to be appreciated is that the difficulty lies not with funding but with the attitude of vendors. Enterprising agents can often find a property dealer/investor/ speculator who would be prepared to take a property off their hands at a discount to enable the chain to be com-

the vendor will not accept less than the full market value. One can just imagine the man from the Pru explaining to the vendor . . . "Well Mr Smith it is true we did value your property at £100,000 but we are now advising you to sell it to us at £94,000 because this will be very convenient for

pleted. The difficulty is that

Engineering cuts programme at the BBC

From Laura Vincent

Sir, — In his article (January 7) publicising November 1986's 50th anniversary of the world's first regular public TV service on the BBC, John Chittock praises the "engineering leadership" which has facilitated the "considerable achievements" of British TV.

centre at Wood Norton are also threatened.

The Corporation says it is necessary improvements were looking for savings of £8m by looking for savings of £8m by looking within equipment acturing within equipment techniques means that it can department is to cease continue to give the RBC value on the purchase and installs.

Was £180,000: as a result of have forgotten that outside research department work, the companies (which will not necessarily be British) will be interested in mass production. The normal equipment requirement is to cease . . . continue to give the RBC value on the purchase and installs.

on the BBC, John Chittock praises the "engineering leadership" which has facilitated the "considerable achievements" of British TV.

Such praise is well deserved, and it is ironic that in this anniversary year, the BBC acustions? Where are through a cuts programme which will declimate the engineering expertise that it has nurtured over the past half-century.

The BBC's recently-published "priorities for the future" proposals mean that up to 1,000 engineering jobs are threatened. Designs and equipment and the BBC's prestigious are laboratories at Kings-research laboratorie

UK BROADCASTING

The BBC adjusts its set

By Raymond Snoddy

Prices paid so far by the new

media are, however, low: \$15,000 an hour is the top rate

for general programming on American cable and the prices

paid in Europe are more like \$2,000 an hour even though drama costs more than £200,000

an hour on average to produce.

possibilities. But if we doubled our turnover which is now about £100m and increased our

profitability by 50 per cent it would only add another £18m of profits to the BBC—£1 on the colour licence. So the com-

mercial activities of the BBC

will always be at the margin of the fundamental problem," Mr Checkland emphasises,

The reorganisation of Enter-

prises has been in the pipeline for some time. The real impetus for change at the BBC

The corporation, with one of the largest

programme

libraries in the

world, is in a

"We see a whole range of

DEMAND for BBC videotapes by training, is now at the centre such as Royal Tours of the past of the drive to maximise earn-three years, Great British sportings through the re-organisation ing moments or Richard Atten-Marks and Spencer by surprise.

The videos on sale experimentally in 10 stores at £9.99
each have sold "exceptionally well" and have bad to be reprinted three times since October. BBC Enterprises, the commercial arm of the Corpora-tion, is now working on a larger number of programmes from its archives and Marks and Spencer plans to extend its

The new relationship between the public service broadcaster and the retail group is just one example of how the BBC is responding to political and

financial pressure.

In the past year, it has had to cope with the consequences of two linked Government deciof two linked Government decisions. The first was the award of an £58 colour licence fee instead of the £65 asked for leaving a nominal shortfall of £550m over the three-year licence fee period. The second was the setting up of the Peacock Committee which is looking at the feasibility of alternative methods of funding the BBC such as advertising, sponsorship or subscription.

The primary purpose of the commercial drive is to earn extra money to plough into programme making. But under the shadow of Peacock it is at least as important that the corporation is seen to be doing corporation is seen to be doing everything it can to help itself before the report is completed this summer.

In a matter of months the BBC has decided to:

Bring together all its commercial activities into one group for video-recorder owners. with a new chief executive.

• Abandon grandiose plans for a £100m headquarters and settle for something more modest;

From Mr W. Latey,
Sir, — If juries in fraud cases are to be replaced by two specialist advisors drawn from a coterie of 150-200 professionals, then who is to say that verdicts will not be dangerously influenced by a professional man's natural loyalty to a colleague who may either be in the dock for a witness in the case? Or that verdicts will not be unduly in murder? Surely it is the jurors Move people out of the cen-

Mr Michael Checkland, de-puty director-general and chairman of BBC Enterprices, be-lieves the atmosphere at the corporation has changed

lieves the atmosphere at the corporation has changed

"There is a recognition now that the BBC has to earn money in the world and exploit all the assets it has got in order to help to make programmes," he says.

Mr Checkland, an accountant

It is clear that the BBC, with one of the largest programme libraries in the world, is in a strong strategic position for the era of cable and satellite television—although its critics argue it has hardly begun to exploit the full potential.

of Enterprises while at the same time cutting the central bureacracy to divert more money to programme produc-

In October a new data transmission service for business and industrial subscribers was launched. Like teletext it uses spare capacity on the existing television signal. The corporation hopes that the service, Datacast, which provides high speed, scrambled information without telephone charges, will turn into a multi-million pound business within the next few

Mr Checkland is also study-ing the possibility of using BBC television transmitters in the early mornings to run a sub-

scription service of scrambled films and general entertainment

The BBC is also expected to make its programmes available for ITV's SuperChannel, the advertising-based satellite channel aimed at the cable tral bureaucracy and begin to buy more equipment and ser. Europe. ITV executives vices from the marketplace—a change that could cost up to 4,000 jobs;

Open the door to independent producers in a serious way for the first time.

Mr Michael Change and ser.

Lurope. ITV executives grudgingly admit that the corporation is driving a hard bargain. In addition to payment for programmes the BBC is looking for a 10-year deal and a 20 per cent share of any a 20 per cent share of any profits in the more than £20m venture without putting up a penny of equity.

It is clear that the BBC, with

strong strategic position for the era of cable and satellite television came from Mr Leon Brittan, the then Home Secretary. Mr Alasdair Milne, the BBC director-general, insists it was a severe shock when Mr Brit-

tan told him the BBC was to get a £58 colour licence fee rather than the £65 asked for." I suppose in my worst moments I thought we might get £63, but most of the time I was confident we would get £65," Mr Milne adds. Instead of muddling through by shaving budgets all round, the BBC set up a committee to question every aspect of its

activities and report in 30 working days. The package which resulted was adopted by a special weekend session of the

television on BBC1. In a as possible.

dramatic change in priorities savings would come largely from buying more services and equipment from the market-place and the loss of up to 4,000 jobs in such areas as electronic equipment manufac-ture, studio design, catering, cleaning and security. The unions were given detailed proposals on the first 550 jobs to go in November, and a further 625 earlier this month.

But should the BBC have moved much sooner to try to head off its political problems with the Government rather than hoping the axe would not fall? "Should we, could we have done it before? I don't know," Mr Checkland says.

Mr John Gau, a former senior BBC executive who is now an independent producer and chairman of the Independent Programme Producers Association, believes the BBC could be a more effective, flexible and competitive organisation if it set itself a target to cut its staff and equipment by half within 10 years (at present more than 25,000 staff are paid for by the licence

fee).

He says the crunch will come when the BBC tries to sort out the details of its new policies. Unless the corporation changes its budgetary methods, or sets aside a special fund for independent production, little, he believes, is likely to change.

The changes of the past year at the BEC are necessary best

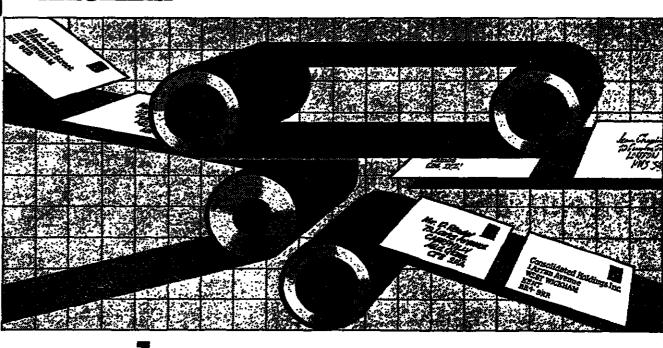
at the BBC are perhaps best symbolised by the decision to abandon plans to build a £100m new headquarters in central London opposite Broadcasting House. Instead there will be a less expensive new radio pro-duction complex on the former greyhound track ajoining the television centre at White City. Broadcasting House, built when Lord Reith ran the BBC, could become a museum. The decision, like

attempts to cut the size of the bureaucracy, is indicative, Mr Stuart Young, chairman of the BBC believes "of a management that has come to terms with living in a world of declining resources yet wishing to ensure that the highest possible standards are maintained."

Even senior BBC producers BBC Governors at Elvetham say it is too early to know Hall in July.

Instead of cutting programsne budgets the BBC 1990s or a clever political decided to increase them by smokescreen designed to pre-£33m and launch full day-time serve as much of the status quo

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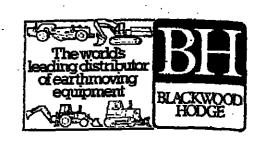
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FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday January 21 1986



UK freezes GEC's Plessey bid

THE BRITISH Government intervened yesterday in the £1.2bn (\$1.7bn) takeover battle between the rival electronics giants, General Electric Company and Plessey, to lapsed but the company may re-refer the GEC bid to the Monopolies sume its bid if it gets Commission and Mergers Commission on

competition grounds. action against Plessey over parts of for British companies to strengthen its defence circular sent to share-holders last week.

The arguments were finely bal-

Mr Leon Brittan, Trade Secretary, said he was following the ad- persuaded the OFT to opt for a thorvice of Sir Gordon Borrie, the direc-tor general of the Office of Fair Trading (OFT), in referring the GEC bid.

The referral freezes the GEC bid it had been advised by legal counsel Sir John Clark, Plessey chairman; s. The bid has automatically

nounced that it had begun a libel from a takeover, against the need

anced but the scale of the issues ough investigation. GEC, meanwhile, yesterday be-

statements which are seriously delapsed but the company may re- famatory of GEC and Marconi Underwater Systems (a subsidiary)."

GEC said the statements in-Just 30 minutes before the Government's startement, the bid took a dramatic turn when GEC an market, which would have resulted enough a calculated misquotation of a remark by Mr Robert Sheldon, the following the following the following market, which would have resulted committee of public accounts, in connection with the Tigerfish torpedo and a quotation from a report by De Zoete and Bevan, GEC's stockbrokers, which is so highly selective as to amount to a blatant misreentation."

> GEC said it had begun the libel action because Plessey had refused gan legal action against Plessey to issue a correction and apology. and several of its directors, saying The directors named in the writ are to issue a correction and apology.

for at least six months and will give that Plessey's defence document Mr Peter Marshall, finance direc-Plessey more time to strengthen its contained "false and misleading tor, and Mr Warren Sinsheimer, US tor, and Mr Warren Sinsheimer, US

deputy chief executive. Plessey said it had been advised that GEC's complaints were without foundation and said it would defend

the action to the full. The GEC decision to go to the law follows an attempt by Plessey to in-volve the US courts in its bid defence. Plessey applied to a judge in Delaware for an injunction requiring GEC to comply with US securities laws but was turned down last

Plessey's shares firmed yester-day ahead of the referral announcement but fell back to close 2p lower at 166p. GEC also fell to 2p to 166p.

market that have brought Goldcrest

the other two main films an-

nounced as a package in October 1964 - Absolute Beginners and The

Absolute Beginners, a musical

based on the novel by Colin Mac-Innes and co-financed by the Virgin

Volvo tightens grip on Cardo

VOLVO, the Swedish motor vehicle energy and food group, is understood to have acquired close to 50 per cent of the equity in Cardo as part of its SKr 3.27hn (\$430m) hostile takeover for the investment and industrial holding company.

The board of Cardo, which last week recommended shareholders to reject the Volvo bid, is to hold an information meeting of sharehold ers tomorrow evening to explain its objections to the deal.

Volvo already owned 21.5 per cent of Cardo before it launched its bid for outright control. Mr Pehr Gyla member of the Cardo board. He is to attend tomorrow's Cardo

chareholders meeting having bolstered Volvo's stake with share purchases in recent days totalling more than SKr 1bn. That has more than doubled Volvo's holding in Cardo.

The Volvo bid has run into regional opposition from Skäne, the country's southernmost province, where Cardo's industrial operations in sugar, seeds and plant genetics are chiefly located. It is understood group and produced by Palace Pictures, has had a mixed reception so that Volvo has temporarily halted far in "test market" showings in the its share purchases in advance of explaining its case directly to remaining Cardo shareholders tomorrow.

> Last week it improved its original bid by 10 per cent to help to overcome opposition to the deal.

Volvo has also been actively buying up shares in Sonessons, the engineering and pharmaceuticals conomerate, in support of Fermenta's SKr 3.23bn bid for the company. The Fermenta bid yesterday re-

ternative offered by Fermenta was "acceptable." It has reserved judg-ment on the alternative bid involving Fermenta shares until precise terms are disclosed at the end of

The Sonessons board appealed to Fermenta, however, to keep together Sonessons' engineering activities in one company rather than disposing of them piecemeal.

Fermenta has said it plans to take over Leo and Ferrosan, the Sonessons pharmaceuticals subsidiaries, and dispose of the engineering operations, which include SAB Nife (railway brakes, emergency lighting and batteries), Crawford (industrial desert) Search and paper pumps), Dacke and Fhudcarbon.

Fermenta also moved yesterday to quell criticism from US investors of its planued takeover of a voting majority in Pharmacia, Sweden's second largest pharmaceuticals company, which was the first Swedish company to issue shares in the US, at the beginning of the 1980s.

In a joint statement, the two companies said the Pharmacia manage ment was "very positive" towards Fermenta's taking a large holding in the company. Mr Refaat El-Sayed, Fermenta chief executive, and Mr Erik Danielsson, Pharmacia chief executive, are to meet US investors in the next two weeks to seek support for the deal.

Fermenta yesterday said it had signed a preliminary agreement with Bristol-Myers, the US pharmato investigate possibilities for future co-operation in licensing and marketing.

EEC study on taxes ordered

TOP TAX officials from EEC men ber states have been told to produce an urgent report identifying the tax changes necessary to ensure that a genuine Common Market is operating by 1992.

Community Finance Ministers yesterday agreed on the terms of reference for the study, which is certain to focus on entrenched national objections to wide scale harmonisation of tax rates. Moves to reduce the differences

in indirect tax rates between member states, including value-added tax and excise duties on alcohol and tobacco, might have drastic budget ary effects in some countries such as Denmark and Ireland, which rely heavily on indirect taxation.

Lord Cockfield, the Commission er responsible for the EEC internal market, has called for indirect tax rates to be brought within a narrow band to remove barriers to internal trade. Until now, the finance ministers have been lukewarm about such a move.

The study will also involve an analysis of the possible economic and budgetary

THE LEX COLUMN A terrible thirst for stout

Commission on grounds of exces

sive UK concentration in branded

whisky. And although the present Guinness management has shown its paces by turning round Guin-

ness - another sleepy branded

rent year is less than rosy even on

the basis of yesterday's 1985 fig-ures. Despite last year's 36 per cent

increase in advances, the TSB's as-

set base is still to a large extent

locked into investments in gilt-

edged and other fixed-rate instru-

ments. Last year, the TSB managed

to improve margins on its shrinking

service accounts to make up for the

January hammering from the mon-

ey markets; but at current rates the

approach last year's operating per-formance of £169.3m, which adjust-

per cent improvement.

drinks group - there is some reason

500

The price of North Sea crude oil for spring delivery duly fell below \$20 a barrel, and the sky did not quite fall in. Indeed, a Japanese trader was willing to pay 52 more for a wet cargo to ship eastwards -which suggests that the North Sea is well ahead of the game.

Guinness/DCL

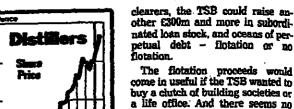
At some moment of truth in the past week it must have dawned on the Distillers board that their institutional shareholders were going to pull the plug. For the agreed offer from Guinness represents as abject a surrender as could be imagined. If it was ever a genuine objection to the Argyll bid that it would create an overgeared company, the pro-forma Guinness gearing of 95 per cent suggests that DCL has changed its mind on the subject. Scottish arguments too have had their day (not before time); not even a ritual visit to Edinburgh yester-

into a Scot. The City has convinced itself over the past year that Guinness shares are touched with genius; for the present, the virtuous circle in which a favoured management can buy mediocre businesses none too cheaply and confer an improved rating upon them is still working in Guinness's favour. The fact that yesterday's monstrous underpin-ning took only 4 per cent off the Friday evening share price is ample testimony to the strength of the

day can make Mr Ernest Saunders

Nor are the financial calculations at all daunting, despite the pro-posed 185 per cent increase in the in profits on the sale of Distillers stake in BP and an immediate benceived the conditional support of effit from swinging the axe around the Sonessons board, which said DCL, it is not hard to see Guinness that the SKr 190-a-share cash al-ternative offered by Ferments was share with this deal than without it, even in the year to September. Argyll might do much the same thing, and for either bidder it would be no hard thing to shed most of the postacquisition debt by the end of the

second or third year. Objections to this deal are twofold. The UK drinks trade may be a sideshow to the world whisky market, and segmented by price; there is still a first-blush case for referring Guinness to the Monopolies



The flotation proceeds would come in useful if the TSB wanted to buy a clutch of building societies or a life office. And there seems no reason why the legal wrangles can-not be resolved in time for the TSB to come to the market one or the other side of British Gas in the autumn. Any compensation for the liability to the depositors - if there is one - could be worked into the structure of the flotation, since the Treasury would hardly agree to pay up. A pro forms shareholder base could be made the subject of a rights issue, or depositors could be given largely unpaid shares with a heavy call to come.

GEC/Plessev

to worry that it may be overreaching itself. Guinness may itch to do With its bid for Plessey kicked indeals, but it has only had Bell for a to touch for at least six months few months and is presumably still the Monopolies reference must take busy integrating a bag of other purchases which range from convenience stores to health farms. market to the libel court. Whether or not the MMC returns from its deliberations with a clearance for GEC, litigation may irretrievably It is no unmitigated disaster for have poisoned an already sulphur the TSB that Lord Davidson has ous boardroom atmosphere. thrown a spanner in the flotation works; for the outlook for the cur-

Given a referral, time was always going to be on Plessey's side. Assuming that the bid cannot be revived until late in the summer, Plessey will have had time to retouch its stock market image. Improved fig-ures for the year to March have al-ready been foreshadowed if not forecast in Plessey's controversial defence document; by the time GEC is in a position to come back, Plessey will have had time to work on producing defensible results for the early quarters of the following year. TSB would be very hard pushed to There should be no shortage of discretionary expenses to squeeze.

If Plessey has thus been handed ed for gilt-edged sales showed a 13 the chance to rehabilitate itself - in the short term at least - GEC may Such arguments mean nothing if the flotation does go ahead while find it hard to keep its share price the addition of £1bn in equity would in terms, if only because its overall merely transform the TSB's cau-tions capital gearing into something wolatile. The chances must be that a approaching overdrive. With a free equity hase of 5 per cent of public liabilities, or double the level of the Plessey (and GEC) price of 166p.

Cash crisis threatens Goldcrest Films

BY RAYMOND SNODDY IN LONDON

THE FUTURE of Goldcrest Films ing, to a film sales and distribution and Television, the Oscar-winning company to raise the maximum Screen Entertainment (TESE). The British independent production possible revenue from films already management of TESE has until the British independent production company, hangs in the balance because of a severe financial crisis.

ause of a severe financial crisis. duction might begin again but there Shareholders will be told at a is little chance of that this year. meeting on January 29 that its bank borrowing limit of £12m (\$17m) has been reached and that a £9m-£10m write-off is likely on its latest film. Revolution, after a disastrous re-tional Coal Board Pension Fund ception in the US. The company, and Electra Investment Trust.
which backed both Gandhi and The plight of Goldcrest, the which backed both Gandhi and Chariots of Fire, is reducing its staff, once numbering 58, to 17.

The plight of Goldcrest, the flag-ship of the independent film production industry in the UK, is likely The company has no money for to have a serious effect on British new production. One of the main financial institutions' confidence in

Times, has a 41.2 per cent stake in Goldcrest, and other prominent shareholders include Britain's Na-

options before shareholders will be film investment.

It coincides with uncertainty over

Pearson, owner of the Financial

end of February to complete a £110m buy-out - although most of the money is expected to come from

Revolution, an epic set against the background of the American war for independence, was part of a change in strategy at Goldcrest. The aim was to concentrate on "big" pictures designed to break into the all-important US market.

Ironically, it is the cost overruns of Revolution – the final cost is some of their money back seems to around £21m, nearly £6m above budget – and its failure in the US David Puttnam.

Paris and London decide on rail link

Continued from Page 1

Train de Grand Vitesse (TGV)

He said France was already promoting TGV links with Amsterdam, Brussels, Cologne and Stuttgart.

Both leaders emphasised yesterday the huge impact the project will have on the two countries' economies, trade and employment. Mr Mitterrand described the fixed link as "the biggest construction project of this century

CTG has estimated that revenues could total just over \$608m a year, based on 1985 values, mostly from passengers. The project could provide some \$990m of work for UK companies and a similar amount in France, Some 70,000 jobs would be created in both countries up to the

scheme emergi after a meeting be-tween Mr Nicholas Ridley, the UK It is also gener Transport Secretary, and Mr Jean Thatcher could not afford to post-Auroux, the French Transport Minister, there was suspense and lastminute manoeuvring right to the sions this would inevitably have end. Both EuroRoutes, which pro- had on Anglo-French relations and posed a \$7bn road and rail bridge on the image of Britain's commitand tunnel scheme, and Channel Expressway with a \$3.6bn road and Britain seems to be gripped with rail tunnel project, were visibly dis-Westland hysteria, it seems it Expressway with a \$3.6bn road and appointed and angry by the decision since both felt they stood good sive for the British Government if a chances of winning because they clear decision was not announced in each proposed a road as well as rail Lille, a French official said yester-

Continued from Page 1

ate the ANC's military and political

offensive against South Africa.

South Africa signalled its approval of the military takeover yesterday

afternoon when a South African

freight train of eight oil tankers and

22 wagons carrying other essential

goods was given permission to cross the Caledon River border rail

bridge into Maseru. Lesotho pass-

port officials dropped their papers and ran out to join a large crowd of

cheering men and utulating women who greeted this symbolic end to the South African economic block-

ade which has been in force for

nearly three weeks. Lengthy delays continued, however, on the road

crossing where vehicles are still

subject to security checks by South

General Lekhanya, the new ruler

World Weather

Crowds celebrate fall

of Lesotho Premier

ferred a road as well as a rail link, France opposed Mr James Sher-wood's Channel Expressway road and rail tunnel project, while the EuroRoute which enjoyed support in France was deemed too expensive, technically awkward and en-

Although Britain would have previronmentally unsightly in the UK.
This left the CTG rail project,

whose dossier had been extremely well prepared by its bakeers, including Britain's National Westminister Bank, Midland Bank, Balfour Beatty, Costain, Tarmac, Taylor Woodrow and Wimpey. In France, the promoters include Bouygues, Dumes, SAE, Spie Batignolles, SGE opening.

Dumes, SAE, Spie Batignolles, SGE a "defined and Banque Nationale de Paris and tions."

of Lesotho, is described by Western diplomats as a "soldier's type sol-dier," a professional who up to now

has not interfered directly in poli-

tics. He is in his late forties and was

trained in both the UK and the US.

He headed the Lesotho delegation

to last Friday's bilateral security talks in Pretoria at which South

Africa expressed in the strongest

terms its demands for the expulsion of ANC activists and its opposition

to the anti South African policies of

Chief Jonathan, the man who, ironi-

cally, South Africa helped to place

Soviet bloc for further aid if Britain,

the US and other Western countries

ignored his appeals for help

At his last press conference in Maseru on Sunday, Chief Jonathan threatened to turn to Cuba and the

in power 21 years ago.

Routes have already indicated that they did not intend to take their defeat lightly.

As it was, the occasion turned into a joyful and colourful affair, with schemes.

As it was, the occasion turned into a joyful and colourful affair, with schemes.

"I do not think there will be a fare

children.

yesterday because of the repercusment to Europe. "At a time when

rand arriving first on the Boulevard de la Liberte where the two countries' national flags fluttered, on to the large, rather ugly 19th century Prefecture of Lille and then to the town hall where bagpipes and a a few years. brass band played to flag-waving

Mrs Thatcher underlined the strengthening of the entente cord-iale by concluding her short speech in French, saying that the agree-ment on the fixed link yesterday was not Britain's "dernier mot" and constituted only "un premier pas" (a first step). She ended her speech by saying that agreement represented a "defit" (challenge) to the two na-

Mr Mitterand used the occasion ahead of the general elections in March. He emphasised the benefits the fixed link will bring to the depressed northern industrial region of Lille, whose mayor, Mr Pierre Mauroy, beaming throughout the ceremony, is a former Socialist

rector of CTG, said in London that

war," he added. CTG could also survive a battle with European Ferries, which has said that costs and thus fares could drop sharply when its big, new ferries come into service in

The question of whether the fixed link would benefit from duty-free sion had still to be worked out, he said. If these were not avail able, the effect on revenues would be less than 10 per cent.

He said there was no possibility of any co-operation with European Ferries, or with any of the unsuc cestul schemes, its main terry rival Sealink, was involved in the Channel Expressway scheme through its parent, Sea Containers. On the future study of a road

for a little local electioneering to be there, the traffic will have to be there, and the technology will have to be there." CTG had studied the possibility of a road link before but ruled it out as technically and financially unfeasible.

Answering criticism that a rail tunnel could be subject to union dis-ruption, he said those working on Andrew Fisher in London writes: the shuttle would be private em-Mr Michael Gordon, managing di- ployees of a private company. They would not be British Rail employ the rail tunnel would not put the ees. "I see no reason why we should ferries out of business and was less worry about strikes," he said.

honour commitments to other bro-

kers and to particular companies.

Pan-Electric itself, for example

having seen its own vast share pur-

chase commitments transferred to

Mr Tan - turned to the courts last

week to try to recover up to S\$120m-worth of cash and stock

due to it from Associated Asian

Associated Asian is the broking

firm which was connected to both Pan-Electric and GIH through Mr

Pan-Electric collapse claims another victim

Continued from Page 1

S\$180m lifeboat and so head off a chain of broker defaults.

Yesterday's announcement from GIH shows that the company, which formally holds a 31.6 per cent stake in Pan-Electric, has accumulated borrowings of S\$68m and forward share purchase commitments totalling almost S\$144m.

Apart from Pan-Electric itself, the companies to which the share obligations relate include Sigma In-ternational, Grand United Holdings and Supreme Corporation. Share trading is currently suspended for all these companies, and the last three are each controlled by Mr Tan Koon Swan, the Malaysian entre-preneur and politician. Sigma holds 22.6 per cent stake in Pan-Elec-

Of GIH's bank creditors, Standard Chartered Bank, which already has an estimated SS70m exposure to Pan-Electric, is believed to have lent the company the most at about S\$18m. Other creditors include Citibank and First Interstate Bank of California, both from the US, and Bank Bumiputra, Malayan Banking and United Malayan Banking Corporation, all from

Malaysia The net effect of GIH's decision is paration between banking and a bigger threat to brokers who were the Monetary Authority of Singa-previously hoping for payment pore, the island's quasi-central from GIH when the share contracts bank, as a means of restoring finanmatured. Banks which have helped cial strength to the broking commuto finance forward share transactions also stand to suffer. All this can be expected to rein-

Peter Tham, who has disappeared from the country. Although the firm has ceased trading and is under the stock exchange's control, it has not apparently used the lifeboat to meet its obligations to Pan-Electric. It is not clear whether this is the fault of the exchange, the authori-

Securities.

ties or the major local banks fund-ing the lifeboat. But many people believe at least one other broking firm has sought lifeboat assistance and seen no response yet. This lack of action is provoking considerable Last night, meanwhile, members

of the Stock Exchange of Singapore voted at an extraordinary general meeting to open the way for local banks to take over broking firms. A relaxation of the existing se-

promise of more bank losses and stockbroking had been sought by nity in the wake of the November Like Pan-Electric, GIH not only

force discontent prevailing among has share purchase commitments it bankers and brokers over the cannot meet but is itself owed mon-SS180m lifeboat scheme as troubled ey - in this case SS49m - under for-

ADVERTISEMENT

NEWS REVIEW

£7m Ferranti

BUSINESS

Oman contract As part of a major overhaul programme which is being undertaken by British Aerospace, Warton, the fleet of Jaguar fighter bomber aircraft operated by the Sultan of Oman's Air Force is to be equipped with the Ferranti FIN 1064 Inertial Navigation System (INS).

Orders from Oman and British Aerospace totalling over £7m have been placed with the Navigation Systems Department of Ferranti Defence Systems, Edinburgh. With its advanced digital computer and versatile software, FIN 1064 greatly enhances the Jaguar's ravigation, weapon delivery and mission management capabil-

VETS for Royer

An innovatory Vehicle Electrical Testing (VETS) made by Ferranti Computer Systems, Wythenshawe Division, has been chosen by the Austin Rover Group to test an March 1988 Group to test, on line, the electrical systems of a new range of cars under production at its Cowley plant. The contract, worth over half a million pounds, was won against competition from General Automation, Siemens and Autosense.

Briefly . . .

Ferranti Metrology Systems, Dalkeith, has introduced a manually operated version of the popular Merlin' series of bridge bridge type co-ordinate measuring machines. Specialised customised software packages, tailored to customer needs, are now being offered with the Ferranti GTE range of PABXs.

SUBMARINES

'Oberon' success computers, incorporating the

Ferranti Computer Systems, Bracknell Division, is to supply Tactical Data Handlof the Royal Navy's Oberon class of patrol submarines. The initial contract is worth over 87m and delivery of the first system, designated DCH, is scheduled for 1987.

DCH is a variant of COMKAFS, the compact ver-sion of the successful KAFS system, which was specifically developed for export, either for new submarines or for refitting in older ones. Apart from the multifunction display consoles, DCH is based

on military Argus compact

sonar suite to form a totally integrated combat system. The consoles for DCH, identi-cal with the sonar 2051 consoles, can be linked through a video switching unit allow-ing any of them to display

As well as accepting inputs from the submarine's sensors

via a 1553B databus, DCH can link to the type 2051

latest M700/40

tion.

The contract reconfirms Ferranti as the United Kingdom's prime supplier for digital systems for submarines.

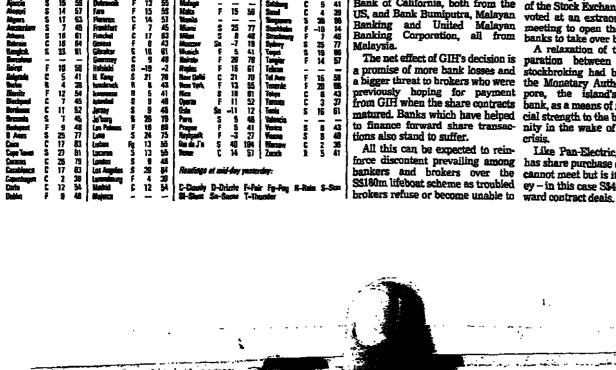
• ROYAL NAVY

New sonar system

The contract to design and produce the next sonar system for Royal Navy submarines has been awarded to Ferranti Computer Systems, Cheadle Heath Division. The 19m order for the first sixteen type 2046 systems was won under competitive tender. It brings the total sonar order book at Ferranti to more than £83m, with systems scheduled to be fitted to all Royal Navy ASW ships and Winning this latest competi-

major prime contractor for sonar. It reinforces the com-pany's commitment to depany's commitment to developing new generation sonars both for the Royal Navy and for export. This winning bid took advantage of the best technology available from the Admiraky Research Establishments and in particular the latest CURTIS TECHNIQUES giving the system a high degree of commonality with equivalent surface ship systems.

The good news is FERRANTI Selling technology





Showing the way in defence technology FERRANTI

SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS FINANCIALTIMES

Tuesday January 21 1986



Singer expects improved outlook

By Our Financial Staff SINGER, the US manufacturer of aerospace electronics and consumer products, boosted fourth-quarter net earnings 26 per cent from \$20.2m, or \$1.07 a share, to \$27.9m, or \$1.48, and expects a favourable outlook for the company this year. The earnings rise came despite a fall in fourth-quarter sales from \$680.2m to \$659.4m, reflecting sales of the company's sewing machine marketing operations in Europe,

majority equity in Singer's Malay-sian subsidiary. For the year, net earnings rose from \$65.1m, or \$3.41, to \$82.3m, or \$4.30. The rise, however, was due to a \$17m gain from the Malaysian sale, which offset losses related to the start-up of Singer's SimuFlite aerospace operation. Sales in 1985 slipped from \$2.5bn to \$2.4bn.

Africa and the Middle East, and the

Mr Joseph Flavin, chairman and chief executive, said: "This was the third consecutive year of higher earnings and the 10th consecutive year of revenue growth by the aerospace electronics operations, our principal business

On prospects for 1986, Mr Flavin said the aerospace electronics results had a strong mix of production and development programme under contract and their order backlog had continued to increase. Cost reduction from the sales on the sewing side would help the consumer business, along with power tool sales. Shipments of power tools to Sears Roebuck declined in 1985. Singer's shares rose \$1 to \$40% in

early trading in New York yesterday following the results.

Lawsuit settled at Apple

APPLE COMPUTER has reached an out-of-court settlement of its suit against Mr Steven Jobs, former chairman and a co-founder of the

Apple filed a suit against Mr Jobs last September following his resignation, charging him with failing to live up to his responsibilities as chairman of the company and misappropriation of Apple's trade

Apple executives were concerned that Mr Jobs, who took five senior Apple employees with him to form a new venture, would compete with his former company. Mr Jobs, however, has maintained that, since he left Apple, his new company, Next Inc, has aimed to design highperformance workstations for uni-

Since the Apple suit was filed, Mr Jobs has been prevented from working on the design of the new computer, according to an official

In the out-of-court settlement, Mr Jobs promised not to hire any more Apple employees for six months and granted Apple 30 days, after the announcement of his product, to examine the computer for any possible violations of Apple trade

Fannie Mae recovery slowed by foreclosures

THE FEDERAL National Mortgage terest rates, earned \$36.9m, or \$0.52 fall in interest rates to refinance its Association (Fannie Mae), which fine a share, in 1985, compared with a borrowings, and in the fourth quarnances one in 10 mortgages in the loss of \$57.4m, or \$0.87, in 1984. US, continues to see its return to profitability eroded by soaring foreclosure losses on loans to borrowers Mae's chief executive, said the who cannot meet their commit- group's performance reflected the

Fannie Mae is the biggest hous-ing lender in the US, and its earnings are being hit by the high level of property foreclosures in the parts of the US affected by the 1981-1982

as fast as it disposes of existing properties and expects the problem "will be with us for some time." The group, the profit recovery of

Hughes Tool earnings

based till service company whose sees and settling-rig equipment is a Revenues in 1985 grew marginal-keenly watched barometer of the ly to \$1.26th but remain almost a health of the energy business yesterday reported a 95 per cent fall in mues of \$1.76th. This was the peak

its fourth-quarter net income to of the drilling industry boom before

Mr W. A. Kistler, Hughes Tool's record year for Hughes Tool, which chief executive, said yesterday that earned \$255.2m.

The group's shares have fallen

an expected increase in US drilling The group's shares have fallen activity in the final quarter of the from a peak of \$48 in 1981 to a re-

year failed to materialise and the cent low point of \$12. They rose by

US drilling rig count was down more than 18 per cent in 1985.

"Among the major resears for share, which compares with an an-

Hughes Tool, which has done active rigs last year. Most of the in-

little more than break even for the ternational increase was accounted

previous three quarters, earned for by Canada where the rig count \$4.1m for the 12-month period. This rose from 258 in 1984 to 310 in 1985.

Hutton shake-up begins

drop 95% in quarter

Describing 1985 as a "watershed year," Mr David Maxwell, Fannie

around a company that was losing as much as \$1m a day in 1981." Charge offs to the company's allowance for conventional loan recession, and in states, such as
Texas, which are suffering from the slump in the energy industry.

The company says that, although the problem is "manageable," it is foreclosing on additional properties concern in the investment community. nity, especially since the group lost

the collapse in oil prices and was a

nual dividend of \$0.48 a share.

Drilling activity in the US averaged 1,980 active rigs in 1985, which

was 18.5 per cent lower than the

year before. Outside the US drilling

rig activity rose 6.7 per cent to 1,585

money on its loan portfolio for a long period. Fortunately, Fannie Mae has which has been helped by falling in- been able to take advantage of the \$70.5m in 1985.

ter of 1985 the group had the first positive spread on its portfolio since the fourth quarter of 1979. Among the other "milestones" listed by Mr Maxwell was a narrowing of the growing success of the long-term strategies we put in place to re-structure Fannie Mae and turn the company's debt and its assets from 2.6 years to 1.6 years. Fannie Mae's business volumes

in 1985 reached a record \$45.1bn of which \$23.6bn consisted of mortgage-backed securities (MBS) issued and \$21.5bn consisted of mortgages purchased. The group also earned \$111.6m from MBS guaranty fees compared with \$78.1m in 1984.

group's interest margin. equivalent to what banks call their net interest margin, moved from minus \$151.7m in 1984 to a positive

Hyundai sets sales target HUGHES TOOL, the Houston-compares with losses of \$133.8m i based oil service company whose 1984 and \$90.9m in 1983.

for US

By Terry Dodsworth in New York

HYUNDAL, the South Korean car manufacturer, is launching its Exeel model in the US this week with a target of 100,000 sales in its first

year of operations.

The introduction of the Hyundai Excel, already a big success in the Canadian market, will intensify the growing competition in the US market for small, inexpensive cars bought as a first-time purchase or for use as a second vehicle.

Over the past few years, a gap has grown in the US market for cars of this type as the Japanese importers have made their small cars more sophisticated and increased prices. Although base models of some Japanese small cars can be bought for less than \$6,000, these are not readily available - a result import quota system of increasing company said. earnings through larger margins rather than additional volume.

in this economy market with the introduction of its Yugo model, priced at just under \$4,000. The more soaround \$5,500, is the next product to come on to the market and is likely to be followed by other Japanese

Volkswagen is also preparing to import a low-price model from its Brazilian company although the final plans for this have not yet been

The swift acceptance of the Excel in Canada has led dealers to give the car an enthusiastic acceptance in the US. A dealer network of more than 150 around the country has been established, with particular concentration on the two coasts

In Canada, the Excel is now the Hutton said Mr Lill's responsibili-biggest-selling imported car, having ties would include financial and re-overtaken Honda's models in a perigulatory reporting, annual planning od of only 18 months. Shipments nual financial audits and financial little over 21 per cent of the import operations in all affiliates and share and 4.6 per cent of the total

Klöckner plans to sell steel division

KLÖCKNER-WERKE, the major West German steel producer and engineering group, plans to hive off its steel division, following the col-

lapse last year of attempts to merge it with the steel interests of the

Krupp group.
This was confirmed yesterday by
the Duisburg-based Klöckner, as it
denied West German press reports here that it planned to slash its DM 469m (\$191.4m) capital by a third, in return for a warver by creditor banks of some DM 100m in claims on the company.

Such a move, the reports argued would speed up the moment at which Klöckner would be able to resume dividend payments, and thus clear the way to raising new funds on the West German capital market.

Instead, Klöckner claimed that in its latest financial year to last September 30, the signs of recovery in 1983-84 had continued. The group's steel division, which made an operating loss of DM 148m, "reached the turning point," while the performance of its other manufacturing activities improved further.

The company gave no figures but said its overall operating accounts had closed in the black and had been strengthened further by extraordinary capital gains during

Landis and Gyr seek **SFr 9.2m**

By John Wicks in Zurich

LANDIS and Gyr, the Swiss electrical engineering group, yesterday announced plans for a rights issue and confirmed that profits for last year had risen strongly.

The rights issue is to be one-for15 at SFr 200 (\$100) to raise SFr

9.2m. For the year ended September 1985 net profits had increased of the Japanese strategy under the from SFr 60.5m to SFr 75.4m, the

Subsidiaries to be sold after problems at voest-alpine

Austria reorganises holding company to recoup losses

BY PATRICK BLUM IN VIENNA

tries, will be reorganised and some of its companies will be sold off fol- Government also intends to stream- visory board members according to lowing heavy losses at Voest- line OIAG further by selling off its the strength of political party will

company would be looking for ways to recoup the losses incurred through oil speculation by Voest-Alpine Intertrading and Merx, the trading subsidiary of Voest-Alpine. and of Chemie Linz, the chemicals

In the longer term the Austrian

After a special meeting of OIAC's

Mr Lacina also announced that turn appoint the supervisory boards supervisory and managing boards, OIAG would be given greater conditional training personations.

Mr Lacina said that the holding trol over strategic planning, person Voest-Alpine's losses are expecttrol over strategic planning, personnel, finance and performance of member companies, while at the of which about Sch 24bn was insame time leaving individual com- curred through oil speculation, and panies with greater responsibility for their day-to-day affairs and the

OIAG, the holding company for the bulk of Austria's nationalised indussome assets and companies.

OIAG has operated as a loose holding with little effective power. The system of appointing super-Alpine, its largest company, Mr
Ferdinand Lacina, the minister responsible for the nationalised insponsible for the nationalised industries, said yesterday.

Alpine, its largest company, Mr
shares in or ownership of up to 12
also be ended to improve efficiency.

The Government will in future distriction of the nationalised inthen focus its activity in the basic
and mining industries.

Merx's Sch 550m, although officials admit that the final figures might

RAS to launch L90bn rights issue in Milan

(RAS), Italy's second-largest insur-ance group controlled by Allianz of Around 40 per cent of RAS is in the West Germany, is to raise L90bn hands of shareholders on the Milan (\$53.4m) through a rights issue on bourse.

he Milan bourse. rights issue was approved by an ex-traordinary shareholders' meeting • IBM Italia, the Milan-based sub in Milan yesterday.

RIUNIONE Adriatica di Sicurta the Allianz stake will rise to 51 per

Another Italian insurance group RAS, which in 1984 had total - Intercontinentale - announced premium income of L3,173bn, says plans yesterday to seek a quotation it will use the proceeds to beef up on the Milan bourse by offering life-insurance division. The around 20 per cent of its shares to

sidiary of the world's biggest com-Allianz acquired effective control puter group, said sales in 1985 rose of RAS in autumn 1984, at first tak- 17 per cent to IA,280bn. Exports ing a one-third stake. Dr Suny were up 21 per cent to L1,350bn or Schmitz, RAS chairman, has said just under a third of total turnover.

Control Data sells off UK unit

cialised French banking group is moving into the UK property and as leasing and corporate financial company credit business by buying services.

London-based Commercial Credit Commercial Credit Services Services Holdings from Control Data, the US computer group.
The acquisition, which still needs

final approval of the Bank of Eng-land and the French authorities, represents part of a move by Com- um-sized companies.

COMPAGNIE BANCAIRE, the spe- pagnie Bancaire to build up its international activities in areas such

> Holdings employs 200 people in 13 factories. branches and has outstanding loans VW sai of about £200m (\$287m) in areas such as leasing, property lending and discounting for small and medi-

VW plans 4,500 new jobs

VOLKSWAGEN, the West German motor vehicle concern, is continuing to hire more workers as it strives to keep up with the strong inflow of orders for new cars.

VW has already hired 600 new workers at its six West German

plants since the beginning of this ear and plans to hire a further 2,900 by the end of June.

If sales keep up, the company expects to hire an extra 1,000 workers during the second half of the year, when its workforce takes time off to make up for Saturday shifts worked

during the first six months. VW, which employs 123,000 peo-ple at its domestic plants, has hired more than 18,000 new workers and apprentices since mid-1984.

It has been building up its workforce partly to offset the introduction of shorter working hours and partly to enable it to squeeze as much output as possible from its

VW said yesterday it had intro-duced Saturday shifts this year to avoid delays in delivery to customers because plants were at the limits of their capacity.

with key appointment company Zastava won a head lead

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

"Among the major reasons for

the continued depression in US

drilling are uncertainties over

changes in tax laws and the pro-posed block pricing for natural gas,"

said Mr Kistler.

The appointment of another outsider to a key internal post contin- kerage-dealer subsidiary last week. nes a major reorganisation at Hutton. It comes in the wake of the firm's embarrassing illegal cheque overdrafting scheme revealed last year and its warning last month of fourth-quarter loss as a result of additions to reserves and trading

Last week Hutton unveiled what reorganisations" of its history aimed at centralising the firm's op-

tive of the parent company last June and president of Hutton's bro-

erating and support units along customer lines, restructuring and centration and implementation.

The restructuring also involved a reorganisation of the firm's senior

E. F. HUTTON, the Wall Street sec-management structure under Mr urities firm, yesterday named Mr Robert Formon, chairman, and Mr Edward J. Lill, partner-in-charge of Deloitte Hacking and School St. Deloitte Haskins and Sells' finan-rill Lynch executive who was cial services industry practice, to named president and chief execu-the post of chief financial officer.

Last week Hutton unveiled what it described as one of the "broadest who have held various positions."

Mr Lill, who will also be an executive vice president and one of eight senior officers serving on the management committee which will determine overall strategy, policies and procedures for the firm, will head a Hutton division which has been restructured during the past

subsidiaries.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

\$2,508,742,400

Financing arranged for the acquisition of

Storer Communications, Incorporated

through SCI Holdings, Inc., SCIPSCO, Inc. and SCI Equity Associates, L.P., newly formed entities organized by

Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co.

\$1.634.419.400

\$150,000,000 Series 1 Zero Coupon Senior Notes \$150,000,000 Series 2 Zero Coupon Senior Notes \$400,000,000 Series 3 Zero Coupon Senior Notes \$400,000,000 Series 4 Zero Coupon Senior Notes \$400,000,000 Series 5 Zero Coupon Senior Notes \$134,419,400 Series 6 Zero Coupon Senior Notes

Price 46.3118% Price 34.5130% **Price 29.5864%** Price 25.2455%

\$608,273,000

15% Twelve Year Senior Subordinated Debentures

Price 98.64%

\$261,100,000

Cumulative Redeemable Exchangeable Preferred Stock

Price \$35 a Share

99,000 Limited Partnership Interests

Which Will Acquire and Hold Redeemable Warrants to Purchase 67.840.000 Shares of Common Stock of SCI Holdings, Inc.

Price \$50 per Limited Partnership Interest

Drexel Burnham Lambert

December 17, 1985

WEST GERMAN CAR MAKER'S CAUTIOUS MOVE INTO AERO-ENGINES Porsche reaches for the sky

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

PORSCHE, the West German Potential customers are the same mary trainer, PT 23, with an open sports car maker, is moving ahead cautiously with its aero-engine project - but with its customary flair. From March, Porsche engineers will start turning out the first of

regular commercial production is expected to begin some time within prowess. the next two years. Porsche has just reached a milestone in the project with the successful end of a six-month, roundthe world flight of a light aircraft

PFM 3200, is based on the 3.2-litre engine in Porsche's 911 sports car. der Mr Helmuth Bott, in a secluded, It has six cylinders and 212 horse-power, and is intended for sports

and light business aircraft. aged (and so reduces pilot stress)

well-heeled and adventurous clientele who are apt to buy its sports
the waited it is now turning out at
the world aircraft to return to base

The uggest market for aircraft
owners is the US, which is also
owners is the U cars, which it is now turning out at 50,000 a year.

about 100 engines regarded as a "pilot run." If all continues to go well, Porsche engineers have been examining the idea and moving to- company's voting shares.

the world flight of a night aircrait powered by a prototype Porsche engine. The flight was not simply a publicity-catching event but a tough test of the engine's performance in a variety of conditions.

The engine development stems from Porsche's long-standing interpost of the engine's performance in a variety of conditions.

The engine development stems covered 190,000 km, spending 600 made. But Porsche executives emphasise that there is no question of stop distance covered was 3,900 km a joint venture.

The company is renowned for its re
The company is renowned for its re
The many action of the positive part of the varied climatic conditions.

The single engined alrerait though a final decision has not been covered 190,000 km, spending 600 made. But Porsche executives emphasise that there is no question of stop distance covered was 3,900 km a joint venture.

The company is renowned for its re-The aero-engine, known as the The company is renowned for its refrom Hawaii to California in 15.3 search and development centre, un-hours.

> near Stuttgart. It is there that Porsche not only

clients from all over the world.

in southern Germany.

few years, certainly since Mr Peter which, according to Porsche, Schutz joined as chief executive showed that the engine could stand up to varied climatic conditions.

wooded landscape at Weissach, project faces strong competition of years. The emphasis, he says, Lycoming and Teledyne-Continen-

Mr Schutz, a German-born Amer- aircraft manufacturers and light- over, BMW, the Munich-based car and is relatively quiet, the company says.

The aero-engine project has some appealing logic for Porsche, which has an overall sales revenue in excess of DM 3bn (\$1.2bn) a year.

Mr Schuz, a terman-born American manufacturers and light-aircraft owners. It has its eye, for company, used to be a prominent instance, on light-aircraft makers in tise, is himself an experienced pilot. The last aircraft that I actually ested in trying out the engine in their aircraft production.

Schutz, with relatively few engines Porsche is well aware that its likely to be made in the next couple from such US companies as Avoo-Lycoming and Teledyne-Continen-in carefully moving in that direc-

up a project office in the US for the

50,000 a year.

Moreover, Porsche's aero-engine

Moreover, Porsche, 76, pects to offer aero-engines from current patriarch of the Porsche

Schutz and Mr Ferry Porsche, 76, pects to offer aero-engines from current patriarch of the Porsche

aero-engine

Moreover, Porsche's aero-engine

Moreover, Porsche's aero-engine

Moreover, Porsche's aero-engine

Moreover, 76, pects to offer aero-engines from current patriarch of the Porsche

Schutz and Mr Ferry Porsche, 76, pects to offer aero-engines

Moreover, 76, pects to offer aero-en

the production run. wards commercial production for a - The flight provided a stiff test, Other aspects of the project are also still open. For instance, produc-tion is expected to be at the Zuffenhausen car plant in Stuttgart. al-

and light business aircraft.

Porsche claims the engine is technologically advanced. It has low technological advances, but allow technological advances, but also own technological advances own technolo



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Rustenburg | Platimum Holdings &



(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 05/22452/06

Consolidated Interim Report for the six months ended 31 December 1985

INTERIM RESULTS (UNAUDITED)	Six	Six	Twelve
	Months to	Months to	Months to
	31/12/85	31/12/84	30/6/85
	Rm	Bm	Rm
Gross sales revenue	720.3	466.4	1063.
Commission and discounts	<u>44.3</u>	<u>29.0</u>	
Net sales revenue	676.0	437.4	
Cost of sales	404.5	297.0	649.4
On-mine costs	306.2	231.3	497.
Treatment and refining	67.8	47.5	105.
Off-mine costs	27.5	15.1	32.0
Decrease in stock	3.0	3.1	14.3
Profit on metal sales	271.5	140.4	349.1
Other income	14.2	18.0	29.1
Profit before provisions	285.7	158.4	378.9
Provisions for renewals and replacements	39.9	32.7	71.2
Profit before taxation	245.8	125.7	307.4
Tax and lease	140.1	64.2	146.
lax pormalisation		<u>2.0</u>	4.0
Profit after taxation		59.5	156.9
Dividends	65.8	43.9	112.
Fransfer to reserves	38.8	<u> 15.6</u>	44.
Earnings per share (cents)	83.5	47.5	125.
Dividend per share (cents)	52. 5	35.0	90.
Dividend cover	1.6	1.4	1.

- During the six months to 31 December 1985, the sales volume of platinum was lower and those of gold, nickel and iridium higher, than those in the six months to 31 December 1984. The sales volumes of most of the other metals were similar to those in the previous period.
- The average dollar prices achieved for all metals sold, except rhodium, nickel and cobalt were lower. However, due to the decline in the average value of the rand against the dollar, the average rand price achieved was higher for every metal, and consequently, profit before provisions increased by 80.4% to R285.7 million from R158.4 million, and profit after taxation increased by 75.8% to R104.6 million. Earnings per share were therefore 83.5 cents (47.5 cen
- In the light of these improved results and the Company's sound financial position the inte-rim dividend has been increased to 52.5 cents per share (35 cents).
- 4. If the high current rand prices for platinum and other metals persist for the next six months, then, in the absence of unforeseen circumstances, profits in the second half of the current financial year will also show a substantial increase over those earned in the six months to 30 June 1985, though the improvement is likely to be less than the increase recorded for the first six months of the year.
- Capital expenditure for the six-month period amounted to R53.2 million (R34.1 million) of which R51.6 million (R30.7 million) was charged to the renewals and replacements reserve as on-going capital expenditure.

For and on behalf of the Board G H Waddell K W Maxwell

DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND

Dividend No. 64 of 52.5 cents per share, South African currency, has been declared payable to members registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on 7 February 1986. The conditions of payment, which can be obtained from the Company's Head Office or from the London Secretaries, provide inter alia that the dividend shall be converted to the United Kingdom currency at the rate of exchange quoted by the Company's

Bankers on 24 February 1986. South African Non-Resident Shareholders' Tax at the rate of 15% and United Kingdom Income Tax will be deducted where applicable. The Register of Members will be closed from 10 February 1986 to 14 February 1986 both days inclusive. Dividend warrants will be posted on 6 March 1986 and will be payable on 7 March 1986.

By order of the Board JOHANNESBURG CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED Secretaries Per: R B APPLETON

Head Office and Registered Office Consolidated Building, Corner Fox and Harrison Streets, Johannesburg 2001. P.O. Box 590, Johannesburg 2000.

London Secretaries Barnato Brothers Limited, 99 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 3XE.

20 January 1986

Copies of this interim report can be obtained from the London Secretaries

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Campbell Red Lake buys stake in Kiena

By Kenneth Marston in London

CAMPBELL RED Lake is strengthcampbell Red Lake is strengthening its position as leading Canadian gold producer by the purchase for C\$86.6m (U\$\$60.2m) of Falconbridge's 56.7 per cent holding in Kiena Gold Mines.

Campbell Red Lake is paying C\$8.8 a charafar the 232m Figure 1.

C\$26 a share for the 3.33m Kiena shares. The price was based on the closing market level of C\$24.75 on January 15. There is no intention to extend the offer to other shareholders of Kiena.

The estimated gold production of Kiena for 1985 is 70,000 oz. That of Campbell Red Lake is 272,000 oz. which includes the company's stake in the Detour Lake and Dee Gold mines.

UK financial consultant expands in US

By Terry Byland in New York DEWE ROGERSON, the UK-based financial communications agency, has appointed Ms Carol A. Ruth president and chief operating officer of its US subsidiary as part of an expansion in the US.

Ms Ruth, formerly senior vice president at Hill & Knowlton, where she worked for 17 years, will head Dewe Rogerson's operations in New York, serving existing inter-national clients and also seeking to

expand the US client base. *Financial communications must follow markets towards internationalisation," she said. Dewe Rogerson clients already include prominent US names such as Shearson Leh-man and Manufacturers Hanover,

BfG denies capital plan

BANK für Gemeinwirtschaft (BfG) the West German union-own bank, has no concrete plans to raise capital at the moment and has no knowledge of a possible stock flota-tion, Reuter reports from Frank-

A bank spokesman denied a re-port in Der Spiegel that BfG was profit-sharing certificates, to raise

The magazine said the bank's owners were planning to float a third of the bank's DM 1bn (\$408m) existing capital on the stock exchange next year as part of a rescue plan for the trades union-owned housing firm Neue Heimat.

Norcem profits increase 50% in year

NORCEM, the Norwegian industrial and offshore group, had a profits after financial items of NKr rise of almost 50 per cent in 1985 compared with the previous 12 months, while turnover showed a 15 per cent growth for the same period, writes Fay Gjester in Oslo.

The group said its stake in Aker, the offshore fabricating and engineering group, which it recently in
The group said its stake in Aker, the offshore fabricating and engineering group, which it recently in
The group said its stake in Aker, the offshore fabricating and engineering group, which it recently in
The group said its stake in Aker, the offshore fabricating and engineering group, which it recently in-

NEW ISSUE

These Notes having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

DECEMBER 1985

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£100,000,000



(Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1976 Regd. No. 1397169)

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Interest Period

21st January 1986 21st July 1986

Interest Amount per

U.S. \$10,000 Note due 21st July 1986 U.S. \$417.93

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3. Interest Payment

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INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Denmark's biggest savings bank is expanding, reports Hilary Barnes

SDS takes on the competition

TEN YEARS after legislation first placed them on an equal footing with commercial banks,

important thing we learnt from the 1975 Bank and Savings Bank Act," says Mr Laurits Ringgaard, chairman of SDS, the biggest of the Danish sav-

As there are still about 150 savings banks in Denmark, they have evidently survived their

and Tokyo.

SDS's balance sheet total in

Denmark's savings banks remain a thriving business segment.

"The necessity of earning money was in my view the most important thing we learnt from farmers.

Today the share is the most in the lost of the share is the share in the share is the lost of the share in the share is the share in the share is the share in the share is the share in the about 45 per cent," says Mr Niels Aage Nielsen, the managing director.
The bank's earnings before

That legislation removed a number of restrictions on the type of business which savings banks were allowed to undertake. Prior to 1975, they could not engage in foreign business relation to assets than in the and card could not lend without the same could not the same could not lend without the same could not the same could not lend without the same could not the same could not save the save th

not engage in foreign business and could not lend without security, restrictions which barred them from basic commercial banking. Farmers, the traditional customers of the savings banks, were the main exception to this rule.

There were plenty of Cassandras in 1975 who doubted whether the savings banks would survive in competition with the commercial banks. The expense of developing new banking divisions and educating staff, not to mention the technological challenge, were cited as major stumbling blocks.

Telation to assets than in the other banks. "But in the 1985 first half our costs increased by direct half our costs increased by one of any of the larger banks," says Mr Nielsen.

"We have the advantage that all our profits are ploughed back (savings banks are owned by depositors and do not pay dividends). But we have a problem if we cannot earn enough to consolidate, as we can't raise capital in the 1985 first half our costs increased by deposite save and the larger banks," says Mr Nielsen.

"We have the advantage that all our profits are ploughed back (savings banks are owned by depositors and do not pay dividends). But we have a problem if we cannot earn enough to consolidate, as we can't raise capital in the 1985 first half our costs increased by depositors and do not pay dividends). But we have a problem if we cannot earn enough to consolidate, as we can't raise capital in the owner of the larger banks," and our profits are ploughed back (savings banks are owned by depositors and do not pay dividends). But we have a problem if we cannot earn enough to consolidate, as we can't raise capital in the owner of the larger banks, and our profits are ploughed back (savings banks are owned by depositors and to not pay dividends). But we have a problem if we cannot earn enough to consolidate, as we can't raise capital in the owner of the larger banks, and the lowest rate had our profits are ploughed back (savings banks are owned back (savings banks are owned back (savings banks are owned back) and the larger bank deposits and guarantees, in our case about 11 per cent," he says. The minimum ratio under Danish law is 8 per cent.

have evidently survived their baptism, and none more so than SDS.

Denmark's fourth largest bank by balance sheet total, SDS has succeeded in building up a large business lending portfolio, developed a big investment (portfolio manage—established a Danish project forgetting of the second forgetting operation, and six by a six of the second portfolio manage—established a Danish project forgetting operation, aimed at the second forgetting operation, aimed at the second portfolio manage—established a Danish project forgetting operation, aimed at the second portfolio manage—established a Danish project forgetting operation, aimed at the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting operation aimed at the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting operation aimed at the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting operation aimed at the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished a Danish project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage are setablished and project forgetting the second portfolio manage a ment) division, and set up an financing operation aimed at international division repre- foreign loans for major public

sented in London, Singapore sector investment projects, especially in the energy sector. SDS has also gone into the Euromarkets, acting as lead manager for a low-coupon Ecu loan to the EEC two years ago and subsequently acting as lead



Mr Laurits Ringgaard: does not rule out corporate form

pean Investment Bank, the Nordic Investment Bank and the Coal and Steel Union.

"Lest spring we had the idea that with the Danish exchange rate stabilised it could be interesting to try a Euro-krone loan," states Mr Nielsen. Its first such loan was to the European Investment Bank, SDS has since managed two Euro-

institute for industry and crafts—the first to the institute for which the esablished kingdom advisers—the consortium of Copenhagen Handelsbank, Danske Bank and Privatbanken, was not lead manager.

In 1981 SDS acquired a 25 per cent share in London Interstate Bank (LIB). Last year it became sole owner and "the only European savings bank with a bank outside its own national frontiers." Mr Nielsen declares: "We

are trying to sell the idea that LIB is a savings banks' in London. We are trying to develop business for other European savings banks in London." A conference on London." A conference on this theme was attended by rep-resentatives of 40 European savings banks last spring.

What the future holds is tougher competition, not least for the business of SDS's tradi-tional customers, the family.
"We have to face the fact that the margin between interest paid on deposits and advances can be cut from almost 6 to around 3 per cent in the foreseeable future," according to Mr Laurits Ringgaard, who does not rule out the possibility that at some point SDS and other savings banks may have to consider switching to the limited liability corporate form in order to secure adequate

"But the popular element in the management of the savings banks must be secured. We do not wish to exist exclusively to procure money for share-

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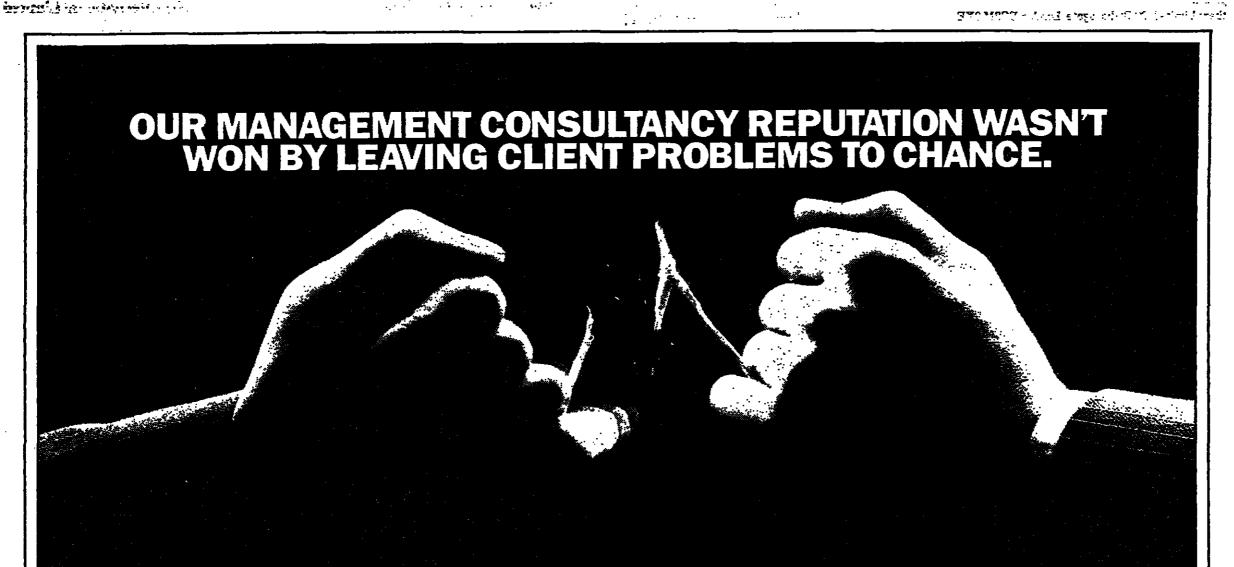
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Second quarter Net profits	1985-86 1984-85 \$ \$ 67.3m 49.2m 0.65 0.49 117.8m 80.8m 1.15 0.80	Fourth quarter Revenue Net profits Net per share Year Revenue Nat profits Nat per share	1985 \$ 287.9m 14.1m 1.11 1,1bn 42.7m 3.38	1984 3 288m 13.7m 1.10 1bn 41.7m 3.36	Fourth quarter	0.79 107.7m	Second quarter Revenue Not profits Net per share Six months Revenue Net profits Net per share	\$ 1.095n 87.1m 0.96 1.795n	0.86 1.51bi 113.9n
AUTOMATIC DATA PR		HILTON HOTELS . Hotels, gaming			RALSTON PURINA Per foods, livestock feeds		ZALE Jawailery retailing		
Second quarter	1985-86 1984-85 g 290.2m 253.9m 24.8m 20.1m 0.68 0.57 561.4m 490.8m 43.2m 35.4m	Fourth guerter Revenue	1965 \$ 184.3m 28.7m 1.16 712.4m 100.2m 4.03	1984 \$ 181 m 46 m 1.79 686.6 m 114 m 4.33	First quarter 1985-85 Revenue	82.8m 0.98 sala of	Third quarter Revenue Net profits Net per share Mine months Revenue Net profits Net profits	\$ 488.8m 40.2m 3.25 909.7m 31.1m	35.5m 2.94 874.9m 37.8m



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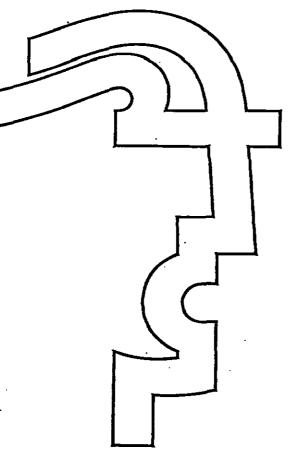
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INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Michael Thompson-Noel on the problems of a big export earner

Australian mines seek tax relief

many Australian mining companies, big and small. It was also the trigger for the recent call by the Australian Mining Industry Council (AMIC) for tax relief against foreign ex-

Baldly, the AMIC states: "It is a glaring anomaly that while exporters pay tax on the gains from a devaluation in higher profit taxes, exchange related losses are generally not deductible. . This tax liability must eventually flow into the cost of

In Canberra, the suggestion will probably sink like a lead balloon. Yet the industry's plight is real, none the less. It is remarkable that the con-

tinued loss of competitiveness should not overlook the fact that many of our competitors in world markets, such as South Africa, Chile, Brazil, have also devalued their currencles signi-

Australia's mining troubles are outlined in the latest AIDC-Coopers & Lybrand minerals industry survey, based on data from 121 respondents covering almost all Australia's minerals activity. Oil and gas is not included, so that good performing leaders like BHP and Santos do Net profit return on average profits have bitten deeply into

ing and refining companies, reported losses totalling A\$472m. Of these, 36 were producing companies with aggregate loss of A\$417m.

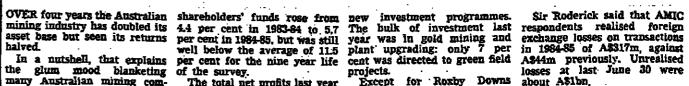
Recently Australian minerals natural gas venture off Wes-production has been surging tern Australia). sales volumes, as maturing in-vestment programmes launched

projects.
Except for Roxby Downs The total net profits last year Except for Roxby Downs about A\$1bn.

were A\$640m. But Sir Bruce uranium-gold-copper project in said that 45 mining and exploration companies, plus nine smelt-partners are Western Mining the smallness of

and BP Australia, there are thought to be no large projects due for start-up (though this excludes the massive export phase of the North-West Shelf

Forecast capital investment for 1985-86 is A\$2.2bn, yet the biggest single component of this estimate is the Portland alum-



Because of the large sums involved in mining projects and capital market, the industry continually borrows offshore. At June 30, total overseas borrowings by AMIC respondents were A\$8.9bn. This is much less than annual mining export earnings of over A\$12bn, whereas for Australia as a whole, total outstanding debt is almost double

annual export earnings.

As well as asking that exchange losses be made tax deductible, Australian mining companies are pressing for reform on other fronts as are the country's farmers, who have been even more viciously squeezed by low commodity prices, high domestic costs, and

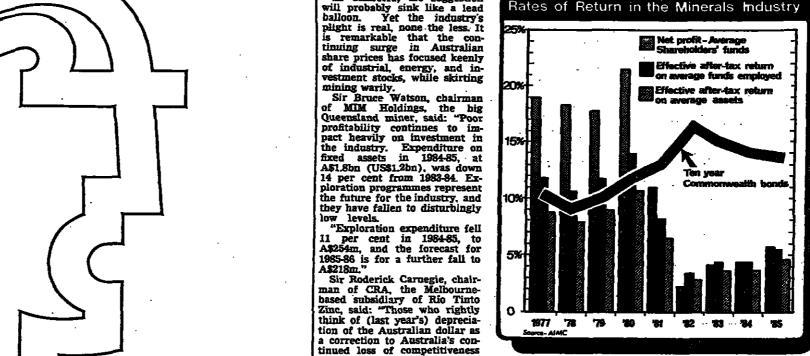
rampant protectionism.

The mining companies seek a tougher stance on wages. These want foreign investment guide-lines to be abandoned; a reduction in government charges, including abolition of fuel excises and the coal export duty; and further cuts in Government expenditure.

The burden of Government taxes and charges is the mining industry's most heartfelt com-plaint. Sir Bruce Watson said that over the past five years. mining industry payments to both federal and state governments have risen from A\$1.8bn to more than A\$3bn. This is 22 cents per dollar of revenue, against the 4.6 cents per dollar that shareholders get.

The mining industry now has an investment totalling A\$3.2bn in the nation's infrastructure, including A\$1.1bn in items such as housing, community facilities, hospitals, schools, community roads, town power and water supply. Most of this infrastructure is normally pro-vided by governments," Sir Bruce adds.

The picture is not all bleak. Despite four years of poor pro-fits, Australian mining has spent billions on expanding capacity, and now has valuable, and waiting for the next decade



early 1980s came on stream. For example, in 1984-85, the production gains were: alum-inium, up 41 per cent; iron-ore up 31 per cent to 93m tonnes, reflecting increased competitive ness in the Pilbara mines and improved demand for steel; manganese, up 31 per cent; gold. up 19 per cent to 32,000 kilo-grams; black coal, up 19 per cent to a record 101m tonnes—

helping Australia become the world's largest coal exporter. Australia become the

demand, real world metal prices remain depressed. Although 1985's sharp depreciation of the cant price improvements there were also significant costs, the AMIC says. Gains were partly offset by exchange losses on offset by exchange losses on and beyond.

borrowings, increased interest It says that when the call charges, and the higher cost of imported raw materials and seems to beg a very big

inium smelter in Victoria, be-

Despite some recovery in

mothballed.

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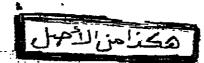
heaters so effective allow them to be built much slimmer (some are less than 6 inches in depth), so they blend into modern commercial premises as unobtrusively as they do

"They really look quite pleasant," added Roger Pinson, "I won't have anything else in future" And on that we are pleased to say, he is sold.

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Financial Times Tuesday January 21 1986

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Pakistan to float shares in seven state groups

THE PAKISTANI Government has outlined a privatisation programme which involves the sale of minority stakes in seven leading companies to raise some PRs 2bn (\$125m).

All seven are profitable and regularly declaring dividends. They include Pakistan State Oil, the petroleum distributor, and Pakistan International Airlines (PIA), the national flag

Two utilities, the Sui Gas Transmission Company and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines—which together distribute natural gas throughout the country—are also inclupded. The three other companies in which stocks will be offered to public are Pak-Saudi Fertiliser Company. Dan-dot Cement, and Sind Engineer-

The naming of the seven companies has belied public fears that the Government wants only to get rid of loss making businesses which would not be attractive to investors. Most of the seven came under government control in 1972 as a government control in 1972 as a result of the major nationalisation of basic industries, banking and life insurance by Mr Zul-

and the insurance by Mr Zuifikar Ali Bhutto, the then
Prime Minister.

Mr Bhutto had taken the step
in order to help establish a
socialist economy in Pakistan,
although the country has remained committed to a Western
style free enterprise economy.

maned committed to a Western style free enterprise economy.

The Government, to attract public investment in these stocks, has decided to price the shares so that they can yield dividends of around 17.5 per cent a year. The shares will be sald in two could transpass and sold in two equal tranches, and the programme is scheduled to be completed by June, the end of the current fiscal year.

The flotations will be lead-managed by the government finacial institutions and invest-ment banks such as Bankers Equity and the National Development Finance Corpora-tion (NDFC). Investment Cor-poration of Pakistan will also participate as a member of the participate as a member of the underwriting consortium.

Some 5 per cent of the issues will be reserved for employees of the seven companies, through their provident and welfare

Matsushita Electric ahead in year

parent company pre-tax profits
6 per cent to a record of 19250.35bn (\$1.24bn) in the 1

strong demand, especially for its video cassette recorders

BY ROBERT THOMSON IN PEKING

THE CHINESE Government

has ruled that local government has ruled that local govern-ments and individuals are not to be allowed to establish banks. The move reflects the

reluctance of central authori-

ties to relinquish financial

Under the regulations

China's Central Bank, the

People's Bank of China and

other financial institutions

MATSUSHITA Electrical Inbecause of its abundant finandustrial, the world's top electrical assets. These reached and over the following decade reflecting an increase in sales
cal appliances maker, lifted Y1.026.7bn at the end of the led the company's rise to of air conditioners helped by
parent company pre-tax profits latest year, above the Y1 trilbecome top manufacturer of a heatware latest year, above the Y1 trilVCDs in the munications and industrial

policies and stabilise econo-

Last year China was hit by a flood of lending by local bank branches competing against each other. The Cen-

tral Government moved early to halt the increase in credit, and the new regulations take those restrictions a step further.

The People's Baily described the legislation as a "legal guarantee for ensuring

China restrains local banks

mic growth.

the regulatory role of banks in China.

The country has five major specialised banks under the People's Bank — the Bank of China, the Agricultural Bank,

the Construction Bank, the Industrial and Commercial Bank, and the China Invest-

ment Bank — and the legisla-tion reasserts their power to

decide on loans and bear responsibility for the risks involved.

ANZ to be

eight divisions

AUSTRALIA and New Zealand Banking Group (ANZ) is to be reorganised into 50 subsidiaries grouped in eight strategic divisions, Reuter reports from Melbourne.

Sir William Vines, chairman ordinad the changes at

man, outlined the changes at

the annual meeting yesterday. They represent in part a fur-ther consolidation of Grind-

The sectors — three Austra-

lian groups, a global treasury and four international groups

-will be supported by a small corporate centre, responsible for overall group policy and strategy, Sir William said.

At the same time he fore-east a further modest profit

profits improvement in its

current year to September. First-quarter earnings were

ahead of those a year earlier, he told the meeting, without

he told the meeting, without giving figures.
In 1984-85, the group lifted net earnings to A\$220.2m (U\$\$224m) from A\$283.8m.
Benefits from acquisitions which have begun to flow to the group will increase progressively in future years, he said.

The bank is also to lift suberiesed capital to A\$500m.

from A\$450m. The increase will allow a wider margin of unissued capital available for

the future, Sir William said.

Within Australia, the operational regrouping will bring retail banking, Aus-

tralian branch activities, data processing and elec-

tronic network services into

split into

lays of the UK.

strong demand, especially for the after it is approved at a growth to North America and Matsushita expects to stiner a tix video cassette recorders shareholders' meeting to be shareholders' meeting to be a boost in colour television sea-change in business environments of the net income on the net in

Metropolitan Life to

By Jim Jones in John METROPOLITAN LIFE the

At present Metropolitan is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sanlam, the country's second

Sanlam, the country's second largest insurance group. After the issue Sanlam will hold 65.3 per cent of the equity.

Metropolitan differs from Sanlam, which was founded on Afrikaner savings, in that it has concentrated its marketing effort on the black community which groups it is the same the community which groups it is second.

total assets have increased to R919m from R353m.

which ends in September, against the past year's R4.5m.
The issue of 15m shares will be priced at R3.15.

go public

METROPULITAN LIFE the South African life assurer, is to go public by means of a R47.25m (\$20.6m) share issue "to enhance Metropolitan's future growth potential and expansion."

effort on the black community which generally comprises the lower income group. About half the company's business is transacted with blacks, about 30 per cent with those classified as coloured (mixed race) and Asians, and the rest with whites. Since 1980 premium and investment income has risen to R290.8m from R111.5m, while total assets have increased to

The prospectus forecasts taxed earnings of at least R8.5m in the current financial year

January, 1986

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U.S. \$175,000,000 National Westminster Finance B.V.

Guaranteed Floating Rate Capital Notes 1991

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from 21 January, 1986 to 21 July, 1986 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 83/4% per annum. The Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 21 July, 1986 against Coupon No. 10 will be U.S. \$210.54.

By The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London Agent Bank

RUSTENBURG PLATINUM, one of the leading South African were similar to producers of the metal, showed previous period. a strong rise in pre-tax profits to R245.3m (\$107m or £74.3m) for the six months to December, compared with R125.7m.

Strong first-half advance

at Rustenburg Platinum

Net earnings emerged at

Transfers to reserves were also increased substantially, to R38.8m compared with R15.6m. Sales volumes in platinum were lower and those of gold, nickel and irridium higher than those in comparable six months of 1984, the directors say. Sales

were similar, to those in the

Average dollar prices achieved for most of the metals sold were lower, they add. However, due to the decline in the value of the rand, the average rand R104.6m or 83.5 cents a share, price achieved was higher for against R59.5m or 47.5 cents per every metal. Consequently, share. The dividend is being increased from 35 cents to 52.5 creased by 80.4 per cent to every metal. Consequently, profit before provisions increased by 80.4 per cent to

> If high current rand prices for platinum and other metals persist for the next six months profits in the second half of the current year are also expected to show a substantial increase over those earned in the period to June 1985.

> > Harriet output starts

THE HARRIET oilfield, Western Australia's first com-mercial offshore oil producer, has begun production, Reuter reports from Perth.

Bond Corporation Holdings is its operator and owns 46.53 per cent. Initial production is 4,000 barrels per day, rising to 8,500 b/d by end-February, Bond said. Harriet is producing from five wells, with five more planned for mid-1986.

US\$250,000,000 **SECURITY PACIFIC** CORPORATION Capital Notes due 1997

Noteholders are advised that for the interest period from November 21, 1985 to February 20, 1986 inclusive, the sum of US\$208.72 will be payable on the interest payment date, February 21, 1986, per US\$10,000 Principal Amount of Notes.

London, Agent Bank

The eight-company field con-sortium agreed to develop the

sting Rate Subordipate:

a new retail banking sector. FIRST CITY

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

BANCORPORATION

OF TEXAS, INC.

US\$100,000,000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE JANUARY, 1995

TRUST COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS HANOVER

is pleased to have assisted in the assessment by

The Department of Transport

of proposals to construct and operate a

Channel Fixed Link

and to have rendered its opinion on the financing proposals submitted by promoters.

20th January 1986



Chase Investment Bank

African Development Bank 11½% Loan Stock 2010

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited announce, on behalf of African Development Bank, that in the 6 months preceding 4th January, 1986 none of the above Loan Stock. As at 4th January, 1986 £50,000,000 nominal Stock. As at 4th January, 1986 £50,000,000 nominal security of the above Loan Stock, As at 4th January, 1986 £50,000,000 nominal security of the above Loan Stock was outstanding amount of the above Loan Stock was outstanding.

Baring Brothers &Co., Limited Purchase Agent

African Development Bank

บ.ร.\$200,000,000

CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE



Floating Rate Debentures Due 1994

For the six months 21st January, 1986 to 21st July, 1986 In accordance with the provisions of the Debentures, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 8% per cent. and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payment date.

21st July, 1986 against Coupon No. 8 will be U.S.\$421-08.

at Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of How York, London

a fully integrated banking service DAIWA BANK

Head Office: Osaka, Japan London Branch: Tel: (01) 623-8200 Frankfurt Branch: Tel: (069) 55 02 31 Paris Representative Office; Tel: (01) 4296 15 73 Daiwa Bank (Capital Management) Limited, London; Tel: (01) 623-1494

Daiwa Finanz AG, Zurich: Tel: (01) 211 03 11

Bank of Greece US\$150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes

due 1994 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of interest relating to the above issue has been fixed at 817 per cent for the period 21st January, 1986 to 21st April,

1986. Total interest payable on 21st April, 1986 per US\$10,000 Note will be US\$438.54 and per US\$250,000 Note will be US\$10,963.54.

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Compan) of New York

CORPORATION N.V.

1987/8/9 Unconditionally guaranteed by Nederlandse

87/6% per annum with a Coupon Amount of U.S.\$105.47 payable on 21st April, 1986.

N.S. FINANCE

U.S. \$15,600,000 Guar J.S. \$15,600,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due

Scheepskypotheckbank N.V. For the three months 21st January, 1986 to 21st April, 1986, the Notes will carry an interest rate of

ADVERTISEMENT

IBI Holding Company N.V. and Wedge Bancorp by have decided to merge their activities in French banking. It is with this aim in view that Wedge Bancorp by has transferred its French assets—these being principally made up of its shares in Banque Wedge—to the IBI Group, and has received, in return for those assets, shares of IBI Holding Company N.V. Wedge Bancorp, which on this occasion also subscribed shares for cash, has now become a substantial shareholder of the IBI Group, the principal shareholder of which remains the Tag Group S.A. of Mr Akram Ojjeh. The French and Luxembourg monetary authorities have given their agreement to this transaction.

Tag Group S.A. of Mr Akram Oljeh. The French and Luxembourg monetary authorities have given their agreement to this transaction.

Wedge Bancorp holds the investments in banking and finance of the Wedge Group, whose president and owner is Mr Issam M. Fares, a prominent Lebanese businessman. Wedge Bank Middle East S.A.L. (Beirut, Lebanen), Wedge Bank S.A. (Geneva, Switzerland) and Wedge Trust Corp. (Geneva, Switzerland) remain in Wedge Bancorp by's ownership and are not covered by the above referred transaction.

IBI Company N.V. is the parent company of an international banking and financing group which has about US\$ 128,960,000 in Shareholders Funds, with Mr Jean-Maxime Levèque as its chairman and Mr Jean de Roquefeuil as managing director. The group's main operating unit is International Bankers Incorporated S.A., a commercial bank registered under the laws of Luxembourg, headed by Mr Jean de Roquefeuil and of which Banque Wedge will become the French subsidiary. International Bankers Incorporated S.A. has previously set up a finance company in London and a deposit taking company in Hong Kong, in addition to representative offices in both cities. The group also operates a subsidiary in Geneva, IBI Finance Company S.A., providing international investment management and financial services.

The board of directors of Banque Wedge meeting in Paris on November 22nd, 1985 elected Mr Michel de Brem as chairman of the board and Mr Issam M. Fares, who will remain a board member, honorary chairman. Mr Raymond Mantelet was confirmed as general manager. a position which he has

a board member, honorary chairman. Mr Raymond Mantelet was confirmed as general manager, a position which he has

was confirmed as general manager, a position which he has held since May 1984. Mr Michel de Brem, 46, H.E.C., has spent most of his banking career with Crédit Commercial de France, which he joined in 1965 and where, among other assignments, he was senior credit officer and head of corporate finance. He eventually joined S.F.A.C. (Société Française d'Assurances pour favoriser le Crédit) in April 1984 as credit department manager. Mr Raymond Mantelet, 52, has spent his entire career in banking. A former vice president with Margan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Paris, he took over the general Trust Company of New York, Paris, he took over the general management of Banco Urquijo, Paris, in 1978 and served in that capacity until he joined Banque Wedge in 1984.

One New York Plaza, New York, New York 18004 Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, London (affiliate) Los Angeles, San Francisco, Tokyo (affiliate). Zurich ember of Mejor Securities and Commodities Exchang

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DIANE STEWARD

Notice of Redemption To the Holders of

Montana Power International Finance N.V. 15 %% Guaranteed Notes Due 1987

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture, dated as of December 15, 1981, from Montana Power International Finance N.V. and the Montana Power Company as Guarantor, to Citibank, N.A., Trustee, all \$50,000,000 in principal amount of the aforesaid Notes will be redeemed on February 14, 1986, at the redemption price of 101% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest thereon from December 15, 1985, to such redemption date, amounting to \$25.20 for each \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes.

Interest on the Notes shall cease to accrue on and after the redemption date and on that date the redemption price and accrued interest will become due and payable on each of the Notes; provided, however, that this notice is subject to the receipt of redemption monies by the Trustee prior to February 14, 1986. This notice shall be of no effect, and the redemption price shall not be payable and interest on the Notes shall continue to accrue, unless such monies shall have been

received prior to such date. Payment of the Notes will be made upon presentation and surrender thereof, together with all coupons appurtenant thereto maturing subsequent to the redemption date, at the offices of the Paying Agents as follows: Citibank, N.A., Fifth Floor, 111 Wall Street, New York, New York 10043, or at the option of the holder, at the main offices of Citibank in Amsterdam, Brussels,

Frankfurt/Main, London or Paris; at the office of Citicorp Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. in Luxembourg; or at the main office of Swiss Bank Corporation in Basle. Coopons which have matured prior to the redemption date should be detached and surrendered

for payment in the usual manner.

Withholding of 20% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States may be required by the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 unless the Paying Agent has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the payee. Dated: January 14, 1986 MONTANA POWER INTERNATIONAL FINANCE N.V.

Chase Manhattan Limited



Belgium to

refinance

\$900m in

two deals

By Peter Montagnon, Euromarkets Correspondent

BELGIUM is preparing to launch Euromarket borrowings

totalling \$900m as part of plans to refinance at lower cost exist-

ing for a broader international

Even at this level, however, the credit would be more costly to Belgium than the floating-rate note, on which it is aiming

to pay interest at Libor flat A decision to split the borrow

ng and tap both the bond and credit markets was taken to avoid overloading the bond market with Belgian paper and

because the credit offers the additional flexibility of a multi-

How Sir Gordon fought the sharks and won

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

IT WOULD be difficult to find American corporate system than American corporate system than Sir Gordon White, the Yorkshire businessman who has led Hanson Trust's triumphant charge into the US over the past 12 years. But in one area he gives the UK an unequivocally superior rating. The British method of deciding takeovers, he says, is far better than the American.

When you get down to the "When you get down to the bottom line, takeover battles in the US are a form of street with the law in the US, to the fighting. There are no holds barred — private detectives, smear campaigns, they are all part of the game. And there is no responsibility to ask the shareholders anything."

The duration of the litingation over SCM, lasting five months and embracing two different legal cases, both of

Atlantic. None of them has been more bruising than his most recent fight—the successful struggle against Merrill Lynch, the largest US securities firm, for the acquisition of SCM of New York.

of New York.

The contest for SCM has confirmed Sir Gordon's profound distaste for the role of the law and some of the tactics that are employed in US takeover battles.

a personal level, the techniques can be rough on executives who are not used to having their private lives and business ethics challenged. Sir Gordon, for example, says his affairs were scrutinised by private detectives. Even worse, he was submitted to a gruelling pre-trial deposition, a process in which opposition lawyers

TSE to list

Shogun bonds

By Yoko Shibata in Tokyo

have a free hand to haul in named anti-takeover devices a witness and ask embarrassing the Scorched Earth Policies, questions about anything under the Poison Pills and the Golden the sun.

Lawyers also employ gamesmanship to keep their opponents on edge in the court proceedings. When the trial started, Sir Gordon was several times summoned to the court-house on false alerts, and once sat for a whole day without being called. There were court references and insinuations about previous Hanson brushes

snareholders anything."

Sir Gordon is perhaps months and embracing two different legal cases, both of uniquely placed to make such comparative judgments. As one of the two main architects of Hanson Trust's acquisition-led growth, he has witnessed fierce bid battles on both sides of the Atlantic. None of them has been more anything."

gation over SCM, lasting five months and embracing two different legal cases, both of which went to appeal, was somewhat unusual. But the methods by which the contest was fought were not. Takeovers in the US quite often come down to a question of who wins in the courtroom, and even if they do not, they are conducted within a highly legalistic framework. The effect of this system, Sir Gordon argues, is to make the interests of sharsholders secondary to the press, which doesn't hesitate to give advice whenever a bid appears. Here, the press does not comment on the value of a bid."

What are the lessons of Hanson's experience for other of shareholders secondary to those of the participants in the

He pins the main distinction He pins the main distinction between the US and the UK on the so-called "business judgment" rule, around which a large body of case law has grown up in the US. This broadly states that directors know what is best for a company, and has been used to allow directors — and sitting managements — a great deal of discretion in the way they defend their companies from attack during a takeover. attack during a takeover.

The use of the colourfully

Parachutes — all derive from these discretionary boardroom powers. To avoid a takeover, a company in the US con virtually dismember itself, or gear itself up to the eyeballs in debt, without once consult-

tender is out, the clock stops," says Sir Gordon. "The only method of fighting you off is on the basis of the value of the company, and that can only accrue to the benefit of share-"Shareholders in the US

"Shareholders in the US really have not got anywhere near the rights of shareholders in Britain, because they are not asked for their opinion. Of course they can take issues to court—but can they afford to do it? And in Britain shareholders are also protected by the press, which doesn't hesitate to give advice whenever a bid appears. Here, the press does not comment on the value

What are the lessons of Hanson's experience for other European companies seeking acquisitions in the US? First. for companies to have execu-tives at hand who know the market intimately and have the authority to act swiftly. The combative nature of US bid battles, with the adversaries constantly fencing and feinting for a weakness in the opposi-



SCM's stock in about 1½ hours of rapid buying after the termination of its initial tender Second, Sir Gordon believes that an acquirer has to go into battle with an ample supply of funds. In the UK, Hanson normally bids with paper, but in the US it uses cash, because that is what American institutions prefer.

ng for a broader international participation and a lower margin of just it per cent over Libor, marking a new low in pricing on a Eurocredit for a top-rated industrial country Without eash, Hanson would not have been able to snap up the one-third of SCM, a move which became a crucial issue in the legal battle, and also provided the company with a strong bargaining position.

Third, a bidder in the present US market needs a thick skin and a pugnacious temperament. and a pugnacious temperament.
Few hostile bids are likely to
be as gruekling as Hanson's,
which generated 3,000 pages of
depositions, 2,500 pages of courtroom testimony, and 104 pages
of exhibits. But it is no longer tion's armour, means that of exhibits. But it is no longer tactical decisions have to be made on the spot, and sometimes with little time for old-fashioned way, and the detailed deliberation. A striking alternative inevitably means

currency option.

Belgian officials said they could not be sure when man-dates for the deals would be awarded, though it is possible that decisions could be taken later in the week.

Elsewhere Norway's Bergen
Bank is arranging a \$200m
Euro-commercial paper programme for which it will act as
dealer alongside Credit Suisse
First Boston, Enskilda Securities Merrill Jurch and Morrill ties, Merrill Lynch and Morgan Stanley. Citicorp has revealed terms on its \$100m facility for Mayne Nickless, the Australian security and freight concern. The five-year deal involves a note programme backed up by

gered selling of yen bonds in slow but nervous trading. The market now see little chance of a Japanese discount rate cut in the near future.

Thin trading

Public authority bond prices ended bourse trading in Frank-furt easier in very thin trading, with most investors sidelined after the G5 meeting rejected coordinated cuts in interest rates. Friday's sharp fall on US credit markets underscored

Zurich lower

W. R. Grace convertible brightens Eurobond gloom

cals and natural resources group, launched a \$250m conyertible Eurobond issue yester-day as part of the financing of its \$596m purchase of its shares from Flick, the West German industrial group.

ing credits carrying margins of around I point over the London interbank offered rate (Libor). German industrial group.

The issue was one of the few bight spots in a depressed Eurobond market, suffering the lack of any lead from the G5 meeting of finance ministers over the weekend. Prices were about I points lower. The US Treasury bond market was closed for Martin Luther King Day, but in London and in the futures markets Treasury bonds. Finance Ministry officials in Brussels say they have invited bids for a \$400m floating-rate note and a \$500m multi-currency credit. The invitation is understood to have provoked a flood of enquiries from would-be lead managers. be lead managers.

Last autumn Belgium raised \$300m in the Eurocredit market through a deal carrying a margin of 1 per cent, which was syndicated exclusively among local institutions.

This time round it is looking for a broader international futures markets Treasury bonds were also weak.

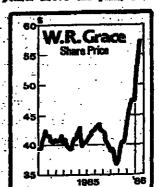
Terms on Grace's issue were set at a 15-year life with an indicated coupon of 61 to 71 per cent and a par issue price. Investors will have a put option after five years to give a yield of 91 to 91 per cent. The conversion price is expected to be around \$65.

around \$65.

Grace bought 26 per cent of its own shares, previously owned by Flick, from Deutsche Bank in December, following the bank's purchase of Flick. The 13.6m shares were bought at \$43\frac{1}{2}\$. Later last month Grace launched an offering of 2\frac{1}{2}m shares in the US at \$48\$. Yesterday the shares were trading around \$53\frac{2}{2}\$ after closing last Friday at \$57\frac{1}{2}\$. The group is also selling its The group is also selling its retailing interests, as part of a

corporate restructuring, a step which could raise \$600m. The convertible issue was warmly received, offered at 99 or even higher, well inside total commissions of 21 per cent. Lead manager is Credit Suisse First Boston with Merrill Lynch.

Government agency for financ-ing industry. Although French paper is popular, syndicate managers said that the terms were too aggressive. The coupon was set at 91 per cent and Issue price at par. With fees of 17 per cent, the cost to the borrower was about 20 basis points above the yield on US



but on these terms it's prac-tically unsaleable." The lead Lead manager is Deutsche Bank manager was offering paper at 981 per cent but was not making a bid in the grey market. Else-issue is non-callable, a feature a bid in the grey market. Elsewhere the bonds were bid at
which attracted investors.

971. Traders suggested that the
pricing of the issue reflected
the increased competition in
the market for mandates.

Other record deals record also

No new issues were launched

commissions of 2½ per cent.
Lead manager is Credit Suisse
First Boston with Mertill Lynch.
CSFB was critised for another
deal yesterday, however, a
\$150m seven-year issue for

the market for mandates.
Other recent deals were also
not be in the Swiss franc for
market, Here, too, to
market, Here, too, to
market for mandates.

No new issues we
market, Here, too, to
market for mandates.

Soon seven-year issue was tradmarket for mandates.

Vell inside the 1½ pe
in the Swiss franc for
market for mandates.

No new issues we
market, Here, too, to
market for mandates.

W. R. GRACE, the US chemi- Credit National, the French Bank of Canada was seen at around 95].
The recent issue with equity warrants for Sumitomo Corpora-tion met good demand and lead manager Daiwa Europe yesterday increased the issue size from \$100m to \$120m. The coupon was also cut from 5 per cent to 4! per cent. The bonds continued to trade well at about

In the Euroyen market Beneficial Corporation, the US consumer finance group, launched a Y10bn nine-year launched a Y16bn nine-year deal with a 6f per cent coupon and 101 issue price. Lead manager is Yamaichi International (Europe). The lead manager quoted a bid price of 99, though other traders were bidding at 98f. There have been a large number of issues in the sector recently; most are taking a large number of Issues in the sector recently; most are taking advantage of attractive swaps. Yamaichi set terms for Kubota's Y20bn issue with equity warrants as indicated with a 3 per cent coupon.

The D-Mark market was also

Treasury bonds at the closing level on Friday, but at a tighter margin at the time of launch, according to other syndicate managers.

One said. "to launch on a day like today is bad enough, but on these terms it's practically unsaleable." The lead manager was offering paper at No new issues were launched in the Swiss franc foreign bond market. Here, too, trading was dull as dealers' hopes of interest rate cuts receded. Prices were

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the 200 latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market.

Closing prices on January 20

Change on

OTHER STRAIGHTS lasued Bid Offer day week Yield

Barclaye Au. 124, 90 AS 50

Craditanskit 1272 90 AS 50

Popolico C. R. 13 90 AS 50

Popolico C. P. 13 90 AS 50

billions. Change on week - Change over price a week sertler.
Floating Rate Notas: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Coupon shown is minimum. C.dte-Date next coupon becomes effective. Spread-Margin above six-ments diered rate (‡ three-month: § above man text) for US dollars. C.cpn - The current coupon. Convertible Boods: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Crig. day - Change on day. Cav. data-First date for conversion into shares. Cav. price-First date for conversion into shares. Cav. price-Womand amount of bond per share expressed in currency of share at conversion rate fixed at Issue. Prem-Percentage premium of the current effective price of sequiring shares via the bond over the most recent price of the shares.

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(Sacurities) London; Daiws Europe NV; EBC Amro Bank; First Chicago; Goldman Sochs International Corporation: Hambros Bank; BJ International; Kidder Peabody International; LTCB International; Mikko Securities' Co. (Europe): Nompra International; Nikko Securities' Co. (Europe): Nompra International; Ordon Royal Bank; Robert Fleming and Co.; Samuel Montagu and Co.; Samuel Montagu and Co.; Samuel Montagu and Co.; Sundinavian Bank; International; Sc. Watburg and Co.; Swiss Bank Corporation International; Wood Gundy.

MOODY'S, the US credit rating agency, has begun rating bank certificates of deposit and other senior debt obligations Moody's believes the ratings commercial paper, while its will also help corporations and bond rating categories will THE TOKYO Stock Exchange (TSE) is to list Shogun foreign currency bonds and bonds with other bank customers in assess apply to deposit debt of more ing the value of back-up lines than one year. warrants from early March. of credit and other bank com-There have been three Shogun bonds issued in Tokyo markets, of which three are ing diversity of debt instru-ments used by banks. It is in-tended to help investors— ranging from corporate quoted in US dollars—by the World Bank, the State of New South Wales, and the Bank of treasurers to central banks, pension funds, money market funds and even bank money market desks themselves — to For short-term deposits, to Mr Kenneth Pinkes, director Moody's will use the same of Moody's Financial Insticategories currently in use for tutions Group. China—and another in Austraassess relative credit risks.

Besides certificates of depo-parisons between the increas-sit, the service will cover inter-ingly complex range of debt bank placements, bankers' issued by banks, their holding acceptances and obligations to deliver foreign exchange. issued by banks, their holding acceptances and subsidiaries around the world," according

Moody's to rate bank debt

"The new research service is designed to offer risk com-

January, 1986

All these sectarities having been sold; tris druntincem New Issue

Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd.

¥20,000,000,000

8 PER CENT. DUAL CURRENCY YEN/U.S. DOLLAR NOTES DUE 1996 TOTAL REDEMPTION AMOUNT U.S. DOLLARS 110,192,800

ISSUE PRICE 101% PER CENT.

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited **IBJ** International Limited

First Chicago Limited Kidder, Peabody International Limited Sumitomo Trust International Limited

Barclays Merchant Bank Limited LTCB International Limited

New Japan Securities Europe Limited Osakaya International (Europe) Limited

Nippon Credit International (HK) Ltd. Nomura International Limited S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Yamaichi International (Zurope) Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Sumitomo Finance International Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Banque Nationale de Paris Daiwa Europe Limited Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A. Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru (Europe) Limited

in the near future.

The yield of benchmark No. 78 6.2 per cent 10-year government bond ended at the day's high of 5.84 per cent against Saturday's 5.69 per cent.

Major domestic securities houses retreated to the sidelines and several foreign banks were said to be going short in the No. 78 issue as were some medium-sized brokers.

There was a lack of interest in the market as New York is closed for a holiday and traders will wait to see how U.S. government prices fare before making any significant moves in Tokyo. Dealers will also wait for New York to

also wait for New York to react to the 1985 fourth-quarter preliminary U.S. GNP growth rate, scheduled to be released on Wednesday.

in Frankfort

weaker sentiment.

Prices fluctuated between losses of 30 piennigs and gains of 15 piennigs in longer

of 15 prennigs in longer maturities, with the short end of the market shedding an average 5 prennigs.

The Bundesbank bought DM 6.2m of domestic paper after selling DM 15.7m on Friday.

The recent 1995 6½ per cent and 6½ per cent federal government loan stocks fell 15 prennigs to 101,35 and 102.90 respectively.

Swiss franc bonds closed slightly lower in Zurich on very small turnover. Dealers said the failure of the London G5 meeting to cut interest rates disappointed some investors. The 44 per cent government bond closed unchanged, but the 5 per cent Cantonal Bank of Zurich fell † points to 102.75 per cent. Dealers said this was a "hazard price" probably due to be changed tomorrow. Domestic bonds with warrants were mostly lower in line with the weaker trend in the stock

GEOFFREY CARTER knows a lot about the City's view of venture capital and small business. He used to work there, successfully. Now he wonders if the City understands what the smaller end of venture capitalism — involving invest-ments of less than £150,000—is actually about

He says: "People criticise potential investments as oneproduct companies. They want to see more directors, more specialist managers, a wide range of products, and more assets against which to secure

"All these things indicate ignorance. Small businesses operate with very few people and on small capital. They have small asset bases. They usually trade in tight market niches against larger competitors. Some might be turning over their assets two or three times a month. One bad debt can kill them. They cannot afford large overheads.

"The borderlines between success, mediocrity and failure are very, very narrow. If a small company has a 5-10 per cent sales drop in a month, it can just run out of cash two-and-a-balf months later and go under," he adds.

Understanding this—and how to assess the risks involved in backing such companies — is the key to what Carter does for a living. This, he says, is what true venture capitalism is about. In contrast, most Londonbased investment funds provide development capital for stable businesses, not risk capital for

Carter lives in a village in the Mendips and works in Bristol running the Avon Enterprise Fund for White Hart Holdings, a regional group of which the flagship company is the growing south-west based merchant banker, Dartington

He works closely with White Hart's driving force, David Johnstone, who, as Dartington's managing director, is the man largely responsible for getting the region's own venture capital services off the ground in the

Johnstone sums up the problem of the regional fund
operating at the genuinely
small business end of the
market: "Raising money for
funds is not easy. It is possible
major factor. Carter says:
it is a bairy game and a volatile
teigntific with a large invest.

"There comes a noint products and markets,
about products and it is a hairy game and a volatile field. The risks can be daunt-

Carter used to work for So ho National Westminster Bank, projects?



Geoffrey Carter (left) and David Johnstone

A 'hairy game' in Bristol

Ian Hamilton Fazey reports on a venture capital fund in the south west

indefinable.

Carter says: "You have to

spend time with them to talk

about products and markets,

ing out about their tack record.
"There comes a point when

it becomes apparent all on its

everyone needs a well-written business plan just to get to the

Guidehouse Group before seiz- the business have a 50 per cent ing the chance to escape chance or better of making it London's cost, noise, rush, work. Although products and traffic and commuting.

markets are important, it is people he is looking for — and The usual reason given for City funds not investing at the they must possess qualities smaller end of the market is which he himself admits are that since just as much work is needed to assess a £50,000 investment as a £500,000 one, the potential return from the

scientific with a large investment. But with a £50,000 one hand venture capital investment mission PA to do a market in them."

So how does he assess then County Bank, and then What Carter wants to know face-to-face stage, this is not as assistant director of the is whether the people running the basis for investment — and

might well make any proposi-tion look more attractive than Carter goes on: "The business

especially since some large accountancy practices now offer a plan preparation service that

plan helps me decide who to see because I have not the time to see everyone who wants to see me. We look for what it says about products, services and markets. We ask if the market projections are realistic. I then go to the initial meeting and say: 'Now I want to hear it in your own words.'

"This is the most important meeting. I may not even take a note because I want to watch them while they speak. I warn that I may come back and ask all the same questions again just so that I can note the answers then. The business plan is the source of informa-tion for further questions later.

"I also make them meet me on their own patch, even in their own homes if they have not got premises. It is impor-tant to get away from the image of their being supplicants. Since I hold all the cards, I am in an unequal negotiating position so I try to minimise the difference and make them more relaxed so as to assess them better."

Johnstone says that it is im-possible to make money out of dividends at the small end of dividence at the small end of venture capitalism—another fac-tor which puts off City investors. Long term profits have to come from capital gains—and, inci-dentally, usually not from com-panies making it to the Unlisted Securities Market.

Rather, he thinks most will become like Dartington and Co itself—a public unlisted company. The key for the venture capitalist is knowing when to sell his share to someone else Johnstone worries that too many City institutions set rigid timetables for this when some-times it might pay better long term to, say, inject more cash in year eight to make much

Indeed, 10-15 years is the sort of time-scale he thinks venture capitalists must think in, so it will be some time yet before we know for certain whether Bristol fashion is best. Moreover, says Carter, Avon's 12 backers— which include the Allied-Lyons Pension Fund, Bristol United Press, Equity Capital for Indus-try, Phoenix Assurance, Sun Life and several locally-based public service superannuation should expect a 20 per cent failure rate.

But the demand is there: three-quarters of the first £1m is already committed to 12 companies in Bristol and its hinter-

In brief...

tion organised by Venture Capital Report, the publica-tion which provides details of venture capital investment opportunities, has just been launched. It carries a first prize of £15,000, with three runners-up prizes of £1,500.

The competition is open to any company with the following characteristics: it must be British, independent and managed by its owners; established at least two years on January 1, 1986; and be a business with total assets of less than £750,000, turnover not exceeding £1.5m and a maximum of 50 employees.

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London ECAM 5AN.

A SIMPLE contractual clause included in the terms of payment of all business deals would save industry over fibn a year in interest charges and would benefit in particular small companies which often find themselves waiting for payments from large companies.

That is the view of Larry

Lewis, chairman of the Glas-gow-based debt collection gency, the Lewis Group. The clanse, he says, would "speed up payments overall. boost eash flow and reduce interest charges." He recommends a clause, he says, would ' three clause insertion to contracts; one, that the company's terms of payment are 30 days from date of despatch; that in the case of de-fault the right is reserved to nd deliveries and take steps to recover outstanding monies, as well as compensa-tion for any losses: two, that the seller is entitled to 2 per cent interest above minimum lending rate until the account is settled; three, that the buyer is forbidden from withholding payment in whole or in part because of any dis-

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Job creation

Tapping latent potential

BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY

AST week's forecast by the Forum of Private Business— that more than 1m jobs would be created by simplifying the be believed?

That was the initial reaction of Graham Bannock, whose consultancy, Graham Bannock and Partners, has done a lot of work in the small business sector, including the collation of several surveys that showed VAT to be the biggest bane of the small business owner.

Bannock says: "There is no doubt that small businesses have created about 600,000 jobs in the last three years. I would be very surprised to see so many more new jobs being cre-ated but that is what small busi-ness people are saying—and they ought to know."

According to the Forum, 90 per cent of the jobs would come through existing businesses ex-panding by taking on people in ones and twos. With about 1.5m small businesses in Britain, the cumulative effect soon becomes

Unpaid tax collectors

The Forum surveyed its 10,000 members, who were also requested to pass on survey forms to neighbouring businesses whose owners were not Forum members. Strength of feeling on the issue is indica-ted by 11,000 completed survey forms. The Forum then did a detailed analysis of a 10 per cent representative sample.

The owner of a health food shop in Runcorn was one typical respondent. He says: "I run this business with my daughter. We do everything and work flat out. I am obliged by the Government to keep records mainly for their use—for extended periods.

"As unpaid tax collectors, small businesses are over-burdened with too much law can hardly breathe without risking defiance of some law or another. There isn't time to cope with more paperwork. If there were less red tape involved I would take on two employees immediately."

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jobs in the Forum's forecast great that peop would come from making it believe them. be created by simplifying the easier for people to start busi-official paperwork that besets nesses and raising the VAT-small business—prompts an ob-vious question: can the figures £19,500 to £100,000 so as to make it easier for people to leave the Black Economy and

> Stan Mendham, says that a sixmonth amnesty would encourage the latter considerably. As things stand, he says, legitimate small businesses feel bitter about the Black Economy because people operating in it are able to compete unfairly with honest traders.

legitimise their trading.

the survey is that the best chance of expanding employment in the small business sector is to make it easier for existing businesses to take people on. It suggests that this may well be a better alternative than hoping for large com-panies to expand their workforces again—there are not enough of them to have anything near the same impact.

Nor could a similar result be expected through small business acorns growing into big business oak trees—too few of them ever do so, and certainly not quickly enough to have a major impact. enough to have a major impact.
Indeed, it is significant that the
frequency weighted average
age of businesses in the survey
was 23 years. Small usually

stays small. Bannock says: "It is amazing that people like Stan Mendham have to knock themselves out year after year on this when there are 3m unemployed people in Britain."

The message has not been lost on David Trippier, the small firms minister, who says he will discuss it with colleagues at the Department of Employment before the end of the month. With a White Paper on lifting administrative burdens due in the late spring, Mendham's timing in data could

sults have been interpreted con-small business sector. What he

A small proportion of new job prospects would appear so great that people just would not

The survey suggests that 48.9 per cent of businesses would take on one extra person full-59.4 per cent would also employ one part-timer and 20 per cent would take on two of them. Ap-The Forum's chief executive, plied to 1.5m small businesses, that comes to 1.15m full-time jobs and 1.19m part-time ones.

It is inevitable that the bulk of jobs would come in ones and twos because of the nature of small business. A third of busiause people operating in it are ible to compete unfairly with sonest traders.

However, the main lesson of he survey is that the best change of expanding employment in the small business. A third of business, at the of operating in it are than five employees, another 30 per cent had between five and nine, 17.3 per cent between 10 and 14 and 15.5 per cent between 15 and 49.

Though small, bowever, many were minnows rather than tid-dlers: 30 per cent turned over more than £250,000, 29 per cent between £100,000 and £250,000

Single form for deductions

Retailers accounted for 36 per cent, services 22 per cent, manufacuring/processing 11 per cent and construction 10 per cent. The heart of the Forum's simplification proposals lies in a single form for calculating all deductions that would speed up wages administration. There would be one per employee and

each would cover 13 weeks.
But to make it work effectively, the Inland Revenue
would have to accept that small businesses hand over deducted taxes quarterly, instead of monthly, a process that would cause some inconvenience to the Civil Service because procedures have been computer-ised on a monthly basis and are geared to the needs of big companies with administrative

Mendham says he is fed up hardly have been better.

In fact, the survey reveals ing to contort themselves to get that many more jobs might be into step with Whitehall departments, especially when so many forecast, partly because the renew jobs are at stake in the servatively, and partly because part-time jobs have not been included in the forecast at all.

Mendham's fear was that the mecessary changes.

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For further details contact William Price or the Receiver and Manager, Richard A. Smart either at :-

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Manufacturers of soft drinks, including "St Clements." Leasehold premises, 30,000 sq. fc. in Wellingborough, Northants. Automated production lines. T/O approx. 14.6m. Enquiries to the Joint Receiver and Manager P W G DuBuiston

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Company Notices

BOR holders are informed that Hitachi, Ltd. has held a dividend to holders of facond September 70, 1985. The case dividend payable is Yen 4.5 per Comming Spots, of yen, 50.00 per share.

BOR note is may now present Couses, No. 5. for payment.

Payment of the dividend with a 15% withholding tax is subject to receipt by the Depository of the Asent of will having a tax trusty on the Asent of the country with holding a tax trusty of the Asent of the reduced with a country with holding a tax trusty of the Asent of the reduced with holding rate. Countries currently having such arrangements are as follows:

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January 21, 1986

Dividend payable less 20% Japanese withholding tax \$0.017655 Depositary: Citibana, N.A. 336, Strand, London WC2R 1HB

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DE PARIS

USD 250,000,000,— Heating Rate Notes due 1997

Applicable interest rate for th

Approache interest rate for all interest period from January 21 1986 up to April 21 1986 as determined by the reference agent is 8½ per cent per annum namely USSZ,109.38 per bond of

BANQUE NATIONALE

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Hoating Rate Note issue of

US\$250 million 1984/1996

The rate of interest applicable to the interest period from January 2 1986 up to July 22 1986 a determined by the reference agent is 84 per cent per annum name! US\$421.06 per note of US\$10,000.

USS 100,000.

PROVINSBANKEN **DEN DANSKE PROVINSBANK A/S**

U.S. \$25,000,000 Floating Rate Capital Notes 1990 For the six month period

21st January, 1986 to 21st July, 1986 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 8% per cent per annum, and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 21st july, 1965, against Coupon Nos will be US\$212.11.

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Agent Bank

GENFINANCE N.Y.

Floating Rate Notes due 1994
in accordance with the terms
and conditions of the Notes,
notice is hereby given that for
the six month period from
January 22, 1986 to July 22, 1986
the Notes will carry an interest
rate of 816% (inclusive 1%
margin).

margin).
The coupon amount so calculated will be USS417.93. BANQUE GENERALE DU

Art Galleries

AGNEW GALLERY, 43, Old Bond St., WI 01-629 6176. 113th ANNUAL WAYER COLOUR EXHIBITION, Final Day, 9.30-5.30.

WORLD OF WATERCOLOURS AND DRAWINGS. Park Lake Hotel Picca-olity. W1. 22-25 Jan. 11-8 pm. Last day 7 pm. To be opened by JOANNA LUMLEY at 12 noon on 22nd.

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Reorganisation at Assoc. Newspapers

APPOINTMENTS

ing appointments at its sub-sidiary, Associated Newspapers Group: Mr R. M. Shields, manay-ing director of Associated Newsng director of Associated News-papers Holdings, becomes deputy chairman of Associated News-papers Group; Sir David English becomes vice chairman; Mr E. J. Winnington - Ingram becomes managing director of Associated Newspapers Group, Mr Winning-ton-Ingram will relinquish his title as managing director of The Mail on Sunday and these duties will be carried out by Mr W. J. Pressey, who becomes executive director of The Mail

Mr Ronald Hooker has been appointed chairman of NATIONAL RADIOFONE. Mr Hooker's existing directorships include Dubilier. Airship Industries and Hambros Industrial Management. on Sunday.

Two directors have been appointed to the board of TAYLOR WOODROW CONSTRUCTION. Mr E. R. (Eric) Frondigoun and Mr G. M. (Gordon) Knight were both previously divisional directors.

Mr David Whitaker has been appointed managing director of WINDSOR TELEVISION. He was finance director and company secretary.

Mr Gordon Robinson has been appointed a director of the MERCANTILE BUILDING SOCIETY. He is chief executive and secretary.

SAMUEL MONTAGU & CO states that Mr Charles Mitchell, formerly treasurer of Britoil, has re-joined the company as an executive director in the financing and capital markets

New chairman for banking association

completed the normal two year term of office. Mr J. E. Craig, a managing director of N. M. Rothschild and Sons, has taken over from Mr Child as deputy chairman of the executive committee.

Mr B. W. Manley has been appointed chairman and chief executive infection 2. T. & T. AND PHILIPS TELECOMMUNICATIONS. He was appointed to the board of Philips Electronics and Associated Intertaints in 1982 with overall dustries in 1983 with overall responsibility for telecommunications, defence and research activities in the UK. He will resident elect and remain a vice president for the coming year.

Mr Paul Liggins has been Mr Paul Liggins has been appointed managing director of PRECISION COLOUR PRINTING, a subsidiary of the Midland News Association. He was formerly general manager of PCP. Mr Jehn Reid has been appointed a director of Press Computer Systems another group company. Mr Reid, who joined the company last June, becomes responsible for customer services.

STANDARD WIRE CO has appointed Mr Jeremy C. Siddall sales and marketing director and Mr Mike Wood works director.

THE LEEDS PERMANENT
BUILDING SOCIETY has
appointed two assistant general
managers: Mr Robert Lochhed managers: Mr Robert Lochhead will have responsibility within the business operations department of the society for the development of mortgage-related services arising out of the impending new legislation. Mr Robert Bennett has been appointed assistant general manager with specific responsi-bilities within the finance

Mr Chris Redfearn, a board member of Siddall & Hilton Group, has been appointed director in charge of FLORAL WIRE PRODUCTS. To take up this appointment, Mr Redfearn has relinquished his post as technical director of the wire and tube products division. products division.

Mr Ronald T. Hill has been appointed sales director of BIRCH AND CO (BCL). He joins BCL from Rank Hovis McDougall where latterly he was national field sales manager for McDougall's Catering Foods.

THE BUILDER GROUP has made the following appointments: Mr Alan Talbot, who joined in June 1985, becomes a director of Building (Pub-lishers) and will assume the role lishers) and will assume the role of advertisement director from April 1. He was advertisement manager of Commercial Motor with Business Press International. Mr Ian Barnett, executive advertisement manager of Building Services Publications, is appointed advertisement director of that company. Mr Richard Dowson. advertisement director Dowson, advertisement director of Building (Publishers) has chosen early retirement from March 31. Mr Dowson will continue on a consultancy basis.

Mr John Hire has been appointed to head a new British high - telchnology engineering company, SKF ENGINEERING PRODUCTS.

ROBERT MOSS has appointed Mr K. J. Robinson and Mr D. A. Berry executive directors on the main board. Mr Robinson joined the group at the beginning of January as managing director of North West Plastics and Tool-

ASSOCIATED NEWSPAPERS chester. Mr Berry was promoted HOLDINGS has made the follow- 18 months ago to general manager of Moss's Kidlington opera-tions and has responsibility for the group's European sales offices.

BANK OF AMERICA INTER-NATIONAL has appointed Mr Frank Canosa, Mr Ian Elstein, Mr Simon Hood and Mr Tony Rhodes executive directors.

R. J. KILN & COMPANY has appointed Mr J. P. Kilpatrick as managing director. He was appointed a director in 1984. Mr R. J. Butler has been appointed company secretary.

GUARDIAN MANAGEMENT
SERVICES has appointed Mr
Michael du Quesnay as director
of computer consultancy services.
He was senior manager of the management consultancy divi-sion of Price Waterhouse.

Mr T. G. P. Rogers has joined the board of HOBSONS. He is on the main ber i of The Plessey Co and chairman of The Institute of Directors.

Mr R. J. Lindsay, chief production manager, has been promoted to production director of the SCOITISH DAILY RECORD AND SUNDAY MAIL LIMITED.

Mr A. W. Gibbins retired as managing director and was appointed vice-chairman of THE BIRMINGHAM BATTERY AND METAL COMPANY on January 1 on reaching retirement age. Mr Allan W. Newton has been appointed managing director.

ST ANDREW TRUST has made Mr John C. Rafferty a director. He is a partner in the Edinburgh law firm W. and J. Burness, WS.

J. H. MINET & CO has appointed Mr Michael Pix as senior executive director. He will join the company's execu-tive committee.

ASSOCIATION

Mr D. M. Child, director and deputy group chief executive of National Westminster Bank, has been appointed chairman of the executive committee of the BRITISH BANKERS' ASSOCIATION. He succeeds Mr R. J. Dent, a managing director, Baring Brothers & Co, who has completed the normal two year models. The complete of the normal two year company. The following appointments have been made at HAWKER SIDDELEY subsidiary companies:

Mr Picton Jenkins has been appointed sales director BROHOME.

THE DAIRY TRADE FEDERA-TION has re-elected Mr Chris Ball as president for a second and final year of office. He recently took over as managing director of Northern Foods' UK operations: having previously been managing director of United States. president for the coming year. of the Co-operative Wholesale Society Milk Group and vice chairman of the Co-operative Milk Trade Association. Mr Clive Strowger has been re-elected as the other vice president. He is chairman and chief executive of Express Dairy Group and, just before Christmas, he was appointed to the main board of Grand Metropolitan.

Stock Exchange finance post

Mr Brian Emmerson, finance director at the STOCK EX-CHANGE, reaches retirement age shortly, and the Council has appointed Mr David Bruce to succeed him as director of finance and administration. Mr Bruce is treasurer and controller of Shell UK.

PEAT MARWICK has appointed Mr John Calvert as a partner specialising in providing management advisory services for the north west region.

HENRY COOKE, LUMSDEN, stockbrokers, has made Mr David Adams its managing director. He joined Henry Cooke, Lumsden in Manchester in 1967.

HAZELL WATSON & VINEY, BPCC's book manufacturing com-pany, has appointed Mr Ian Reid as engineering director from February 3. He is BPCC's communication and information corporation divisional engineering manager.

Dr P. Maguire has been appointed managing director of AMERICAN MONITOR (UK), the service and marketing company of American Monitor Corpany of American Monitor Corpany poration of Indianapolis.

ARBUTHNOT SECURITIES has appointed Mr Christopher Bomford as sepior fund manager with responsibility for income funds. He joins from Brown Shipley & Co, where he was a director of Brown Shipley Asset

Mr A. M. Millwood, a director of John Laing, has been appointed a non-executive director of CAPE INDUSTRIES.

Management.

The following board changes have taken place in BLAKES PAINTS since they were acquired by McLeod Russel Mr acquired by McLeon Russel Mr N. E. R. Openshaw, Mr T. K. Faris, Mr T. A. Cordwell and Mr R. T. Rawsthorne have been appointed directors, Mr G. D. Phillips remains a director but Mrs M. J. Phillips has resigned.

ARDEN & COBDEN has appointed Mr Colin Pelling as marketing director. He joined Comfort Hotels in 1981 as sales director where he remained until the takeover of the group in

Gall & Co. (Retail) Ltd. Scotland

This established chain of ladies' and childrens' wear retail outlets is offered for sale as a whole or in parts. Principal

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LUXEMBOURG Societe Anonyme Agent Bank

U.S.\$75,000,000 Y BRUNSWICK ELECTRIC POWER MM. 94% BONDS SERIES 448 DUE 1ST-MARCH 1994 Debenbires covering U.S.S3.000,000 have been Dirchased on the market to satisfy the Purchase Fund due 1st March 1986.

Clubs

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GENEVA

David Smith makes £2.5m as acquisitions pay off

The figures of this packaging and board manufacturing group take in a full six months of Western Board Mills and five months of Abbitrin Holdings.

Despite the increase in the share capital, earnings are ahead from 23p to 5.1p and the interim dividend is lifted from 1p to 1.4p

Mr Richard Brewster, the chief executive, says Western's turnover has continued upwards resulting in improved ultilisation of existing mills, and the traditional Smith activity has also made progress with higher sales and profits.

The investment programme is well in hand which will fuel future growth. Other conversion activities are also being developed to meet the trend

Asda Property

debenture issue

The issue was meant to be

"Now we'll have to take view on the most appropriate time and try again," the broker

cial and retail properties. Pre-tax profits for the first half of the last year were £434,000.

cancels £9m

By Lucy Kellaway

additional equipment becoming available shortly "gives us con-fidence for this year and beyond." The policy of growth by acquisi-tion is being maintained.

The half year gross profit was £4.42m (£571,000). After tax £1.02m (£102,000) the set balance came to £1.53m (£124,000). For the year ended April 30 1985 the pre-tax profit was £1.05m, including four months of Western, and the total dividend

comment The market knows that Richard Brewster has a good eye for an acquisition. What it does not know is whether he can make his new companies work for him. While it is still early days, these

THE ACQUISITION policy at towards higher value, products.

David S. Smith (Heldings) is demonstrated in the results for the half year ended October 26 1985, which show turnover up from £3.36m to £17.63m and pretax profit from £226,000 to £2.55m.

The figures of this packaging and board manufacturing group the size a full six months of additional equipment becoming available shortly "gives us contragated board to small t corrugated board to small box makers. A new high-tech corru-gator installed during the first half is already running at full capacity. The effects of the investment in the old core of the company (now a tiny part of the whole) have yet to be enjoyed, while its dependence on the tobacco industry is fall-ing encouragingly. With Abbitrin included for the whole of the second half, profit for the year should be £5.6m, with £6.3m in should be 25.0m, with 26.3m in prospect next year. However, such growth alone does not quite justify the prospective p/e of 14 on the price of 150p. The market — with reason — expects another large and exciting acquisition soon. The company has about 55m fm cash.

paints and DIY company to be bought by Reed in tht US in

Reed expands US Paint interests with £5m buy

Reed International, the pub- division in the US. It is the third Reed International, the pub-lishing, packaging and paper group, has made a further addition to its paints business with the purchase of Caldwell Paint Manufacturing Company of St Louis, Missouri for \$7.3m

Asda Property fell foul of a sharply falling gilt market yesterday when it cancelled a f9m debenture issue only six hours after announcing it. (£5m) cash. Caldwell made a pre-tax profit of \$1.7m on turnover of \$11.8m in the year ended December 1984. The company's main activity is the production of a specialist primer for use with paints and wallcoverings. The issue was meant to be priced at 3 pm at a 0.8 per cent margin above a comparable gilt edged stock. The company's brokers, Laing and Cruickshank, said that by then the market had plummeted by two points since the close on Friday, and that it was in "everyone's interests" to pull the issue.

"New we'll have to take a

recent years.

Reed bought Roman Adhesives of Bloomfield, New Jersey, a manufacturer of adhesives for wall-coverings, in 1983 and W. F. Taylor & Company of Santa Fe Springs, California, a maker of floorcovering adhesives and tackless strip, in 1984.

Last November Reed failed in a bid to prevent Akzo, the Caldwell will continue under its present management but will form part of Reed's Polygell

a bid to prevent Akzo, the Dutch chemicals group, from acquiring Blundell-Permagiaze, the troubled British paintmaker. When it put in a late

BOARD MEETINGS

Said.	
The company was raising first mortgage debenture stock 2011, in partly paid form. The money was intended to reduce the group's dependence on floating rate debt and to provide a more solid base for expansion in the future.	The following companies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange, Such meetings are usually hold for the purpose of considering dividends, Official indications are not available as to whether the dividendere interims or finals and the subdivisions shown below are based mainly on list year's timestable.
Asda Properties came to the market in April last year capitalised at £17.7m, and with a portfolio divided between commercial and retail properties. Because of the commencial and retail properties.	TODAY Intering:—AGB Research, British Bloodstock Agency, Matthew Clark, A. and J. Gelfer, Hampson Industries,

Interims:—AGB Research, British Bloodstock Agency, Matthew Clark, A and J. Gelfer, Hampson Industries, Scottish English and European Textiles, William Sommerville, Finals.—A and P. Appledore, Fil.

First Leisure Corporation, LPA Indus-

Bowater expands packaging interests

By Tony Jackson

BOWATER INDUSTRIES is to pay \$18m (£12.5m) for packaging manufacturer StarTex Corporation of Lave-ville, Minnesota, in a deal which will increase its North

StarTex, which made pre-tax profits of \$1.7m on sales of \$28m in the year to June 1985, is claimed to be one of North America's leading producers of plastic film. Sales have grown by 12-14 per cent ally over the past five

A family firm founded 20 years ago, StarTer specialised initially in large heavy duty film for industrial and agricultural uses, but has since specialised further into co-extruded films for food and medical packaging.

"It's coextrusion "It's coextrusion technology is way ahead of anything we have in the UK."
Bowater said. "We do single
extrusion for uses like
plastic carrier bags at our
Welton Packaging business in
Somerset, but on a much smaller scale."

Bowater has the stated aim

of increasing its presence in the US through acquisition. By agreement with Bowater Inc, from whic it demerged 18 months ago, the group will not involve itself in the US pulp and paper industry.

"We are interested in packaging, particularly its specialised end, and in its service aspects," Bowater said.

Its North American in-terests to date comprise two film metallising companies and two freight service com-

panies.
The company will form part of Bowater's Packaging and Associated Products

Kennings Estates Boosted by the sale of properties Kennings Estates, a subsidiary of the Kenning Motor Group, saw its 1984-85 profits before tax surge from \$2.07m to \$2.49m.

The surplus from property sales rose by £521,000 to £1.73m. Depreciation and amortisation, however, rose from £539,000 to £624,000 and interest took £113,000 mere
way Trust Peb 14 at £387.000;

We know how frustrating it can be to have capital tied up in slow moving stock, or in the laying in of new stock, and the adverse effects it can have on cash flow. That's why, in 1983, Arrows Limited was founded

to fill a gap in the financial market place by providing unique facilities that were not being offered by any other institution in the United Kingdom. We are still the clear leaders.

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Estate agent expands with £5m E. Anglia purchase

MANN & Co, the publicly-quoted estate agency, is paying just under £5m for Abbotts, one of the largest agencies in East

acquisition, the first by Mann & Co since its flotation in March 1985, is designed to spread further the agency's geographical base, until now centred on the South-east.

Since its share listing, Mann

Since its share listing, Mann & Co has increased the number of its offices from 120 to 132. The Abbotts purchase will take this ot 163. At the time of flotation, Mann said it intended to provide a "one-stop" service advising customers on every aspect of buying or selling a house. The longer-term objective was to provide a national network.

Abbotts, based in Southend-on-Sea, has offices in Essex, Suffolk and Norfolk, and has itself, through a series of mergers and acquisitions, grown mergers and acquisitions, grown rapidly over the last five years. Its annual turnover is more than form. The business includes residential agency—over 3,500 homes were sold in the year to last September—agricultural and professional. professional services and property management. There are 300 full-time and 55 part-time

profit the first hair year the profit was virtually unchanged at £428,000 (£419,000).

The dividend is raised from 1p to 1.25p net, with a final of 0.75p. Basic earnings rose to 6.1p (5.4p) and fully diluted to 3.3p (3p).

Group activities over the

Group activities cover the

manufacture of industrial cutting tools, mining tools and equip-

Ment.
Mr Fane Vernon, chairman, says that the coal mining dispute affected two of the subsidiaries for most of the financial period.
Growth within the cutting tool companies was maintained during the second half, augmented by a strong contribution from Hose.



Mr Jeremy Agace, chairman of Mann and Co: Aiming for

struck before partners' remuneration, have grown from £554,000 in 1981 to £821,704 in 1985. Profits for the year to May 31, 1986 are estimated to be running, after partners' remunera-tion, at an annual rate of 00 full-time and 55 part-time tion, at an annual rate of interim dividend. The interim mployees.

1500,000. Abbotts' directors have results are expected towards the Pre-tax profits of Abbotts, given an undertaking that net end of February.

further acquisitions within the recognised area of expertise, to

enhance future progress over the medium and long term.

Turnover in the year expanded y almost 17 per cent to £11m

and the operating profit moved ahead 24 per cent to £1.28m. Interest charges were £226,000

Tax requires £283,000 (£154,000) and minority losses £8,000 (£15,000). Last time there was an extraordinary debit of £55,000.

assets of the business are not less than £900,000. The purchase is to be satisfied by the issue of 2.3m new ordinary shares in Mann & Co. of which 901,467 will be allotted on completion. Of these, 650,400 will be placed with clients of Rowe & Pitman and Morgan Grenfell at 196p a share.

The base consideration of f4.9m will be satisfied by three part-payments, and the final purchase price will depend on the outcome of directors' projections concerning are-tax profits for the remainder of 1985-86 and for 1985-87. There will also be an adjustment for any shortfail in net assets. any shortfall in net assets.

any shortfail in net assets.

Mr Jeremy Agace, chairmin of Mann & Co, says Abbotts' offices will complement his branch network and enable expansion into adjoining regions. The Mann directors, who hold 66.4 per cent of the share capital, estimate the agency's turnover for the six months ending November 30 1985 at approximately 58.2m (£5.63m), with pretax profits around £2.2m (£1.86m).

The board are confident that turnover will grow this year and they intend to declare a 1.6p interim dividend. The interim

Brooke Tool expands to £1m

ACCELERATION IN the second half has enabled the Brooke Tool Engineering (Holdings) group to lift its pre-tax profit by 25.3 per cent, from £843,000 within the group is planned, september 30 1985.

For the first half year ended september 30 1985.

For the first half year the profit was virtually unchanged at £428,000 (£419,000).

The dividend is raised from the first quarter, ally given the problems over the first half. In the second half the first half. In the second half the first half. In the first half. In the second half the first half. In the first half the first half the first half the first half the first half. In the second on the Howman Tap acquisition. This year acquisitions do not seem likely as investment plans could involve as much as fim being spent on capital equipment. And in the US, \$1.5m of sales in 1984-85, the decision is to expand the product range through the existing Boston distributor rather than to so for

cent in 1985, would be growing again by the early summer and return to 1984 levels. He added that the fact that the company was still making conventional boards, whereas most of its competitors had pulled out of the market, also helped in avoiding the trend.

A further factor was the ability to assemble complete boards, including all the necessary electronics on a subcontract basis. Mr Stroud saw this as a growing area in the future when manufacturers in the electronics market would prefer to sub-contract board assembly and concentrate on other areas such as design and marketing.

Throughout the 1980s the company, which came to the USM in January 1984, has seen turnover increase each year, from £2.23m in 1980 to £7.35m in the year to August 31 1985.

Pre-tax profit performance has, by a rise to £850,000 in 1984. Last year it fell slightly to £636,000.

On the optimistic news the shares closed at 82p, up 2p on the day. Theat compares with a high of 133p and a low of 45p

JUDGING by the warm reception given to Macro 4's share sale confidence in the electronics sector may be returning. The computer company's offer for cated by weighted ballot. Because oversubscribed 21 and 2000 set 200 Except sectors.

Tan Sri Khoo Teck rust, the Malaysian businessman, has bought a further 500,000 shares in Exco International, the financial services group, at 195p per cated by weighted ballot. Because oversubscribed 21 and 2000 set 200 Except sectors.

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

£124m pours in for

Macro 4's share sale

At toal of £124m was received for 5.4m shares in the company, priced at 105p each. Macro 4 designs systems software packages for mainframe computers, and professes to be at the more trable and of the computer industrial stable end of the computer indus-

At the offer price the shares

cated by weighted ballot. Be-tween 250 and 2,000 get 200 shares, 2,500 to 9,000 get 300, and 10,000 to 15,000 get 500. Applications for 20,000 and above will get 5 per cent of the will get 5 per cent of the num-ber applied for. Allotment letters will be sent off on Thursday, and dealings will begin on January 24. Spon-sors to the issue are J. Henry

Restmor blames pressure on margins for profits fall

a strong contribution from How-man Tap and Die, which was bought last April.

Prospects for the current year are encouraging, the chairman reports. The group has made

Scott Tool's slightly higher than
expected figures confirm that the
company is now firmly on the
mend. Operating margins of 11.6
per cent have to be considered
good for a metal-basher—especi-

Restmor Group, the baby margins for the fall in profits, carriage and nursery furniture and says it has yet to receive the maker, is still waiting for its investment in new production facilities to pay off.

It reports after tax profits down from £425,000 to £423,000 to £745,000, and the share of the loss of an associated down from £425,000 to £423,000. Tax in the half was £7.43m to £7.63m for the half \$228,000 compared to £389,000.

An unchanged interim divided of £0.75p per share was announced. Earnings per share announced. Earnings per share announced to £10.75p per share announced to £210.75p per share announced. Earnings per share announced.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Date Correof sponding for
payment div. year
March 19 1 1.25
April 2 1.99 3.22
45
March 7 0.75 —
March 17 1 —
April 1 1 23 Total last year March 19 1 April 2 1.99 4.5 March 7 0.75 March 17 1 April 1 1 Dividends shown in pence per share except where otherwise stated.

* Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue.

† On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues.

‡ USM stock.

§ Unquoted stock.

§ Gross throughout.



25.7% stake built up in Exco Intl.

tributor rather than to go for a manufacturing unit in the short-term. The preference share legacy of the 1983 rescue could begin to be unwound after

March when conversion of the stock is possible on a one for ten basis. With £1.3m expected for 1985-86, the shares at 31p look modestly priced on a fully

diluted prospective p/e of 7.7 given a 27 per cept tax charge.

60.25m or 25.7 per cent of Exco's equity.

Tan Sri Khoo, who last month overcame Exco's objections to him being appointed deputy chairman, has agreed not to increase his holding to more than 29.9 per cent without Exco's consent for at least one year after he and his two other board nominees have voluntar.

board hominees have voluntary
left the board.
He first emerged as a large
shareholder in Exco last
November when he bought a
22.2 per cent stake from the
Kuwait Investment Office. The
KIO had bought the holding one
day earlier from British and
Commonwealth Shipping.

ISLE OF MAN Exterprises raised turnover from £418,985 to £494,341 and pre-tax profits from £97,704 to £101,636 in the year to October 31 1985. Earnings amounted to 7.71p (6.88p). The dividend is held at 4.5p gross. Tax took £8.145 (£7,313). The company, a subsidiary of Nicholson Investments, operates holiday accommodation.

New Zealand Forest Products Finance N.V. 15%% Courseled Sends Day 1992

(1) Rate of Inteerst 8.2875% pa

(3) Interest payment date 21st February 1986

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8 Lovat Lane London EC3R 8BP Over-the-Counter Market

bucks trend in pcb market By Nigel Clark

Circaprint

A DECISION to stay out of the consumer market is helping Circaprint Holdings to avoid the depression being experienced by other parts of the printed circuit board market

"We decided many years ago to stay out of the consumer market, home computers and white goods, as we have always found them to be very volatile," said Mr Bernard Stroud, chairman and joint managing director. Mr Stroud was speaking after Mr Sirond was speaking after yesterder's annual meeting at which he told shareholders of the company, based in Maidstone, Kent, was not experiencing the depressed picture which had been painted recently by two of its major competitors. "I wanted to tell shareholders that despite what they might have heard from other com-panies in our sector that we had

per cent higher than for the same time last year and that the prospects were quite encourag-ing at this stage," he added. He thought that there were a number of other reasons for Circaprint doing better than the opposition. These included having a good spread of customers and having built up a reputation for consistent quality and reliability.

an order intake which was 25

The company supplies both conventional and sophisticated plated-through-hole circuit boards to the telecommunications industry and the makers of electronic control systems. Mr Stroud said that there were indications that the market, which the company estimated had fallen by 10 per

Mr Stroud told the annual meeting that the future looked promising. He added that unlike lest year there would be a higher level of activity in the second half than in the first.

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Paints and plastics growth lifts Evode

by 22% to £2.8m

SIGNIFICANT progress in its paints and plastics division has led to the Evode Group producing a 22 per cet rise in pretax profits for the year ended ing profits shot up by 32.7 per cent to £3.93m. Interest and similar charges made inroads into that increase as they rose from £2.81p to 3.22p et, the final beig

respir

In the first quarter of the current year profits have bee marginally ahead of plan and the directors look forward to a year of further progress.

They announce agreement to buy Valentine Mann & Brown for £1.22m in shares and cash. This company extrudes and prints polyethelene films.

In paints and plastics, sales rose to £23.4m (£14.44m) and profits before tax to £956,000 (£473.000). Mr Andrew Simon, chairman and chief executive, says Postans and Worralls enjoyed excellent growth in volume sales of powder coatings, although demand for wet paints continued poor.

The acquisition of Worralls and the ongoing organic growth of Postans have consolidated the group's position as the largest to the same says of the sale from Follwraps Flexible Chased from Follwraps Flexible Chas

producer of powder coatings in the UK, he says.

Evode Plastic, with a higher

The adhesives and scalaris division produced sales of £28.71m (£28.6m) and profits of £1.16m (£1.04m). It benefited from the first stage of cost rationalisation instigated a year ago and the improved performance of Evacor Resins. The second and final stage of rationalisation, which includes a significant examination of the operations of the whole division, was completed in October.

Roofing and insulation division Roome and institute division had a difficult year, with sales at \$10.75m (\$10.19m) and profits \$680.000 (\$779,000). Although Evode Ronfing produced similar profits. Telograt Insulations was

Th start to the new year is figure if the diversification encouraging but Mr Simon does achieved so far is enough to not foresee significant profit conprovide lift-off.

After tax £1.26m (£161,000) the net profit comes to £1.55m (£2.15m) for basic earnings of £.93p (13.25p) and fully diluted of £1.5p (11.51p). There are extraordinary debits of £765,000 (£1.02m) (£1.03m) and cost of the ordinary dividend is £547,000 £467,000).

Turning to the acquisition of Valentine Mann and Brown, the chairman says it is being purchased from Follwaps Flexible

comment

The two problems which con-tinue to confront Evode are lack of activity in the building sector Evode Plastic, with a higher concentration on the sales of activity in the building sector discretion in the substantial increase in profits. Evode Industries continued to suffer from poor demand in the suffer from poor demand in the Republic of Ireland, and turned in a similar loss. Further substantial rationalisation has been implemented and new distribution agreement for the sale of Nitromors range of products injected into the company.

The adhesives and sealants division produced sales of \$28.71m (£28.6m) and profits of the current year, with a reduced the rubber of the sale of the current year, with a reduced the reduced to activity in the building sector of activity in the building sector and ferce competition among DIY retailers with consequent pressure on margins. Against this background the 22 per cent increase in profits would look in the success. The world look impressive if it were not for the come from acquisitions made during the year: within the current per look profits of the current year, with a reduced the profits of the current year, with a reduced to activity in the building sector of activity in the building sector and fierce competition among DIY retailers with consequent pressure on margins. Against this background the 22 per cent increase in profits would look impressive if it were not for the current per look profits of fact that the whole of it has found in the success in profits would look impressive if it were not for the current per look profits of fact that the whole of it has found in the success in profits would look impressive if it were not for the current per look profits of activity in the building sector and fierce competition and fierce competitions. difficulties have continued into the current year, with a reduced order book and lower margins in evidence. This factor should be more than outweighed by further improvements in the powder coatings operations at Postans and D. Worrall and through substantial savings made through redundancies in the adhesives and sealants division. Meanwhile the group's attempts to diversity away from its less successful core activities have continued with the acquisition of Valentine, whose first contribu-Valentine, whose first contribu-tion should help take the group to £3.4m. On a fully diluted basis the shares, unchanged at consistently affected by ongoing basis the shares, unchanged at problems of commissioning new plant at Telford. 11—an undemanding

> The Financial Times announces a second intensive

FT~City Seminar

Skinners' Hall, London 27, 28 & 29 January 1986

This highly successful programme, itself a compact version of the long running FT-City Course, was held for the first time in January 1985 and is now to be repeated twelve months later. The purpose is to provide a thorough briefing on the roles of the major players in the City and discuss the changes now sweeping across the Square Mile. The impact of these developments on the way business is done in the City can now be judged more clearly and the content of the Seminar reflects this.

Mr Win Bischoff of Schroders, Dr Michael von Clemm of Credit Suisse First Boston, Mr Pen Kent of the Bank of England. Mr Christopher Johnson of Lloyds Bank, Mr John Heywood of Hambros Bank. Mr M J Boleat of the Building Societies' Association, Mr John Sillett of the Midland Bank Group and Mr Armen Kouyoumdjian of the International Mexican Bank are among the speakers. The Seminar is again to be chaired by Mr Marc Lee, Conference Adviser to the

Financial Times. Skinners' Hall provides an excellent location for this Seminar and the intensive format makes possible participation by many more executives from outside London and from abroad.

FT-City Seminar A FINANCIAL TIMES CUNFERENCE

UK COMPANY NEWS

Antofagasta Martin Dickson assesses Citicorp's impact on bid tactics steps up The Americans are coming its interest

Citicorp, the US bank, is fast emerging as a significant new player alongside Britain's estab-lished merchant banks as a pro-

lessional adviser on takeovers Antofagasta Holdings, a UK Antoragasta Holdings, a UR listed company which runs railways and distributes water in Chile, is increasing its investment in mining in a US\$6.2m (£4.25m) deal with the US oil company Atlantic Pichfield and mergers. .

Antofagasta is buying Aua-conda South America, an Arco subsidiary with rights to Los Pelambres, a copper deposit in the Andes in Northern Chile and to gold prospecting rights at Pan-antillo, also in Northern Chile.

For Arco, the sale is a small

part of its wide-ranging pro-gramme to pull out of its lossmaking metals and mining activities, which were largely acquired with the purchase of ie Anaconda group in 1977. Antolagasta said yesterday that the acquisition repre-sented a considerable increase of its interest in Chilean mining—it already has stakes in two operating copper

in mining

mines
The company made pre-tax
profits of £6.4m in 1984.
Liechtenstein-based Dolberg Finance Corporation, in which Antologasta chairman Mr A. Luksic has an interest, holds 75 per cent of the voting rights.

As the City braces itself for a major upheaval with the impending revolution in share dealing practices, Citicorp makes no secret of its ambitions to become a major force in UK merchant banking.

The aim, says Mr Colin Scot-land, the Citicorp executive director with day-to-day responsibility for UK corporate finance, is "to be the leading international player in the UK market. Kleinwort Benson, Warburg, Barclays, NatWest, Morgan Grenfell and ourselves. We intend to be in that bracket."

Several other US investment banks have begun to get involved in this area of the market, but none has committed as much effort as Citicorp; during the past year it has been involved in three innovative deals. Its first involvement in a contested British takeover was in January last year when Entrad, an Australian group, made a bid for Tootal, the textile manu-

Citicorp was initially approached by Entrad's directors, with whom the bank had a long standing relationship, about finance for the bid. Citicorp agreed to provide about £100m in loan capital, about 80 per cent of the funds required for the highly-leveraged deal.

Citicorp then introduced Entrad to S. G. Warburg, which took the lead in strategy for the bid. Citicorp, however, maintained a direct involvement, including discussions with the UK authorities on the leverage involved.

Although the bid failed, the experience proved very useful

several months later when Elders, IXL, another Australian group, launched its bid for Allied-Lyons, the food and drinks group.

Citicorp is the lead bank in a consortium of eight international houses that has provided much of the finance for the bid, which is now before the Monopolies Commission. However, the main adviser on bid strategy is Hill Samuel.

Citicorp clients were Australian is coincidental, says Mr Scotland.
"We would anticipate that this

that has taken on the £600m an issue of shares—which is one loan element backing Argyll's of the most lucrative businesses

As the world's biggest bank. Citicorp's great strength as it finance field is its market muscle and credit skills, built up during the syndicated credit boom of the 1970s.

"We are able to harness our fund raising expertise, our ability to read a market, and to put up money very quickly." says Mr Scotland. "It's a nice combination, and with companies going more towards leveraged financing, our departments find themselves working more and more together."

Those departments include one of the UK's leading venture capital houses while, later this year, Scrimgeour entered the UK corporate Vickers, a leading stockbroker, will become a full Citicorp subsidiary.

The bank hopes that the closer relationship developing with Scrimgeour will mean the bid, which is now before the Monopolies Commission. Scrimgeour will mean bid strategy is Hill Samuel.

The fact that both these early Citicorp clients were Australian so coincidental, says Mr Scotland.

We would anticipate that this beloed promote.

for its UK rivals.

Mr Scotland is critical of the present UK system of underwriting which, he argues, does often not reflect real risk on the part of the banks. "My belief is that the present equity raising structure in the UK has very



Citicorp's 16-strong team of corporate finance specialists has yet to take the lead as financial advisor in a contested takeover, though Mr Scotland believes it might do so in the next couple of years.

"We would anticipate that this will spread to a broad range of international and domestic clients."

The third innovate deal in which it is involved is all-British: the Argyll bid for Distillers, Clicorp is one of four banks.

The would anticipate that this helped promote.

He believes they will be replaced by a system where companies draw on a broader range of corporate advisers, with strength in particular areas. By next year, he hopes, Cultorp's name will start appearing formally in such a role.

Electro warns of shortfall

Webber

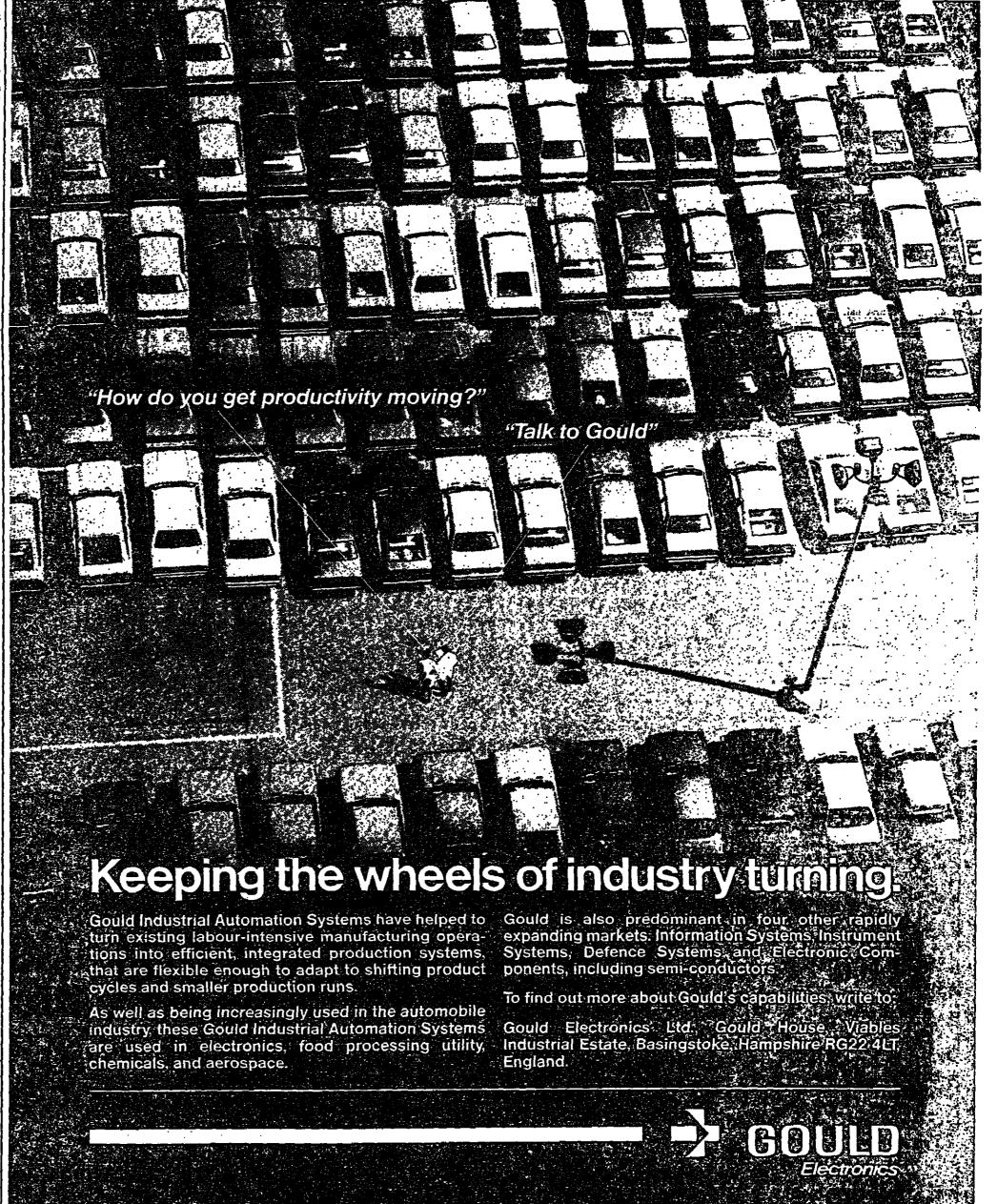
TAXABLE PROFITS Webber Electro Components, USM quoted electrical component manufacturer ex-panded from £473,824 to £541,151 for the year ended September 30 1985, but the directors warn of lower profits for the first six months of the current year.

They explain that in the first quarter of 1985-86 un-evenness in the ordering pattern by some of the compattern hy some of the com-pany's larger accounts will lead to interim profits some-what below those of last year. However, the directors expect an improvement in the second half, although they say it is too early to fore-cast if the likely shortfall will be recovered in the latter six months. latter six months.

They add that product development continues in a number of interesting areas and the medium-term potential is still considered excellent.

Group turnover for the year increased from £1.92m to £2.19m while after tax, up from £168,711 to £227,600, earnings per 12½p share are shown as 6.82p, against 6.62p.

The dividend is increased from 2p to 2.3p net per share, with a final payment of 1.15p.



Eagle Star single

premiums up 50%

UK COMPANY NEWS

NEW LIFE BUSINESS

Syndicates 216/657/831/833/836/866

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BANK OF BOSTON

Allied Dunbar pensions offset lower life results

report good new business figures for their operations last figures for their operations last year, with generally very good pension business more than offsetting lower life figures.

Allied Dunbar Group, Britain's largest linked-life company and now a member of BAT Industries, reported new annual premiums up by 14 per cent from £90m to £103m, and its new lump-sum investment from all sources up by a quarter from £316m to £395m.

Albany Life's pension growth

Albany Life Assurance, a member of the US Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, reported new annual premiums up 15 per cent from £14.1m to £16.3m, and single premiums rising 30 per cent from £51.1m to £68.8m. In line with the industry trend, the company reported buoyant individual pension business. Self-employed pensions saw new annual premiums up by more than a third to £5.2m and single premiums showing similar growth to £2.6m. Executive pension business did better with annual premiums up nearly 60 per cent to £6.1m and single premiums up 30 per cent to £5.3m.

SINGLE PREMIUM BUSINESS

THE Sun Life Assurance Society increased its new annual premium life business did well last year, in contrast to the general trend, with a 20 per cent advance from £14.4m to £17.3m. However, unit-linked life business declined, with new annual premiums down from £6.2m to £5.4m and single premiums down from £6.2m to £4.8m, while single premiums down from £6.2m to £4.8m, while single premiums of the new to £4.8m, while single premiums up to £4.8m, while single premiums to £6.2m to £4.8m, while single premiums up to £4.8m, while single premiums of £6.2m to £4.8m, while single premiums to £6.2m to

CONTRACTS

The rise in total new initial commissions paid, which the commissions paid, which the company regards as the more reliable index of overall new business, rose from £47m to £55m, with an underlying growth, allowing for special factors in 1984, of 17 per cent. New annual premiums for life business declined by 11 per cent over the year to £25.9m, while life single premiums moved ahead from £159m to £168m. However, new business picked up strongly in the final quarter.

a quarter to £77.3ml

Marginal rise in Sun Life single premium business

This was offset by buoyant pension business where new annual premiums improved by

Unit trust sales of the group climbed by a third from £143m to £191m, while investment in the offshore international fund more than doubled from £14m

to £36m. Total funds under management by the group improved by 13 per cent over the year from £3.57bn to £4.05bn.

EAGLE STAR Insurance Group, for the first time, rising from a member of BAT Industries, 287.5m to £102.2m. The other highlight was the new annual premiums on its worldwide business rising 11 per cent from £44.3m to £49.1m and single premiums up by nearly half from £151.2m to £223m. group's reentry into the unit-linked sector with the intro-duction of the Rainbow Bond at

cent from £44.3m to £49.1m and single premiums up by nearly half from £151.2m to £723m.

In the UK, however, the group's business showed a mixed pattern. A fall in new annual premiums from £25.9m to £21.3m was offset by a 41 per cent rise in single premiums from £118.4m to £168.7m. Under the latter figure, sales of immediate annuities, where the company is a leader, passed the £100m mark

Equity & Law progress

Total new annual premiums of Equity & Law Life Assurance Society for 1985 showed a rise of from £3.6m to £2.2m and house more than 20 per cent on worldwide business from £37m to £45.1m and a rise of 11 per cent, from £107.4m to £119.3m, for single premiums.

Business in the UK showed a mixed patern. New annual premiums on individual pensions business rose by more than three-quarters from £10.5m to £18.5m, while on group pensions it climbed from £5.8m to £6.4m.

On life business new annual premiums on protection and savings rose from £5.8m to £7m,

COUNTERTRADING

The Financial Times is proposing to publish a Survey on Countertrading on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1986

For further details and advertisement rates please contact: NIGEL PULLMAN

Financial Times, Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street London ECAP 4BY. Tel: 01-248 8000

Dates of Financial Times Surveys are subject to change at the discretion of the Editor

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

SYBRON OVERSEAS CAPITAL N.V.

8% Guaranteed Sinking Fund Debentures Due March 1, 1987

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of Article Three of the amount of said Debentures have been selected for redemption on March 1, 1986, through operation of the Sinking Fund at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest thereon to said date, each in the denomination of \$1,000 hearing

DEBENTURES BEARING THE DISTINCTIVE NUMBERS ENDING IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING TWO DIGITS:

12 14 16 29 42 45 49 57 61 66 70 78 82 87 89 13 15 19 34 44 48 55 58 62 67 75 79 86 88 90 ALSO OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES BEARING THE FOLLOWING NUMBERS: 1117 2517 3817 4617 4917 5017 5517 5617 6717 6917 3117 8817 8917 9117 14817 14917

On March I, 1986, the Debentures designated above will become due and payable in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts. Said Debentures will be paid, upon presentation and surrender thereof with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the redemption date, at the option of the holder either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 13th Floor, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) at the main offices of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in Brussels, Frankfurt/Main, London and Paris and Bank Mees & Hope N.V. in Amsterdam, Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited in London, Credito Romagnolo S.p.A. in Milan, and Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas pear le Grand Duché de Luxembourg in Luxembourg. Payments at the offices referred to in (b) above will be made by check drawn on, or transfer to a dollar account with, a bank in the City and State of New York. Any payment made by transfer to an account maintained by the payee with a bank in the United States may be subject to reporting to the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and to backup withholding of 20% if payees not recognized as exempt recipients fail to provide the paying agent with an executed IRS Form W-9 certifying under penalties of perjury that the payee's taxpayer identification number (employer identification number or social security number, as appropriate). Those holders who are required to provide their correct taxpayer identification number on IRS Form W-9 and who fall to do so may also be subject to a penalty of \$50. Please therefore provide the appropriate certification when presenting your securities for payment.

Coupons due March I, 1986 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

On and after March I, 1986 interest shall cease to accrue on the Debentures herein designated for redemption.

Dated: January 21, 1986

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SYBRON OVERSEAS CAPITAL N. V.

Iraqi water treatment plant project

PORTALS HOLDINGS subsidiary, Paterson Candy International, has signed an initial twoyear agreement worth file.

covering the day-to-day operation and maintenance of what
is believed to be the Middle
East's largest drinking-water
ground forces are to be supplied
in this year with construction and furnaces this year with construction and maintenance of what
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Following the a year agreement worth £12.7m
year agreement worth £12.7m
tovering the day-to-day operation and maintenance of what is believed to be the Middle military equipment for NATO ground forces are to be supplied under a £2.3m contract by ment Works, on the River Tigris, 40km from Baghdad, Iraq. The contract will necessitate recruitson, a Hawker Siddeley company.

The order was awarded by the ment Works, on the River Tigris, 40km from Baghdad, Iraq. The contract will necessitate recruit-ment of many specialist and techcontract will necessitate recruitment of many specialist and techmical supervisory staff of various
disciplines from the UK. A
further 100 to 150 maintenance sight with its partners MBB,
tradesmen and plant operators
will also be involved. Together,
they will be responsible for the
trunning and servicing of four
thermal imaging night sight
thermal imaging night sight
thermal imaging night sight
thermal imaging night sight
which was developed to enable reservoir pumping station and control-centre sites in addition control-centre sites in addition to the treatment works itself. The contract is financed through Midland Bank, with ECGD support, under an existing UK/Iraq government protocol. It is expected to come into operation early this year. Meanwhitz, PCI is continuing with the extension of the Karkh Waterworks, under a succession of contracts, to

BRENGREEN (HOLDINGS) sub-sidiary companies have been awarded contracts as follows: awarded contracts as follows:
Arun District Council has
placed a refuse collection contract worth £42m over its five
year term with £xclusive Cleanring Services. Exclusive Health Care Services has won various contracts, the largest being for the National Heart and Chest Hospital (Brompton Hospital) worth £1.3m over its three year period

Sheffield-based glassworks technology group KING, TAUDEVIN & GREGSON has won orders from China worth £4m. The from China worth Fam. The orders are for three glass melting furnaces, each for a different glass-making process. KTG's electric melting division at Southend-on-Sea is to design and construct electric furnaces for melting float glass and mosaic factory, Yunan. The glass division is responsible for design and sion is responsible for design and supply of the third furnace—an oil-fired unit melting green glass for container manufacture—to a glassworks at Kiang Tan, Hunan. Materials and equipment are to be shipped to China later

which produces the MIRA night sight with its partners MBB. Slemens and Marconi Command and Control Systems. The bat-teries will power the MIRA. thermal imaging night sight which was developed to enable the MILAN anti-tank missile sys-tem to be operated in complete darkness. Crompton Vidor develdarkness. Crompton vidor developed the compact, lightweight high power, eight volt lithium sulphur dioxide batter to meet the performance requirements demanded of the MIRA sight including operation at temperatures down to 40 degrees C. Survey work is scheduled to start during the middle of 1985 and to be completed by the end of that year.

300m gallous per day by 1987.

**

GRASEBY DYNAMICS, a member of the Cambridge Electronic Industries Group, has been awarded a contract worth £5.75m for the supply of its chemical agent monitor (CAM) to the US Army. CAM, which uses ion mobility principles and calculates levels of toxic hazards using a microprocess. a microprocessor, has and the Kowloon-Canton railway, y been ordered by the UK Stone Peters has also been Ministry of Defence following the award of final approvals in for the door systems required by 1984. Type classification by the US Army followed 18 months of field trials from Panama to Alaska.

**

**BRENGREEN (HOLDINGS) subsidiary companies have been chosen by Comeng (Australia) to the door systems required by the Tuen Mun network in Hong to total orders value to around 44.5m. Stone Peters was acquired by Stone International in December.

NORWEST HOLST CONSTRUCTION has begun work on the refurbishment of a single-storey laboratory building for the Property Services Agency at Portsdown near Portsmouth. Valued at more than £1.3m, the contract is scheduled for comcontract is scheduled for com-pletion by summer 1987. Included pletion by summer 1987. Included in the work is the provision of a new pitched slate roof on top of the existing concrete roof, renewal of windows and the demolition and reconstruction of external walls. Mechanical and electrical services will also be replaced along with the general internal refurbishment.

worth in excess of £3.2m for the Washingtong subway. The segments will be manufactured at Charcon's Gainsville factory in Virginia using special moulds produced at Charcon Tunnel's Kirkby factory. NEI THOMPSON has won two orders from the CEGB worth a total of £1m. Carter Horseley Enginers, Horsham, a business unit of NEI Thompson, is responsible for the design, supply and installation of roofing, cladding.

PLESSEY has been awarded a contract worth £700,000 by Kent County Council for a reconfiguration of its traffic control system. The existing system was initially supplied by Plessey in 1981 to provide fixed-time control of traffic signals in Rochester and Strood. Since then Plessey has expanded the controlle darea which now also covers Gillingham and Maidstone. A feature of the Maidstone scheme was to introduce the advanced traffic adaptive strategy known as SCOOT (the automatically measuring the amount of traffic and adjusting traffic signal timings to suit. Plessey will now pu SCOOT into the existing Strood area as well as expand the system to encompass Chatham, Gillingham, pass Chatham, Gillingham, Swanley (the M20/M25 motor-way interchange) and eventually Dover.

Supply and installation of all the mechanical and electrical services for Phase Two of St Catherines Hospital, Birkenhead, is to be undertaken by DRAKE & SCULL ENGINEERING (a Simon Engineering company). under a £710,000 awarded by Merseyside Regional Health Authority. Work starts in April, for completion by

the Central Electricity Generating Board for work at Ferry-bridge power station, Yorkshire.

Work involves 50,000 cu metres of excavation and 75,000 cu metres of filling material to extend the existing coal stock

FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

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TO BE PUBLISHED ON JANUARY 25th. 1986

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Financial Times Tuesday January 21 1986

FT COMMERCIAL LAW REPORTS

Shipowner liable for agents' false dates

SAUDI CROWN Queen's Bench Division (Admiralty Court): Mr Justice Sheen: December 13 1985

A SHIPOWNER is liable for A SHIPTOWNER IS natice for misrepresentations as to date made in bills of lading signed by his agent, irrespective of whether they were dated before or after the

H S SIN

MR (A

11) \{\}

Tracomin sent Czarnikow five was admitted, they must have original bills of lading, all had authority to insert the dated July 15 1982. They name of the place at which and reached Czarnikow by August the date on which each bill of

A SHIPLOW/RER is Hable for misregrentiations are to displace at which and separate the receiver and the contract purposes of the contract purposes

date of issue on each unit was loaded. The many lading.

Mr Clarke contended that Grant v Norway provided an exception to the general principal ciple that an innocent principal was civility responsible for the fraud of his authorised agent (see Lloyd v Grace Smith [1912] AC 786).

In Cox v Bruce (1887) 18 QBD of 151 Lord Esher said that the many of Grant v Norway was considered agent (Alsop Stevens Bateson Lane-Smith, Liverpool).

For the shipowners: Anthony Clarke QC and Nigel Jacobs (Denby and Co.).

By Rachel Davies

Tracomin chartered Saudi bills of lading were issued and crown. Czarnikow was prepared signed after all the cargo was to accept the cargo despite the fact that it knew the vessel would not be able to enter Garston.

Tracomin sent Czarnikow five original bills of lading, all dated July 15 1982. They reached Czarnikow by August 15 and of the place at which and the said it was absurd to contend that persons were entitled to assume that the captain had authority to state the quality of goods on the bill of lading so as to bind his owners before the goods were put on board. To ascertain such matters, he said it was absurd to contend that persons were entitled to assume that the captain had authority to insert the goods were put on board. To ascertain such matters, he

To ascertain such matters, he said, "is obviously quite outside the scope of the functions and capacities of a ship's captain."
Putting the correct date on a bill of lading was a routine clerical task which did not require any skill. An erroneous date might be inserted negligently or fraudulently. There was nothing in the document to put its recipient on inquiry.

The date might not be material but, when it was, as in the present case, great injustice might be done to the innocent third party if he was left to pursue whatever remedy he might have against a person

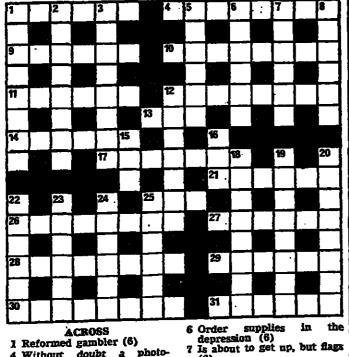
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- 12 Sunny reflection? (8)

 13 Look for a cause of inflation

 (3)

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 19 Grass found at home earlier 14 Horse and trap showing sign
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21 They play very big parts in children's tales (6)

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20 Invite truning to Aspertance in a satirical show (3, 3, 2)

22 Burning with fresh zeal after a bad start (6)

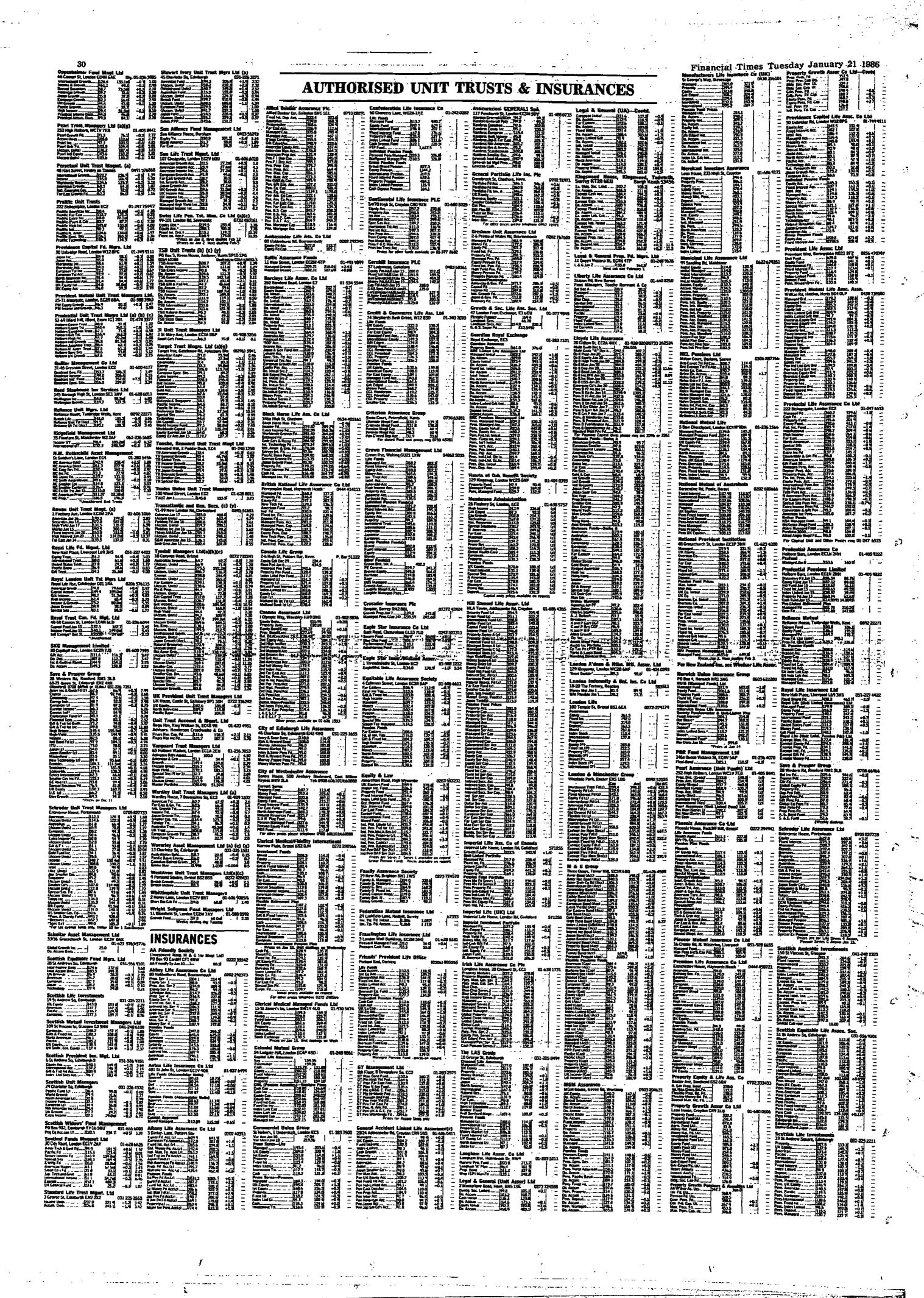
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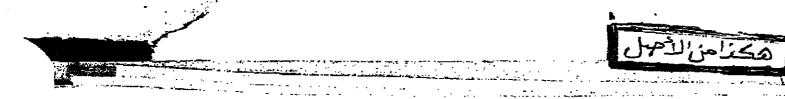
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ORANGE JUICE 15,000 Ib, conts/

PLATINUM 50 troy oz, 3/troy oz

Close High 372.8 373.5

April 378.5 378.5 388.5 375 July 379.2 386.0 371.5 378 Oct 382.0 379.0 375.0 381 Jan 384.8 — 344 SILVER 5,000 troy oz, cants/troy oz

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LONDON

MARKETS

THE GOLD price continued

to slip back from last week's peak with the London fixing

Friday's level at \$351.625 a troy ounce. Dealers said trading was quiet throughout the day in London but "hectic two-way trading" was reported in Zurich. A \$5 rise in the platinum price to

in the platinum price to \$367.50 an or widened its

premium over gold, which had narrowed last week. A

firm dollar tended to put both

metals under pressure, traders commented, and platinum's afternoon fains

was down 90 cents from the

morning level. The dollar's firmness had the opposite effect on prices for the London Metal Exchange's sterling denominated base

sterling denominated base metals markets but only copper managed to end higher on the day, with the cash higher grade price climbing back above the £1,000 a tonne mark which it reached briefly early last week. The biggest falls were in aluminator and rise but

week. The biggest talks were in aluminium and zinc but lead and nickel were also marginally lower. Among the soft (non-metal) commodities coffee finished a relatively modest £25 a tonne higher, these first middle collections.

after fluctuating widely again in nervous conditions, and cocoa rose a few pounds.

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

Unofficial + or close(p.m.) - £ per tonne

Cash 792.5-3.6 —1 775:771 5 months ; 821-2 —6 834;800

Official closing (sm): Cash 778-7 (811-2), three months 808-7 (838.5-9); sattlement 777 (812). Finel kerb close: 816.5-17.5. Turnover: 44,350 tonnes.

Higher grade Unoffic'll + or High/low

· Unofficial + or close(p.m.) - £ per tonne

High/low

High/low

ALUMINIUM

ash months

LEAD

howing a fall of \$1.875 from

North Sea crude slips below \$20

BY DOMINIC LAWSON IN LONDON AND PATTI WALDMER IN LAGOS

NORTH SEA oil yesterday fight for a gre Ar share of the crude oil for delivery in April announced yesterday that the was sold at \$19.50 a barrel, oil conpanies producing in while a March cargo was sold Nigeria had signed incentive at \$19.85. On Friday March agreements guaranteeing them Brent was quoted at \$21.40. On the New York Mercantile Exchange prices for forward crude. months up to October fell by Under the new system, the daily limit of \$1 a barrel in government taxes will be volume of about 11m barrels. adjusted according to the spot

The main factor behind the ing about 90 per cent of any has seen its sales rise over the widely traded North stall in crude prices—the drop in market prices below the past six months from barely blends. Yesterday Arab lit Organisation of Petroleum official selling price. The new 2mb/d to the current level of was quoted at about \$27 Exporting Countries' threat to policy, which is partly modelled 4.9mb/d. Almost all of the barrel. The main factor behind the

Coffee market

COFFEE MARKETS fluctuated

nermovusly yesterday as the International Coffee Organisa-

tion's executive Board opened

change is to introduce a series of new futures contracts in the

Exchange (Biffex) is to launch trading on a tanker index to

supplement its existing dry-cargo contract, and the London

Futures Association is starting

nervous on

quota talks

By Andrew Gowers

agreements guaranteeing them a profit of around \$2 a barrel on their lifting of Nigerian

"The downward trend seems price of crude, with the state carved in stone" said a US oil company, Nigeria National trader.

Petroleum Corporation, absorb-

changed hands at prices below market—was underlined yes-drive, appears designed to \$20 a parrel for the first time terday by news of an aggressive guarantee that Nigeria sell at since the 1979 oil price shock.

Bernused London oil traders reported that a cargo of Brent fessor Tam David-West close to its capacity production of 18m barrels a day, whatever happens in the market.

This will put even more pressure on North Sea crude which is the most direct competitor with Nigerian oil. The new agreements require the companies to ensure full lifting of their equity crude entitle-ment and to lift unsold quanti-ties from NNPC's own produc-tion, if requested. The new Saudi Arabian policy

on the new Saudi marketing incremental production is drive, appears designed to headed for the US and European markets, the destination of North Sea crude production.

But the Saudi sales drive now appears to be displacing North Sea crude from its traditional market, with reports yesterday that Idemitsu of Japan has bought 1m barrels of January Forties field output from BP at \$22.10 a barrel.

This will enable Idemitsu to sell the crude at about \$23.60 in the Far East, thus undercut-The new Saudi Arabian policy of linking its crude price to the market value of oil products has seen its sales rise over the past six months from barely blends, Yesterday Arab light

Tin crisis hopes kept alive

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS AND STEFAN WAGSTYL IN LONDON

In Brussels Mr H. Onno

talks in Londo on the recent sharp price rise.

The New York futures market dropped its full six-cent Ruding, the Dutch Finance Minister, hinted that consumer members of the 22-nation ITC limit in most months. The March contract on London's might yet put up cash to help meet its debts. Meanwhile Japanese officials worked on a robusta futures market Cropped sharply during the afternoon, but still ended up £35 at £2.452.50 per tonne. new rescue plan which is to be presented to the ITC today. The Board and committee of the London Metal Exchange again The ICO Board meeting this week, involving eight consumput off a decision on reopening the tin market to give more time for diplomatic efforts to tries, is considering whether to lift export controls before they solve the crisis which erupted three months ago when the ITC are due to lapse in mid-February, and how much of ran out of money with huge debts to banks and metal

the Organisation's control machinery to leave in place when quotas do disappear.
The Organisation's discus-Mr Ruding spoke after a meeting of EEC Finance Ministers of which he is the sions are not expected to alter the overall balance in the coffee market, which faces a current chairman. He said that the UK had once again appealed possible shortage of quality coffees later this year as a ber states but there had been result of the recent Brazilian drought. But traders expect the no detailed discussion at the

talks to continue fuelling nervous speculative activity.

LONDON'S BALTIC Ex-However he said that there or new futilities contracts in the second week of February.

The fleedgling Meat Futures Exchange is to launch its expected beef contract on February 7. It will trade along side the existing pigmeat and live pig futures contracts.

Three days later, the Baltic International Freight Futures
Exchange (Biffer) is to Jaunch

HOPES OF a negotiated solu- far held out again starting tion to the long running crisis negotiations with the ITC's countries should put up most in the international tin market creditors.

were kept alive yesterday in But Mr Ruding said that it advance of today's resumed was largely up to the UK to emergency session of the Intermake proposals. He also national Tin Council. warned that any deal would have to meet two preconditions
-specific expulsion of any legal
liability on the part of consumer nations for tin council debts; and an insistence that producing countries shoulder the largest part of the burden."

There was no change, he said, in the attitude of several member states — they include France, the Netherlands and West Germany — rejecting any legal liability for them to hon-our the outstanding claims on the tin council. That does not mean those

member countries are un-willing to put up any money, if that could contribute to resolving the problem," he added. "Some consuming member nations are prepared to put up limited amounts of money. But they do not want to give

This suggestion that producer tion to the long running crisis in the international tin market were kept alive yesterday in But Mr Ruding said that it great potential obstacle which advance of today's resumed was largely up to the UK to could block a settlement even was largely up to the also if the ITC starts negotiating with its creditors. Producer countries have been adamant that the costs of any rescue should be split equally between consumers and producers. Meanwhile, Japanese officials

declined to comment on details of their proposed rescue gian. But it is understood that it could be linked to the scheme pix forward by Mr Ralph Kestenbaum, joint managing director of Gerald Metals and Mr Peter Graham, senior deputy chairman of Standard Chartered Bank, which calls for the creation of a new company to take over the ITC's assets

and liabilities.
The London Metal Exchange Board and committee will meet again on Friday. They have said that the present situation in the tin market cannot be tolerated beyond the end of January.

Traders are divided over the the impression that putting up money could be seen as accepting legal liability for the some believe a deadline would laims." be unnecessarily provocative
He said that was the position and could upset diplomatic were bilateral talks going on of the Dutch government, but efforts to settle the crisis, between a number of countries added: "We think those who Others, even some ITC credibetween a number of countries added: "We think those who Others, even some ITC crediincluding West Germany, have the greatest interest in tors, argue that the council has
france and the Netherlands. the matter should bear the already been given more than
these three countries have so largest part of the burden."

Strong aluminium market forecast

BY STEFAN WAGSTYL

In its annual review of metal

up a new contract for early potatoes, catering for the delivery months of July, August and commodity markets, Wolff possibilities of a fall. Fears singles out aluminium from With the exception of potatoes, business on all these markets is extremely slow at present. TEA PRICES continued their first quarter of the year.

recent rise at London's weekly auction yesterday where the Tea Brokers' Association described demand as "strong aluminium could go to £900 or Lea and active." Quality grade tea averaged 185p a kilo, up 5p from last week's sale. Medium grade was up 5p at 145p a kilo and low medium gained 9p to 112p a kilo. There were 33.836 packages on offer, including 3,820 in the offshore section.

ing capacity in the last 18 about the oil price are likely months have laid the ground to be outweighed by the effects for a better balance between of a predicted decline in the supply and demand in the dollar and of expectations of MINSPIRATION Resources months have laid the ground Corp said its Inspiration for a better balance between consolidated Copper Co unit will shut its sulphide crusher market Further rationalisation

A STRONG outlook for 1985 with new plant coming on that it could go significantly aluminium prices in 1986 following important cuts in the industry, is forecast by metal broker Rudolf Wolff.

1985 with new plant coming on that it could go significantly aluminium prices in 1986 following important cuts in the industry, is forecast by metal and elsewhere.

For the precious metals to trade up to \$7 an ounce, but might climb to \$9 an ounce of the price surge. Silver is expected to trade up to \$7 an ounce, but might climb to \$9 an ounce of the price surge. Wolff is forecasting gently rising prices with only limited

> LONDON METAL EXCHANGE WAREHOUSE STOCKS (Changes during week ending last Friday)

-1.429.000 to 58.834.000

slight increases in inflation in and concentrator facilities in is expected in the US, but the US. Wolff says gold could noon and the cash price closed the Globe, Arizona, area for overall decline in capacity is go to \$375 to \$400 an ounce at £793 a tonne, down £8 from about one year.

according to price

Aluminium prices fell on the London Metal Exchange yester-day in spite of seemingly bull-ish fundamental news. The LME announced that aluminium Cash 2780-90 . ~5 3 months 2850-5 . stocks in its registered ware-houses fell by 5,150 tonnes last week to 216,775 tonnes and the -1,450 to 183,625 International Primary Alumin-t-2,100 to 67,775 hum Institute reported that +2,100 to 67,775 ium Institute reported that
-66 to 7,224 average daily non-communist +2,150 to 64,180 world production in December +1,475 to 35,625 was 32,200 tonnes, down 200 tonnes from the November figure. Traders appeared to shrug off these news items, however, as prices fell sharply in early trading. At the official morning ring the cash alumin

ium price was £25 down at £776 a tonne, but most of this Official closing (am): Cash 434.5-8 (443-4), three months 449.5-80 (485.5-5), sattlement 435 (441). Final kerk close: 458-80. Turnover: 12.500 tonnes. US Prime Western: 32.50-35.75 cents fall was recovered in the after-GOLD Gold fell \$17, to \$3514,352 on the London buillon market yesterdey. The metal opened at 352,355, and touched a peek of 354,355, it was fixed at \$3354, in the morning and \$351 in the attempoor, falling to a low of 349,350.

Scaling down the dairy surplus

THE EEC milk quota scheme imposed in April 1984, while putting a stop to the increase in Community output, has still left the market heavily over-supplied. And the cost of disposing of unwanted butter stocks—which still exceed 1m tonnes—is an ever increasing burden on the EEC farm budget. In 1986 the cost of budget. In 1986 the cost of the milk regime will probably be more than 5.42bn European currency units (£3.33bn)— equivalent to £133 for each cow in the Community herd. So the Commission i sinten-citing its search for annual of sifying its search for ways of bringing the situation under

There are three basic options: a further co-responsibility levy on producers to provide for subsidising exports; a reduction in quotas; or the complete elimination of excess production by the buying-in of quotas under the so-called "outgoers scheme."

The Commission seems to decided that (as far as dairying is concerned, at least) co-responsibility, which means an effective price reduction. will most probably stimulate output as farmers try to reduce their unit costs. And any re-



agreed the Commission would be able to eliminate that production from its calculations for ever. In the long run it would probably be cheaper to The proposition has been

strongly attacked by Britain's Country Landowners' Association (CLA), however, on the grounds that by opting for the outgoers scheme tenants would render their landlords' farms unlettable for dairy purposes, and therefore reduce their value. The CLA argues that landlords should receive direct finacial compensation for this. This attitude has upset a number of farmers who claim that as they have milked the cows, and in many cases spent their own money providing their own money providing dairy facilities, they have the

mely to be severe enough to bring output into line with demand.

So there has been increasing interest in the third option, which would offer farmore have the severe severe severe severe severe enough to the National Farmers' to me, miss the point of the whole exercise, which is that from the cosy shelter of a diary distribute to the scheme. In particular it says there should be no further loss of UK and the companies of the co

indicated that he does not body devoted to tenant's interests also supports a division between landlord and tenant, but without quoting an arbitrary figure. It says the share should be agreed by tenancy succession is now valuers representing each side.

The CTA is also representing and would probably fight hard to retain it. The only tenants who might take it up would be those who felt their sons could not follow them because tenancy succession is now abolished, and this would not apply to many yet.

option of buying quota for re-distribution, the cost of which could be recouped from incom-ing tenants. In the meantime, it

demand.

So there has been increasing interest in the third option, which would offer farmers buy-out playments, spread over seven years, in return for effectively stardising their farmer for effectively stardising their farmer for end of the scheme is and the whole of his cardising their farmer for effectively stardising their farmer for effectively and the scheme should enable a farmer to commit only demand. The simplest way of production to control the years, in return for effectively a part and not the whole of his cardising their farmer for effectively and the scheme. In particular it says there should be overseas the Commission has a Mansholt, then farm commissioner, had a plan to take 5m approximate with viable demand. The simplest way of production to control the years, in return for effectively apart and not the whole of his cardising the source.

buyer scheme for dairy farmers is a likely runner.) The NEU and the CLA are large number of farmers will-ing to take up the scheme. The NFU fears this because it might put pressure on other sectors

such as cereals as farmers sought additional income. The CLA is worried that farmers approve of quotas.
On the question of a landlord's rights the NFU has
suggested that the compensation should be shared 70/30
between the tenant and the
landlord. The Tenant Farmers'
Association which is a growing
body devoted to tenant's
interests also supports a divimight take the money and still remain in farming perhaps in The CLA is also suggesting apply to many yet.
that individual agriculture
ministers should have the dom of crooning Tenant farmers do have free-dom of cropping under the

Holdings Acts and there would be nothing to prevent a farmer could be recouped from incoming tenants. In the meantime, it adds, there should be no letting of dairy farms.

All these objections, it seems

All these objections, it seems

years, in return for effectively a part and not the whole of his sterilising their farms for output. In any case, it argues, future milk production. The the proposal should be of and buying-our quota would down and execrated but he was essential difference between limited duration—the existing seem to be the best way to set right. It must be of some sastistic and the existing quota would to be for five years, and Mr turbance to existing farm structure to see his successors beginning to the farmer and for the farmer and for the farmer and for the whole of his successors beginning their farms. ressential difference between limited duration—the existing seem to be the best way to set right. It must be of some sastisties and the existing quota milk quota scheme is supposed about it with the least distaction to him in his retirescheme is that the quota would to be for five years, and Mr turbance to existing farm structure to the farmer and Frans Andriessen of the EEC tures. (Under the latest Farm ning to regard the same idea as not, as at present, just to the Agriculture Commission has Act in the US it seems that a possibly the only way out.

GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Close #3511-352 Opening #352-363 M'ni'g fix. \$353-25 Aft'n'n fix \$351,00

(£2473, 2484) (£2461, 247) (£247, 267) (£247, 398) GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS SILVER

Silver was fixed 3.65p an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London builton market yesterday at 427.1p. US cent equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 808.45c, down 9.3c; alx-month 621.1c, down 8.75c; 12-month 632.45c, down 9.35c; and 12-month 637.65c, down 8.75c; The metal overled at 425-427p (607-608c) and closed at 433-435p (614-616c).

SILVER Buillon + or LM.F.
per Fixing - p.m.
troy Price Unofficit LME-Turnover: 22 (9) lots of 10,000

Three months high/low 437p. Final

RUBBER

PHYSICALS—The Loadon market opened slightly staadier, ettracted little interest during the day and closed uncertain, reports Lawis and Past. Closing prices (buyers): Spot 59.25p (56.50p), Feb 58.25p (58.00p), March 58.75p (56.50p). The Kunis Lumpur fob prices (Malaysia/Singapore cents) per kg RSS No 1 was 184 (same) and for SMR 20 174 (177.5).

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

Jan. 20Jan. 17M'th ago Yearago (Bees: July 1.1952=100) _- 299,61

REUTERS

Jan. 20Jan. 17 m th ago Year ago 1850,0 1845,3 1775,9 : 1991,8 (Base: September 18 1931 - 100) DOW JONES

Dow Jan. Jan. Month Year Jones 17 : 16 ago ago Spot 133,43 135,40 - 128,36 Fut. 134,49 135,65 - 125,61

MAIN PRICE CHANGES . In tonnes unless otherwisestated.

METALS Cos per 21007.5'+8.0 2973.5 3 m h Grade. 21007.5'+8.0 2973.5 3 m h 2104.75.+17.5£997.5 Cold Troy oz 2351.625-1.878.327.75 5 m the 2263.75-2 2277.75

Barley Fut. Mar. (£115.15.—0.50.£116.5 Maize Wheat Fut. Mar. (£117.85,—0.85(£118.86 No. 2 Hard Wint.)

Unquoted, † Per 75-lb flask, c Cents per pound, v Jan-Feb. z Feb.

Official closing (am): Cash 1003.5 (989.5-1000), three months 1030-1 (1025-5), settlement 1003.5 (1000). Final kerb closa: 1037.5-8. Official closing (am): Cash 989-91 (884-5), three months 1019-21 (1014-6), settlement 991 (995). Turnover: 51,600 tonnes. US producer prices 69,50-74 carry per pound.

GB—Cattle 95.50p per tig lw (-1.03).
GB—Sheep 181.94p per tig lw (-1.03).
GB—Sheep 181.94p per kg ear dcw (-18.01).
GB—Pigs 74.44p per kg lw (+1.06).

Official closing (am): Cesh 252.5-3 (253-5), three months 263-4 (265-5), setstement 253 (253-5) - Finel kerk close: 264 - Turnever: 10,460 topines. US spot 18.25-20 cents per pound.

488.5-9.5--6.5 453-.5 --4.5 463/446 COFFEE

| Close |High/Low| Prev. Turnover: 64 (105).

SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sagar \$117.50 (E82.50), up \$1.00 (up £1.50) a tonne for January-February delivery. White suger \$161.50 (up \$1.00).

Sales: 1,396 (2,058) lots of 50 onnes. Tate and Lyle delivery price

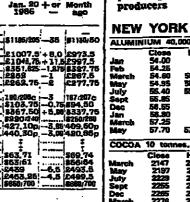
Tate and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis sugar was \$184.00 on 50 none for export. International Sugar Agreement—(US cents per pound fob and stowed Garibbaen ports). Prices for January 17. Deliy price 4.43 (4.42): 16-day average 4.72 (4.74).

PARIS—(FFr per tonne): Mar 1245/1247, May 1285/1287, Aug 1345/1349. Oct 1390/1387, Dec 1405/1415, Mar 1480/1487.

US MARKETS

PRECIOUS METALS traded mixed as a weak dollar offset lower energy prices, reports Heinold Commodities. Copper came under modest pressure in response to the smaller than expected decline in LME stocks. Aluminium came under pressure from com-mision house liquidation on the lack of cash demand. A lack of fresh cash business continued to pressurise sugar

continued to pressurise sngar values. Cocoa weakened on arbitrage selling reflecting sterling weakness. Coffee values lost ground on fears of a quota suspension which has led to a drying up in each inquiry. Cotton firmed in light activity on commission house short-covering. The energy complex traded limit-down on continued cuts in posted prices by major US producers



a Phil | \$220v | 10 | \$250 bean (U.S.) | \$226 | -1,4 | \$238

Prices closed unchanged in light volume despite firmer physicals, reports Eastern Capital-CCST. p. per kilo (desdweight)

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gallons, \$

HEATING OIL

GRAINS

WHEAT

-0.15, 112.70 -0.55 115.15 -0.40 117.70 -0.28 -0.90 99.50 -0.85 102.76

Sales: 20 (23) lots of 50 carcases 3,250 kg. MEAT COMMISSION - Average fat-

Official closing (am): Cash 2775-80 (2775-85), three months 2825-30 (2860--5), settlement 2780 (2785). Final kerb close: 2840-80. Turnover: 2,124

Sales: 1,548 (1,317) lots of 10

Following an expected opening of around £100 higher, prices raced further shead to record gains of £184 by mid-day, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. A weaker than anticipared New York saw a £30 reversal in London and harmy commission house selling.

+47.5; 2840-685 +35.0; 2900-784 +35.0 Sales: 9.139 (10,870) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for January 17: Comp. daily 1579 202.26 (196.80); 15-day average 212.44 (212.76).

FREIGHT FUTURES

COTTON LIVERPOOL—Spot and ahipment sales for the week commencing January 13 amounted to 2,084 tonnes against 2,025 tonnes in the previous week. Improved demand brought business in West African, Central African. Colombian, American, Pakistani, Chinese, Brazilian and Turkish steni, Israeli, Chinese, Brazilian and Turkish growths. SOYABEAN MEAL

The market opened unchanged in dulf rading conditions, reports T. G. roddick. Prices eased on professional

153.8 134.5 -- 0.45 134.8 -- 155.0 135.2 -- 0.26 135.3 134.8 -- 155.0 135.2 -- 0.76 135.3 134.8 -- 155.2 132.5 -- 0.76 132.0 -- 150.8 151.0 -- 0.20 -- 150.8 151.0 -- 0.20 -- 150.8 134.8 +- 0.80 -- 150.8 134.8 +- 0.76 -- 150.8 134 Sales: 196 (213) lots of 20

ALUMINIUM 40,000 lb. cents/lb **CHICAGO** LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lbs, cents/lb COCOA 10 tonnes, 5/tonnes LIVE HOGS 30,000 lbs., cer Warch 281.14 247.00 (b) cents/fb

Warch 282.88 250.50 241.28 247.38

July 246.75 285.00 246.17 252.17

Sept 250.40 258.00 248.69 256.00

March 259.00 261.50 255.00 261.00

March 259.00 263.00 258.00 264.00

Mey 260.75 262.00 262.00 286.75 MAIZE 5,000 bu min, conts/ 56 lb bushel High Low Prev — 66.20 66.55 65.85 69.75 65.50 65.80 66.60 64.65 65.85 66.60 66.50 66.50 66.80 67.00 86.45 67.00 67.50 66.85 67.25 67.46 COTTON 50,000 lb, cents/lb SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tons, \$/ton SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 lbs, cents/lb

POTATOES

Old crop whest saw profit-taking after Friday's contract highs in thin treding to close at the lows. Barlay was virtually untraded, losing 25p. New crops fell £1.00 on wesker Continental markets but attracted light shipper buying at lower levels to rise 20p, reports Muirpace. A further weskening in the domestic physical market, together with lower quotes on Outch futures despite recent good export figures. resulted in London opening £1.80 down, basis April. The market immediately bounced back and keen buying interest supported values, reports Coley and Harper.

2 per tonn Feb 80,30 80,00 88,80 82,29,32,68 89,20 102,40 89,20 77,30 Feb 82,00 77,30 77,6

-0.10 Sales: 826 (982) lots of 40 ton OIL

Sept. 100.10 —0.86 98.50 —0.19 Mov.—103.10 —0.86 102.76 —

Business done—Wheat: Jan 115.10 March 117.65-7.30 May 121.20-0.80 July 123.30 Sept 100.00 Nov 103.25-3.00 Sales: 178 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: Jan untraded, March 118.30-5.25 May 117.80, Sept and Nov untraded. Sales: 5 lots of 100 tonnes. London GRARIS—Wheet: US dark borthern apring No 1 15 per cent Feb 135.75, Mar 136.25 sellers transhipment east coast. US No 2 soft red winter Feb 122. Mer 120.75 sellers. EC French Jan 136.50 asier. English lead fold Jan 117.50, April/June 126.50, Sept 103.00 peld east coast. Jan 118 buyer. Feb 119.25/119.50 buyer/seller, Mar 120.50 buyer. April/June 126.50 seller. Oct/Dec 106. Jan/Mar 112 seller. Maize: US No 3 yellow/French transhipment east coast Jan 141. Barley: English feed fob Jan 114.50/116.00. Feb 117.00/117.50 buyer/seller, Mar 118.50 buyer, April/May/June 122.00 sellers. Reat unquared. HGCA—Locations ex-farm spot pricas, Feed Sarley: E. Mids 112.30. Sootland 109.20. The UK monetary costificient for the week beginning Monday January 27 (based on HGCA calculations using four day's exchange retas) is expected to remain unchanged.

CRUGE OIL—FOB (8 per barrel)—
Arab Light _______ 28.52 25.66
Arab Heavy ______ 28.52 25 60
Dubal ______ 22.80-22.18

GAS OIL FUTURES 5 U.S.

Tumever: 6,105 (5,952) lots of 100

CRUDE Oil FUTURES—Brent Blend index. 8 a berrei (close, thange, business done): Index 22.17-0.53: Feb 21.30-21.80-9.90, 21.60: Merch 20.20-20.50-1.025, 20.40-20.30: April 19.50-20.0070.80, 20.10: May 19.00-20.00: June 19.00-20.00: SSS (71) fots of 1.000 berrels.

LONDON

20-YEAR 12% NOTIONAL GILT E50,000 32nds of 100%

ne 8.058 (2.846)

THREE-MONTH STERLING ESOD,000

Closs High Low Prev Merch 139.45 139.50 139.45 140.80 June 139.95 — 142.30 Eat volume 312 (141) Previous day's open int 1,945 (1,933)

REE-MONTH RURODOLLAR \$1m nts of 100%

High Low 91.87 91.83 91.70 91.63 91.70 91.43 91.47 91.43 91.23 91.16 90.86 \$0.96 16 (4.911)

ints of 100%

High Low 108-13 106-26

ous day's open int 6,385 (8,324) quote (clean cash price of 13% my 2004/06 less equivalent price

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

trading, with most US banks closed for Martin Luther King Day. The dollar closed in Frankfurt at DM 2.4720, compared with DM 2.4625 on Friday. Earlier in the day the Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar was fixed at

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar up, but oil hits pound

leading industrial nations in London, while sterling was very weak and nervous, as a result of falling prices on the world oil market. Failure of the ministers to

agree on co-ordinated policy for an immediate cut in interest rates was widely expected, but dealers had been reluctant to reverse the downward trend in the dollar before the weekend, in case a new policy was announced.

The foreign exchanges were quiet, with most US banks closed for Martin Luther King Day, and after a rise by the dollar in the Far East, after the G5 meeting, there was little further movement in European trading.
Attention will now focus on tomorrow's revised fourth quarter US Gross National Product growth, for further evidence about the performance of the economy. economy.

The dollar rose to DM 2.4710

from DM 2.4635; FFr 7.5725 from FFr 7.5525; SFr 2.0970 from SFr 2.09; and Y202.35 from On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 126,2 from 125.9.

STERLING — Trading range against the dollar in 1985-86 is 1.4885 to 1.0528. December average 1.4555. Exchange rate dollar

The dollar improved after the index fell 1.0 to 76.9, the lowest weekend meeting of finance closing level since April 25 last ministers from the Group of Five year, and compared with 84.1

index fell 1.0 to 76.9, the lowest closing level since April 25 last year, and compared with 84.1 six months ago.

Fears of lower oil prices, with North Sea crude trading below \$20 a barrel for April delivery on the European market yesterday, depressed sterling. Although the Kuwaiti oil minister warned against a price war, financial £ IN NEW YORK

Jan. 18 Prev, close

markets were nervous ahead of next month's meeting of Opec ministers, and the pound finished at a record low against the D-

Sterling lost 220 cents to \$1.4150-1.4160, and also fell to DM 3.4975 from DM 3.5425; FFr 10.7175 from FFr 10.8550; SFr 2.9675 from SFr 3.0050; and Y286.50 from Y290.75.

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1985-86 is 3.4510 to 2.4375. December average 2.5129. Exchange rate average 2.5129. Exchange rate index 131.3 against 124.3 six ments ago.

The D-mark lost ground to the dollar in quiet Frankfurt

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

	Day's				Three	*
Jan 20	spread	Close	One month	p.s.	months	p.z.
US	1.4130-1.4315	1.4150-1.4160	0.61-0.58c pm	5.04	1.72-1.67 pm	
Canada	1.9817-2.0070	1.9817-1.9852	0.49-0.40c pay		1,37-1.22pm	2.61
Nathind.	3.934-3.984	3.93%-3.94%	24-24c pm	7.67	7 1 (12 00) -	2.52
Belgium	71.35-71.51	71,35-71.48	25-10c pm	2.94	55-35 pm	2.57
Denmark	12.81-12.95	12.813-12.623	57s-47sore om	4.68	15 ¹ 4-13 ¹ -pm	4.49
retand	1,1450-1,1600	7.1460-1.1475	8.04p pm-8.14p	d -0.52	0.00p-0.42d	-0.82
W. Ger.	3.49 - 3.5374	3.49 - 3.50	3-24-of pm		712-61-pm	8,16
Portugal	224.28-228.24	224.28-225.93	125-415c dis	 14.39	376-1165dls	-13.69
Spain	218.69-220.95	218.69-219.06	55-10c dis	-0.45	20pm-100dis	-0.15
Italy	2.3811-2.4101-	2.3823-2.3833	5-120tre dis	-4.20	20-30dls	~4.20
Norway	10.73%-10.89%	10,75-10,75	Sore pin-Sdis	_	12pm-4dls	~-0.26
France	10.71%-10.85	10.712-10.72	25-25c pm		34-14pm	0.82
Sweden	10.82-10.94%		hore par-hore d		Tiphpin	0.30
JADAN	286-2904	286-287	14-14y pm		44-44 000	. 5.20
Austria	24,56-24,96	24.56-24.60	141-121-gro pm		397-35 bm	5.34
	2.9662-3.0080	2.95 - 2.97	23-24 c pm		67a-87apm	2.76
Sw112.						
В	elgian rate is f	or convertible	francs. Financia	I ILEUC	72.30-72.40.	
5	k-month forwa	rd dollar 3.41-	3.36c pm. 12-mc	ingh 5.90	-b.auc pm.	
	t Correction	(January 17).	, Sweden close	10.964-1	10. <i>57</i> 4.	

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Jan 20	1 £	\$ 1	DM	YEN	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL ,	Líra	CS	B FY.
2	0,706	1,416	8,498 2,471	286,5 202,4	10.79 7,575	2,968 2,097	3.943 2,785	2384. 1684.	1.984 1.401	71.40 50.40
DM YEN	0,286 3,490	0.405 4.941	12 21	51.92 1000.	3,064 87,41	0.848 10.36	1,127 13.76	681.6 8320,	0.567 6.925	20.4 249.
FFr. SFr.	0,933 0,337	1.321	3,263 1,179	267.3 96.55	10. 3.612	2,769 1,	3,579 1,329	2294. 803.3	1,851 0,668	65.62 24.00
X FI.	0,254 0,420	0.359 0.594	0.887	72.67 120.9	2.718 4.498	0.763 1.245	1,654	604.6 1000.	0,503 0.832	18,1 29,9
C\$	0.504	0.714	1.763 4.898	144.4	5,403 15,01	1.496 4.156	1,988 5,522	1202. 5359,	2.77B	36.00 100.
· ·		Franch I						_		

EURO-CUPRENCY INTEREST RATES

Jan. 90	Short.	7 Days notice	Nonth-	Three	Six Months	One Year
sterling	976 1016 518 516 179 219 419 466 834-878	12-12-12-1 - 81-81-10-18 - 91-10-18 - 51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-51-5	184 1218 88 814 10 10 10 5 5 14 5 18 44 18 412 458 918 914 16 17 12	13 % 13 % 818 814 1018 1036 54 54 44 46 1112 1214 1659-1768	1348-1512 818-814 1016-1046 516-612 418-414 414-414 12-1218	15/4-15/ 84-81 ₂ 10/4-10/ 514-578 4/4-4/4 11/4-11 15-16
B.Fr.(Fin) Br.Fr (Con) Yen D. Krone Aslan 5 (Sng)	934-10 10-1012 758-712 814-834	954-10 10:101g 718-714 814-834 818-814	934-10 1016-1056 718-714 856-916 818-814	934-10 1014-1034 578-518 878-948 578-844	91g-91q 97g-105g 61g-65g 87g-94g 81g-81g	914.91g 91g.10 61g.64g 9-91g 81g.81g

EMS	EUROPEAN	CURRENCY	UNIT	RATES

	Ecu central rates	Currency amounts against Ecu January 20	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %
Belgien Franc	44.8320	44.5503	-0.61	+1.02	±1.5425
Danish Krone	8.12657	7.98925	-1.71	-0.08	±1.6421
German D-mark	2.23840	2.18278	−2.48	-0.85	±1.1455
French Franc	6.8840Z	6.69044	-2.53	-0,9 0	±1.3654
Dutch Guilder	2.52208	2.45843	-2.52	-0.89	±1.5162
Irish Punt	0.724578	0.714692	-1.36	+0.27	±1.6673
Italian Lira	1520.60	1486.81	-2.22	∽ 1.64	±4.0856
Changes Wask Cu	are for E	cu, therefore justment calc	positive cha ulated by F	nge denotes inancial Times	8 L

FINANCIAL **FUTURES**

Sharp fall

Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar was fixed at DM 2.4740, against DM 2.4663 previously. Dealers were not surprised at the lack of a concerted policy to immediately cut interest rates, at the Group of Five meeting in London, but the German bond market eased slightly on disappointment. Falling oll prices put sterling under some pressure. It was fixed at DM 3.5280, compared with DM 3.5280, or priday. Sterling prices fell sharply in the London International Financial Futures Exchange yesterday in reaction to lower oil prices. Earlier in the day there had been some disappointment foilowing the weekend meeting of G5 finance ministers as earlier rumours of an across the board cut in interest rates proved to be unfounded.

Early trading patterns tended

JAPANESE YEN — Trading range against the dollar in 1985-1986 is 263.15 to 199.05. December average 202.747. Exchange rate index 176.5 against 159.2 six to highlight the complex and speculative nature of the majority of recent volume. months ago.

The yen weakened slightly against the dollar, with the US currency closing at Y202.95 in Tokyo compared with Y202.30 on Friday. After an early flurry, or disappointment that the weekend Group of Five mexing will not lead to an early cut in interest rates, trading became thin in the afternoon. The dollar touched a peak of Y208.10, but dealers were reluctant to positions had been squared ahead of the weekend meeting but speculators sold off initially in the absence of an interest rate announcement. Values moved above opening levels later in the day however on hopes that the Bank of England would act to maintain current levels of interest rates.

current levels of interest rates. However a drop in the price of North Sea oil to below \$20 for April and sterling's weal'r trend, ensured a sharp decline during the afternoon. With cash rates now discounting at least a half point rise in base rates, three-month sterling deposits for March delivery closed at the day's low of 86.34, down from an opening level of 86.65 and Friday's close of 87.17. but dealers were reluctant to take out positions, because of a partial holiday in the US, which was scheduled to close some of the main banks. **CURRENCY MOVEMENTS**

Gilt prices acted in the same way an othe long gilt for March delivery finished at 107-00 down delivery finished at 107-00 down from an opening level of 108-09 and Friday's close of 109-01. Euro-dollar prices traded in a narrow range after a sharp mark down from Friday's close. Volume was rather low in view of a partial closure in the US for a holiday. The March price opened at 91.84 down from 91.87 and traded in a narrow four point range to close at 91.86.

On the other hand US Treasury bond prices were up from opening levels, possibly helped by a stronger dollar. It wened weaker from Friday at 82-16 down from 83-22 but rose steadily during the day to finish at 82-28.

Close High Low Prev 0.4088 0.4070 0.4064 0.4094 0.4104 — 0.4118 Nume 18 (5) us day's open int 182 (184)

Jan 20 Previous

COUNTRY

STERLING INDEX

URRENCY FUTURES

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OTHER CURRENCIES

1980-1982=100. Bank of England Index (base everage 1975=100).

CURRENCY RATES

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•	iran Kuwait Luc'buro	120.80° 0.4090-0.4100 71.35 71.45	94,50° 0,28929-0,28949 50,40-50,50
_	N'Z'land Raudi Ar.	2.7370 2.7470 3.1650-5.1696	2,4550-2,4590 -1,9270-1,9340 -3,5503-3,6507 -2,1260-2,1290
	8.Af.(Cm)	5,2530-3,2500 1,1750-4,238E	2,8910-8,2960 2,9410-2,9860 3,6725-3,6735
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HUGH SUTTON AREA MANAGER—AFRICA

Image US TREASURY BONDS 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100% Nigh Low Prev 83-01. 82-13 83-22 81-19 81-19 82-18 Prito 83-23 82-18 81-18 80-21 79-27 79-04

US TREASURY BILLS (IMMA) \$1m points of 100%

CHICAGO

US TREASURY BOMDS (CBT) 8% 5100,000 32nds of 100% 10w 82-15 81-07 ■ Key Rings
 ■ Cuff Links attached to your company Enamel Badges ● Paperweights ● Medals incomporating your logo. Quality PROMOTIONAL GIFTS Manhattan-Windsor -STEWARD ST., BIRMINGHAM, B18 7AF, ENGLAND. TELEX: 338633 USA Address: Manhattan-Windsor PO Box 92791 Milwaukee, WI \$3202 Contractors to R. M. Government.

THE FINANCIAL TIMES

IS PROPOSING TO PUBLISH A SURVEY ON THE IVORY COAST ON

WEDNESDAY 23rd APRIL 1986 Advertising Copy Date for this Survey is MONDAY 21st MARCH 1986

For further information please contact:

FINANCIAL TIMES BRACKEN HOUSE 10 CANNON STREET LONDON EC4P 4BY

Tel: 01-248 8000. Extn: 3238. Telex: 885033

ESSENTIAL

UP TO DATE INFORMATION ON

THE GOLD PRICE: AND PROSPECTS MINING & RELATED INVESTMENTS THE VOLATILE RAND CURRENCIES

SEMINAR - 30th JANUARY 1986 - LONDON

INTERNATIONAL PANEL OF SPEAKERS INCLUDES: Martin A Armstrong, U.S.A. Analyst, Forecaster and Financial Consultant. Chairman,

ECONOMICS: Deputy Editor. Oxford Union President,

MINING & RELATED INVESTMENTS: Alister Colquhoun, Director, Union Acceptances Bank, Johanne Executive, S.A. Association of Unit Trusts. Fellow, Institute of Bankers of

Princeton, U.S.A., Geneva and London

STOCKBROKERS: David Drummond Director, Strauss Turnbull & Co Ltd., London. Richard Lomberg, Research Partner, Davis Borkum and Hare Inc.,

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29 to 16 p. of shell of there are not been ede-NADI D VALUE OF THE POUND

The table below gives the latest available rate of exchange for the pound against various currencies on January 20, 1986. In some cases rate is nominal. Market rates are the average of buying and selling rates except where they are shown to be otherwise. In some cases market rates have been calculated from those of foreign currencies to which they are tied.

VALUE OF

Abbreviations: (A) approximate rate, no direct quotation era (F) free rate; (P) based on U.S. dollar partitles and going steriling rates; (T) tourist rate; (Bat) basic rate; (bg) buying rate; (Bk) brates; (cn) commercial rate; (ch) convertible rate; (fn) financial (exC) exchange certificate rate; (nc) non commercial rate; normal; (o) official rate; (sg) selling rate; (c) controlled (u) unified rate. rcial rate; (nom)

	COUNTRY CURREN	£ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	£ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	A STERLING
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	Albania Lek Dinar Dinar	(A)6.83	Grenada	E. Caribbean \$	3,85	Philippines	. Philippine Peso	26,45
1	Andorra French Fi	ang 10,7175	Guadaloupe	Local Franc	10.7175 1.4155	Pitoairn Islands	£ Sterling New Zealand \$	2.7420
1	Annals Swanza	43,0875	Guaromala	- Quetzal	1,4155	i	_	
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7	Australia Australian (2,0330 24,56	Helti	., Gotirde	7,13 2,85	1		
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ı	Bulgaria Lev Burkino Faso C.P.A. Franc	535.88	Kiribati	Australian 6	2.0530	Singapore	. Singapore 5	3.0150
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1	Ghane	. 1.0	Paraguay	" Rivierani ,	(339.96(10)	Zambia	- KWACIA	8 50

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates continue to rise

Interest rates rose in London yesterday, partly on disappointment after the weekend meeting of finance ministers and partly as a reflection of steriling's fall in the note circulation of steriling's fall in the note circulation of speculation last week that the group of five nations' finance ministers would instigate an across the board reduction in interest rates. This falled to materialise and with oil prices in the forward market touching below \$20, there was little cheer in the money market.

Three-month interbank money

Interest rates rose in London since yet more more than offset by 2 £490m take up of the latest gilt sale and repurchase agreement, running for guoted at 450-460 per cent computed at a fixed up of the latest gilt sale and repurchase agreement. Tunning for guoted at 450-460 per cent of 45 per cent. Funds will be credited to banks on Friday while short term liquidity remained in good supply. Rates also a fall in the note circulation of £285m. The forecast was revised to a surplus of £285m. The forecast was revised to a surplus of £285m. The forecast was and at a minimum tend will be credited to banks on Friday while short term liquidity remained in good supply. Rates as a maturing facility worth DM 8.7bm. Call money was of G5 finance ministers.

The Bank of England revised its forecast once again, this time to a surplus of around £150m and sold £150m of Treasury bills at 10½-11½ per cent for today.

In Frankfurt the Bundesbank and remaining for the latest gilt sale and repurchase agreement. Tunning for determing the ministers and at a minimum tend will be credited to banks on Friday while short term liquidity remained in good supply. Rates are rate of 4.5 per cent. Funds will be treat to banks on Friday while short term liquidity remained in good supply. Rates are rate of 4.5 per cent. Funds will be read to be about the amount allowed at a minimum tend of the rate of 4.5 per cent. Funds will be read to be about the showed little reaction to the outtion of £285m. The forecast was a maturing f

The Bank of England forecast
Two month
Two month
Two month
Three month
Three month a surplus of around £150m with factors affecting the market including maturing assistance and a take up of Treasury bills together draining £727m and the pundleding of previous sale and repurchase agreements a further £208m. In addition banks brought forward balances £5m Two month. Three month ... Three year ... Three year ... Four year ... Four year ... Three year ... Three

Three-month interbank money touched a high of 13† per cent before finishing at 15/6-15/6 per cent up from 12/4-12/2 per cent. Three-month eligible bank bills ware hid at 172 per cent.

Treasury Bills & Bonds

MONEY RATES

Jan. 20 Or's nig't Month Months Months Months in vinto Frankfurt 45 4.6 4.65 4.80 4.50 4.65 4.50 4.60 4.75 5.5 Paris 79-14 4.8 31-94 9-94 9-94 334 Zurich 31-57 79-15 64-51 54-514 5							
Frankfurt 4.5 4.6 4.65 4.80 4.50 4.66 4.55 4.70 4.60 4.75 5.6 Paris 94 85 85 85 95 9 89 99 99 884 Zurch 79:11 445 545 515 916 916 916 916 916 916 916 916 916 916	Jan. 20	Ov'r-nig't	One Month	Two Months	Three Months	Six Months	Lombard In'v'ntion
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UK clearing banks base lending rate 121 per cent since January 9

(11.00 a.m. Jan. 20)	Six months U.S. dollars					
Three months U.S. dollars	B) (8 1/8	- offer 8 1/4				
MIS 1990 SIS bid						
The fixing rates are the arithmetic means, rounded to the nearest one-sixteenth, of the bid and offered rates for 510m quoted by the market to	Westminster 8st	ne banks are Nation nk, Bank of Toky Rengue Nationale (
		·				

Jan. 20	Over night	7 days	Month	Three Months	Six : Months	One Year
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Treasury Bills (sell): one-month 12% per cent: three-months 12% per cent. Bank Bills (sell): one-month 12% per cent: three-month 12% per cent. Treasury Bills: Average tender rate at discount 12.1937 per cent. ECGD fixed Finance Scheme IV reference data December 4 to January 7 (inclusives): 11.838 per cent. Local authority and Finance Houses seven days' notice, others seven days' tixed. Finance Houses Base Para 12 per cent from January 1896. Bank Deposits Rates for sums at seven days' notice 5%-5% per cent. Certificates of Tex Deposits (Series 6). Deposits £100,000 and over held under one month 12% per cent ane-three months 12% per cent; three-six months 12% per cent; six-olie months 12% per cent; ains-12 months 12% per cent. The per cent cent from January 14, Deposits held under Series 5 11% per cent. Deposits withdrawn for cash 7% per cent.

Financial Times Tuesday January 21 1986

Financial Times Tuesday January 21 1986 INDUSTRIALS—Continued LEISURE—Continued	PROPERTY—Continued : INVESTMENT TRUSTS	—Cont. FINANCE, LAND—Cont.	35 MINES—Continued
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17	536 Do. Cap & Floring Im. 108	13	nt Issues" and "Rights" Page 38 sternational Edition Page 36) symbols to every Company dealt in an Stock perspect the United Kingdom for a fee of 5575 per annum for each security.

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Laxicon inc. 10p. 129
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of dearer money The absence of the hoped-for Lloyds relinguished 8 at 478p, initiative on international while Midland gave up 6 at 440p interest rates disappointed London share and bond markets while Midland gave up 6 at 440p and NatWest cheapened 4 at 702p. Elsewhere, Leopold Joseph which were soon forced to contend with revived downward pressures. Oil prices were the key and a further fall in North Sea crude brought instant repercussions in all financial markets. Commercial money market

bank touched 13½ per cent before easing slightly—and sterling weakened in nervous foreign exchange markets, despite unconfirmed reports of official intervention. The rate against the dollar dropped some 2½ cents to \$1.4155, while the price for North Sea oil Brent April delivery dipped to \$19.50 per harrel.

Government securities inevitably came under pressure immediately dealings opened. Persistent domestic and US liquidation sent prices progressively lower with dealers finding little offtake owing to the escalating threat to bank base rates, currently at 12½ per cent. Selling faded eventually but no attempts as made at a recovery and the unsettled tone continued in the after-

maximum of a down on the day. Indexlinked issues suffered with conventional stocks and closed with losses extending to nearly

Leading shares took considerable punishment, although there was little evidence of any major divestment programme. A progression of sales from nervous private clients, however, left most blue chip stocks at the session's lowest. The FT-SE 100 share index dropped 17.7 to 1378.3, but the fall in the FT Ordinary share index was cushioned by early firmness is constituents. Distillers, Plessey and GEC. Leading shares took consider-

Distillers' responded initially to news, well signposted in the wekeend press, of an agreed shares and cash offer from Guinness. This countered the inwelcome bid from Argyll, and Distillers moved higher before drifting back on thoughts that drifting back on thoughts that the proposed merger could be referred to the Monopolies Commission. Plessey benefited from hopes of the GEC bid not meet-ing with a referral, but the price gave way after-hours on the Trade Secretary's decision to refer the offer to the MMC.

Clearers react

Clearing banks failed to take Friday's good gains a stage further. Investors withdrew leav-

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

CAPITAL GOODS (214)

Motors (18) Other Industrial Materials (22) CONSUMER GROUP (183)

Brewers and Distillers (23). Food Manufacturing (22).... Food Retailing (14).....

Publishing & Printing (13) . Packaging and Paper (15) ... Stores (43)

Office Equipment (4) .

THANCIAL GROUP (119

lasurance (Life) (9).

Merchant Banks (11)...

9 ALL-SHARE INDEX (739)

FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX .

FIXED INTEREST

Day's change %

Property (51).... Other Financial

Textiles (16).

Revived interest rate pressures make for nervous session

returned yesterday following the ing the market vulnerable to inconclusive outcome of the sporadic bouts of profit-taking weekend Group of Five meeting. Barclays lost 10 at 458p and 4

pressures. Oil prices were the key and a further fall in North Sea crude brought instant repercussions in all financial markets.

Commercial money market at 795p and fallso 1 4 and 5 respectively were seen in Commercial touched 13½ per cent before easing slightly—and sterling and General Accident, at 725p. Among dull Life issues, exchange markets, despite unconfirmed reports of official intervention. The rate against the dollar dropped some 2½ cents

Distillers advanced to a new pistillers advanced to a new high of 592p in immediate response to the agreed counter-bid from Guinness, but subse-quently gave ground amid Mono-polles reference fears and closed 5 lower on balance at 562p. Guinness fell 13 to 290p, while Guinness fell 13 to 290p, while Argyli Group, original suitors for Distillers, dipped to 348p before settling a net 15 cheaper at 355p. Leading Breweries also showed sizeable losses. Bass shed 15 to 635p, while Whithread A, 230p. and Allied-Lyons, 257p, declined 7 and 8 respectively.

Confirmation that the Channel Group had heen chosen Longer-dated Gilts then showed sharp falls stretching to 12 to build the cross-Channel fixed link gave a mild boost to the to build the cross-Channel fixed link gave a mild boost to the construction groups involved in the consortium. Costain firmed 4 to 478p and George Wimpey hardeued a penny to 144p, while Taylor Woodrow added a couple of pence to 482p. Other leading Building issues turned easier on interest rate uncertainties. Bine Circle slipped 7 to 556p and Redland shed 3 to 360p. Housebuilders Barratt Developments fell 6 to 120p. Rugby Portland fell 6 to 120p. Rughy Portland Cement, however, continued to attract speculative support on

takeover hopes and gained a penny more to 151p. ICI eased to 743p before ICI eased to 743p before steadying on currency influences to riose a shade dearer on balance at 746p. Elsewhere in the Chemical sector, Yorkshire Chemicals attracted revived speculative demand and gained 6 to 73p.

shed a similar amount to 250p. Plessey and GEC botti

rid det ibte zein ublanten.

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times,

the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

-9.6 19.80
-6.4 19.54
-0.2 9.90
-8.4 9.26
-8.7 19.47
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-13 -15 -10 -14 +82 -15 -04 -07

260.31 608.48

Fri Jan 17

117.05

669.63 -1.0

Sat Jan 18 1986

Gross Div. Yield% (ACT at 30%)

| Index | Day's | Day's | Day's | Jan | Jan | Jan | Jan | Jan | Jan | No. | Change | High | Low | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | ago | 1378.3 | -17.7 | 1391.1 | 1378.2 | 1396.0 | 1394.5 | 1390.5 | 1370.1 | 1384.6 | 1279.9

11.89 13.20 14.08 12.52 11.16 12.07 15.69 14.04 15.10 17.87 17.81 17.87 17.81 17.87 17.81 18.87 15.64 16.23 16.69

. \$27.97 -0.2 \$9.90 \$4.53 \$13.20 \$0.69 \$98.30 \$921.15 \$921.25 746.68 \$157.828 -0.4 \$2.6 \$4.61 \$14.08 \$0.00 \$155.65 \$1556.52 \$1544.13 \$1695.65 \$1366.62 \$1544.13 \$1695.65 \$1366.62 \$1544.13 \$1695.65 \$1366.62 \$1544.13 \$1695.65 \$1366.62 \$1544.13 \$1695.65 \$1366.62 \$1366.72 \$1367.71 \$106.23 \$320.57 -0.5 \$10.89 \$4.56 \$11.16 \$0.13 \$322.04 \$321.09 \$321.72 \$293.91 \$224.82 \$- \$11.30 \$4.32 \$10.77 \$0.00 \$213.93 \$109.66 \$256.29 \$177.73 \$169.57 \$100.60 \$11.30 \$43.20 \$10.77 \$0.00 \$213.93 \$109.66 \$256.78 \$169.52 \$199.52 \$174.41 \$-1.33 \$8.93 \$3.73 \$14.04 \$0.37 \$754.97 \$72.32 \$749.84 \$637.58 \$771.89 \$-2.9 \$7.71 \$89 \$1.35 \$4.52 \$12.02 \$0.96 \$563.11 \$59.97 \$255.18 \$499.31 \$1256.77 \$-0.5 \$4.80 \$13.13 \$0.55 \$787.86 \$778.20 \$777.89 \$195.52 \$1178.67 \$-0.5 \$4.80 \$2.74 \$19.07 \$292 \$1678.44 \$1790.31 \$662.14 \$144.42 \$1178.67 \$-0.5 \$4.88 \$2.74 \$19.07 \$292 \$1678.44 \$1790.31 \$662.14 \$144.42 \$1178.67 \$-0.5 \$4.88 \$2.78 \$19.17 \$0.20 \$1751.76 \$749.40 \$174.79 \$712.61 \$1.16 \$1.00 \$375.76 \$1.16 \$1.17 \$1

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

Fixed Interest........ 86.88 87.10 67.11 85.64 86.70 67.42 54.14 . 1106.1 1118.7 1113.2 1109.6 1094.3 1108.8 1003.8 359,5 1546,0 348,8 311,6 306.8 300,2 463,7 Total bergains (Est.: 23,112 94,189 25,878: 24,163 26,443 24,673 23,561 Total pargains (est. 23,118 24,189 25,876 24,163 26,445 24,673 23,661 Equity turnover 2m. 678.2 591.79 580.14 391.79 466.01 Equity bargains 29. 21,180 19.948 21,562 19.948 30,831 Shares traded (mn. 257.2 196.4 245.5 196.4 249.7 9 10 sm 1118.0 11 am 1113.1 Noon 1112.5 1 pm 1112.2 2 pm 1112.4 3 pm 1110.1 4 pm 1108.8 Day's High 1118.1 Day's Low 1106.7 Sasis 100 Government Securities 15/10/25. Fixed Interest 15/28. Ordinary 17/735. Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity 1974. Latest index 01-246 8028. "Nit = 10.90.

HIGHS AND LOWS					S.E. J	ACTIVIT	ΓY
	— 1985/86 Since Compliatin		INDIGES	Jan. 17	јап. 16		
	High	Low	High	Low	Daily Gift Edged		
Govt, Secs.	84.57 (18:10/85)	78.02 (28/1/85)	127.4	49.18	Bargains Equities	138.7	
Fixed int	90.9B	88.17	150,4	E0.53 (6/1/75)	Bargains Value 5 dayAverage	137.1 1156.5	1021.0
Ordinary		(E) 12:86)		CONTRICTO	Gilt Edged Bargains Equities	151.4	151.9
Gold Mines	536.9 (15/4/86)		734,7 (15/2/68)	43.5 (26/19/71)	Bargains	139.3 968.9	143.8 920.1

cheapened a couple of pence to the common level of 116p having earlier touched 176p and 172p respectively. Among other quietly dull Electrical leaders. BICC, at 258p, lost half of Fri-day's gain of 10, while Thorn EMI also ended 5 off at 392p. British Telecom were a few pence down at 183p. Elsewhere, Micro Business Systems jumped 15 to 84p following week-end comment on the recent appoint-ment to the board of two senior meritage executives from IRM marketing executives from IBM (UK).. Newspaper comment also attracted buyers to Atlantic

Dearer money worries continued to unsettle leadic. Steres. GUS A, 737p. Burton, 500p, and Woolworth, 450p, all displayed double-figure losses, while Marks and Spencer eased 4 to 170p. Harris Quensway, depressed on Priday following a downgrading of profits by broker James Capel, fell 8 more to 204p, while W. H. Smith A, interim results scheduled for Wednesday week, lifted Cronite 5 to 59p. shed a similar amount to 250p; McKechnie: continued to edge McKechnie: continued to edge higher with a 2 rise at 1989,

Thes

0.08 576.46 573.16 569.90 570.45 0.00 627.44 622.22 617.54 490.17 0.69 930.30 921.15 921.25 746.68 0.00 1585.24 1565.62 1544.13 1695.65

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0.00 419.42 418.23 413.64 314.92
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0.00 626.31 606.79 609.73 671.59
0.01 680.31 606.79 609.73 671.59

Fri Jan 17

Sz. Jan 18

Wed

15

while takeover favourite Thomas Bobinson put on 4 to 164p.
Westland, in contrast, drifted off
to close 5 lower at 93p awaiting
further developments.

Against the trend in a dull

Against the trend in a dull Food sector, Caibury Schweppes edged up a penny to 156p as takeover rumours persisted. Rowatree Mackintosh drifted off to close 5 cheaper at 390p, while United Biscuits shed a like amount to 235p. Tate and Lyle slipped to 525p prior to closing only a couple of pence cheaper at 528p, but S. & W. Berisford remained on offer in the absence of a solution to the three-monthattracted buyers' to Atlantic Computer, 10 up at 240, while Wholesale Fittings were favoured at 285p, up 10. Electronic Machine rose 6 to 53p on recovery hopes and Acora Computer edged forward a couple of pence to 46p.

Engineers gave an uninspiring performance with the day's scattered movements usually limited to a few pence either way. Among smaller price issues, provincial selling left. Kennedy Brookes touched 243p

before closing a net 7 up at 237p amid rumours of a bid from Trusthouse Forte; the latter slipped 3 to 148p. Grand Metro-politan gave up 7 to 371p. Chan. Tunnel good

The decision in favour of the twin rail link, brought thanner the shares 198p.

Tunnel to prominence, the shares 198p.

Secondary oils were similarly unsettled. Carless Capel lost 3 at 185 at 185 low of 78p, Great member of the rejected Euro-western Resources fell 10 to 95p and recently-buoyant Jackson 28p. 19 lower at 320p. Elsewhere in the miscellaneous industrial sector, Wedgwood met with fresh bid speculation and put on 7 to 502 speculation and put on 7 to 262p, while Aaronite firmed 5 further to 68p on the takeover approach. Shell situation Ashley ladustrial Trust encountered further demand and rose 4 more to 80p but Visioners 4 more further demand and rose 4 more to 80p, but Unigroup, a good market recently, gave up 7 to 75p. The encouraging tenor of the chairman's annual review failed to help English China Clays which eased 4 to 266p. Recent speculative favourities, Pearson, 420p, and Metal Closures, 130p, lost 8 and 10 respectively, while revived offerings left Prestwich 5 cheaper at 105p.

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 40,795 A= Ask

B≖Bid

G=Call

Holdings firmed 5 to 150p on revived takeover hopes, while First Leisure rose 10 to 428p Awaiting today's full-year figures.
A couple of firm spots emerged among otherwise lacklustre Motor Components. Armstrong Equipment were outstanding for a speculative advance of 5 to a new high of 80 p. Press com-ment aided Jonas Woodhead, a couple of pence to the good at 37p, but Lucas Industries en-37p, but Lucas Industries en-countered occasional offerings and settled 8 off at 478p. Else-where, Jaguar rallied from 345p to close 2 dearer on balance at 349p. Among Distributors, God-frey Davis hardened 3 more to 118p, while a favourable Press mention lifted Lookers 4 to 98p; the last mentioned is due to announce full-year figures announce full-year figures tomorrow. Home Counties continued to

attract buyers among News-papers, rising 13 more for a two-day gain of 19 at 111p. Else-where, David S. Smith put on 7 where, David S. Smith put on 7 to 150p, after 152p, in reply to the impressive interim results, while McCorquodale reflected Press comment with a rise of 3 to 158p, after 165p.

Properties remained cautious about the outlook for interest rates and quotations drifted back in the absence of support. Land Securities lost 6 to 279p and MEPC shed 5 to 278p, while Great Portland Estates gave up 4 to 150p. Stock Conversion, in Great Portland Estates gave up 4 to 150p. Stock Conversion, in which Stockley holds a sizeable stake, came back 15 to 520p and Regalian fell 10 to 340p. Country and New Town, a firm market last week on news that Mr John Gunn had been appointed a non-executive director, slipped 3 to 109p. Against the trend, Mann & Co firmed 6 to 212p following the agreed acquisition of fellow estate agent Abbotts (East Anglia) for approximately £5m.

Anglia) for approximately £5m. David Bixon, up 60 during the first leg of the Account following confirmation that the company is currently involved in merger talks with A. & J. Gelfer, con-tinued to attract buyers and advanced 14 more to 298p.

Bearish comment in the weekend Press on the immediate outlook for crude oil prices and a subsequent further sharp fall in the latter led to another depressing session in the oil

Little in the way of selling pressure was reported by the continuing slide in oil prices and the absence of any worthwhile buying interest saw share prices drift easier throughout

prices drift easier unwanted the day.
At the close BP were left with a 7 decline at 543p while Shell lost 3 19,650p, and LASMO 5 to 180p. Favourable Press comment on the forthcoming ADR facility sustained, Britoll which end the session unaltered at 200p, after 1905.

and recently-buoyant Jackson Exploration gave up 6 to 28p, the latter in the absence of the

Golds lose ground

Interest in recently buoyant mining markets continued to contract as the bullion price lost contract as the bullion price lost further ground after last week's unexpectedly strong advance. The metal price dipped to around \$348.50 at one point yesterday before rallying to close a net \$1.875 off at \$351.825 an ounce. Gold shares opened sharply lower, reflecting American profittaking on Friday evening, but staged a minor rally in midmorning on the appearance of renewed Johannesburg buying interest, which was particularly

3.80 16 g 37.50 23.50 8 16.90 9.50 46 71 110 109 -46 38 36 16,50 7 5,90 1,50 6.50 A Fr. 594,49 12 13 4.50 5.50 30 24 B 7.10 8.50 4.60 3.10 8 6.60 11.50 4.60 16 FI.598 FL117,2 21 7 10.70 22 -- 33 -- 34 -- 1710 -- 192 14 FI.164.5 FI.116 F1,290 FI.280° 33° 9

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EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

RECENT ISSUES

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

RIGHTS OFFERS

Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty. b Figures based on prospectus estimates. g Assumed dividend and yield. F Forecast dividend cover on earnings updated by latest interim statement. H Dividend and Yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1965. I indicated dividends: cuver relates to previous dividend: p/e ratio based on latest annual earnings. u Forecast otherwise indicated. I issued by tender. § Offsred holders of ordinary shares as a "rights." "Issued by way of capitalisation. § Placing price. §§ Reintroduced. It issued in connection with reorganisation merger or takeover. E Allotment price. ‡§ Dealt in under Rule 535 (4) (a). * Units comprising 12 preference shares and one warrant, at £12 per unit. If Units comprising two ordinary, one preference and one warrant.

EQUITIES

maticeable in the cheaper priced marginal issues. However, the recovery movement proved a short-lived affair and share prices dipped afresh in late trading when further selling from the US was reported.

The Gold Mines index re-treated a further 5.5 to 339.5.

Australians also mirrored disappointment with the performance of precious metals and retreated across a broad front. Top-quality Golds, however, proved a resilient market—GMK and Central Norseman held at 485p and 333p respectively, but Poseldon came under sustained pressure and settled 10 lower at 145p. Elsewhere in Golds Australian Consolidated Minerals ran back 4 to 82p and Carr Boyd fell a like amount to 83p, while Kitchener and North Ralgarii gave up 3 apiece at 54p and 44p respectively. Western Mining were the worst affected among the diversified issues and fell 7 to 180p. treated a further 5.5 to 339.5. | 120 | F.P. | 175 | 100 | 125 | 118 | 115 | F.P. 7/3 | 126 | 110 | 115 | F.P. 7/3 | 126 | 110 | 115 | F.P. 7/3 | 127 | 122 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 |

Traded Options

Traded Options opened the week on a bright note with 16,185 contracts transacted. Business was relatively evenly split between calls and puts. Distillers were active following the counter-bid from Guinness and recorded 2200 cells while the counter-bid from Gulnness and recorded 2,320 calls, while operators also displayed interest in Imperial Group and GEC which attracted 643 and 711 calls respectively. The increase in put trading was mainly attributable to British Telecom which recorded 4,119 trades.

RISES AND FALLS

YESTERDAY				
British Funds Corpns Dom and	Rises	Falls 105	Same 3	
Foreign Bonds ,	5	36	41	
Industrials	298	366	837	
Financial and Props	60	165	345	
Orls	75	.38	72	
Plantations	0	8	10	
Mines	19	75	88	
Others	96	47	78	

YESTERDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

Cooper Inds
Distillers
Hawley
Barclays Rugby Cement De Beers Did

FRIDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

	_	
Above average activity	was no	oted in
	Clasina	Day's
Stock	price	Change Day's
ANDYII GROUD'S SDECK!	355	-15
Chennel Tunnel Inva		
-Distillers		- 5
Eurotherm Inti		- š
GEC	188	- ž
Guinness	290	-13
Kannedy Brookss	237	÷ 7
Micro Business		
Piessey	166	+15
Prudential		-13
Shell Transport	660	- 3
Trafalgar House	320	-19
1.4.6.Adi 114.658 1"1""	920	- 15



NEW HIGHS AND

LOWS FOR 1985/86

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS Money was given for the call of Newman Industries, Preswich, Microvitec, Process Properties and Finasce, Procents Properties and Finasce, Tricentrel, South-awest Resources, STC, NSS Newsagents, Charterhall, Air Call, Apricot Computers, Vosper, Lonrho, Sears, Egilnton Oil and Gas, Vickers, Exco International, Vaal Reefs, William Boulton, Gesteiner, Westland, Tozer Kemsley and Millbourn and Barrie Investments and Finance. Puts Investments and Finance. Puts were taken out in Channel Tunnel and Tricentrol, while doubles were struck in North Kalguril 12120 Sears, Aquarius, Jonas Woodhea and Jacksons Exploration.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS															
			ALLS	:	; 	PUTS		l	·		ALLS.	r	<u>-</u>	PUTS	
Optio	<u> </u>	Jan.	Арт.	July	Jan.	Apr.	July	Option	n	Feb.	May	Aug.	Feb.	May	Aug.
8.P. (*545)	500 550 600	47 3 1	62 25 9	70 38 17	10 58	11 42 78	15 47 82	P. & O. (*436)	360 390 420 460	82 52 28 6	62 42 20	53 30	1 8 8	5 17 35	23 40
(*575) Cons. Gold	600 650	01g	52 18 9 50	72 33 17	28 74	34 74 30	20 48 75	Raca! (*178)	140 160 180 200	42 24 9 3	48 30 16	54 37 24	2 5 14 34	5 8 16	6 11 20
(*477) Courtaulds	500 550	2	26 14	40 28	30 80	50 80	88	R.T.Z. (*554)	600 550	62 24	75 42	87 52	4 22	13	18
(*193)	160 170 200	54 34 14	58 38 25 11	68 42 28 14	01g 01g 1 6	12 5 12	1 2 5 8 14	Vasi Reafs	70 80	91 ₂	612	16	97° 21°	65 91 ₂ 13	12 17
Com. Union (*239)	200 220 240 260	39 19 2 01 ₂	45 28 15 81 ₂	36 24 14	04 04 4 24	1½ ? 16 31	10 16 35	Ex 10% 1989 (*£94)	90 94 95 98	11g 05g 0 d 0 rb		Ξ	17 04 14 36	<u> </u>	Ē
Distillers (*566)	460 500 550	105 65 15	117 82 40	123 85 50	04 1 4	01g 2 11	1 6 17	Tr. 112% 1991 ("£100)	100 102 104	ΙĒ	1 1 k 0 kg 0 kg	1 to	=	1 21 ₂ 41 ₂	1,6 21 ₂ 41 ₂
G.E.C. (*170)	140 160 180 200	32 12 14 1	40 94 11 4	38 20 —	1 12 12 32	3 6 16 34	- 8 18	Tr. 1197 086 (*2106)	7 106 108 110 112 114	04 04 04 04 04 04 04	1 4 0 4 0 4	3点 17g 1点 0点 0点	413	17 212 414 613	17s 2;6 43s 65s 85s
Grand Met, ("371)	350 360 390 420	40 12 1	47 53 17	58 43 25 12	1 25 55	18 27 55	20 30 58	Optio	N)	Mar.	1mue	Sept.	Mar.	June	Sept
I.Q.i. (*746)	600 650 700	150 100 50	157 107 60	164 114 70	1 2	2 6 15	10 22	STR (*365)	330 360 390	45 23 15	62 42 25	70 48 28	5 15 33	7 20 38	10 23 37
Land Sec.	750 800	5 11 ₂	30 15 20	40 28	8 55	38 80	85 11	Beecham ("320)	330 330	58 40 22	65 47 30	57 37	5 6 22	5 15 28	20
(*280)	300 350	012	12	19 8	81 61	22 51	23 61	Bass (*637)	1 500 650	70 28	18 85 46	25 100 70	10	12	27
Marks & Sp. (*171)	140 140 160 180	49 32 13 1	49 39 19 13	27 14	11	11 ₂ 2 6 15	- 8 17	De Beers (*\$6.15)	500 550	125 10	26 140 100	155 120	5 20	30 70 18 37	45 80 33 45
Shell Trans (*660:	600 650 700	62 13 1	75 38 16	85 50 25	1 4 45	13 27 57	20 35 60	GION C271)	500 660 240 260	50 23 40 24	55 58 44 31	53 53	45 80 4	60 90	90
Traf'gar Hse (*340)	530 360 390	1 1	20 11 3	27 13 7	18 41 71	20 42 71	20 42 71	Glacco (*1538)	280 1400	230 180	16 205 210	38 241 ₂	15 4 8	15 20 15 25	25
Option	,	Feb.	May	Aug.	Feb.	May	Aug.		1450 1500 1550 1600	140	175 155 115 83	170 140	16 33 60 100	37 56 85	66 95
BAT Inds (*383)	260 280 300 330	78 58 38 12	68 68 50 26	78 60 35	11	112 4 12 20	6 10 20	Hanson (*198)	180 200 220	21 9 4	28 15 8	25 20	4 13 28	110 16 16 30	16
Barclays (*457)	420 460 500	47 17 5	57 32 17	70 45 50	18 46	10 25 52	15 32 60	Jaguar (*348)	260 280 300 330	96 76 56 39	100 80 66 42	75 49	04s 01s 11s 4	1 12 2 5 12	- 9 17
Brit. Aero (*433)	390 420 460 600	52 24 10 11 ₂	60 47 25 10	55 38 17	56 68	18 37 73	83 45 72	Thorn EMI (*394)	360 360 890 420	13 42 25 10	57 42 25	57 35	19 17 40	24 25 45	25 27 47
Brt Telecom (*183)	160 180 200 220	26 8 2 01 ₂	17 7 8	22 1312 7	16 16 36	7 18 38	11 22 39	Tesco (*275)	240 260 280 300	48 28 15 6	58 40 23 11	48 30 18	11 ₂ 4 12 28	8 18 30	8 19 35
(mperial Gr. (*249)	220 240 260 280	34 18 9 3	23 13 9	30 91 12	8 17 34	18 36	6 11 20 36	Option FT-SE 11	Jan 300; 8:	;	Mar.	Apr. Ja	n. Fel	1	Apr.
LASMO (*178)	180 200 220 240	12 7 2 9	20 15 9 7	25 20 13 10	10 25 48 62	18 30 45 62	20 33 47 62	(*1381) 1: 1: 1: 1:	325 60 350 30 375 10 100 31	65 36 38	69 47 35 25	77 6 60 15 45 30 35 60 23 75	4 -	34	52
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10.26 10.65 11.89 11.15 10.74 12.97 11.32 10.81 10.82 19.99 19.82 19.37 11.62 11.23 19.65 11.72 10.72 10.16 8.94 8.88 8.41 125.87 -1.15 | 127.53 | 0.20 2 5-15 years. -3.36 334.24 132.25 6.38 3 Over 35 years. 0.00 146.53 -0.74 | 147.62 0.83 -0.92 126.66 Index-Linked
Indiat's rate 5%
Indiat's rate 5% 5.13 4.01 4.06 3.84 499 3.96 3.86 3.79 0.00 0.00 0.00 7 Over 5 years. -0.77 185.56 0.34 12.09 12.01 11.93 12.83 12.09 11.67 11.66 5 years.. 15 years.. 12.55 11.72 109.19 -0.23 109.44 0.11

ad adj 1986 to dan

81.06 -0.45 | 81.43 | -- 1 0.14 TFlat yield. Highs and lows record, base dates, values and constituent changes are published in Saturday issues. A list of constituents is available from the Publishers, the Financial Times, Bracken House, Cannon Street, London, ECAP 48Y, prior 15p, by post 28p. INDEXED-LINKED: Corrected figures for 17/1/1986 No. 6, 107.06 and No. 7, 105.56. Yields No. 12, 3.96 and No. 13, 3.86. 16/1/1986 No. 6, 107.12 and No. 7, 105.79. Yields No. 12, 3.97 and No. 13, 4.04.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AUSTRIA Jan. 20 Price + or Jan 20 Price + or Jan. 20 Kroner -		CANADA	
Credit nst it pp * 2.560 + 15	1.5 Gen. Prop. Trust; 2.5 +0.98 MHI =	Sales Stock High Law Dose Chang Sales Stack High Law Chang Chang Sales Stack High Law Chang Chang Sales Stack High Law Chang Change Sales Stack High Law Change Sales Stack High Law Change Change High Law Change Change Change High Law Change Change Change Change High Law Change	Sales Stock High Low Close Chorg S700 Innopacc \$16\frac{1}{4}\$, \$15\frac{1}{4}\$, \$151
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Geveert 5,010 + 120 Hoboken 5,000 + 100 Hoboken 5,000 + 100 Hoboken 5,000 + 100 KHD 5,000 + 100 KHD 5,000 + 100 Kredletbank 10,600 + 100 Lufthanea 275 + 100 KHD 5,000 + 100 MAN 250 - 5 MAN 250	0.2 Smith (Howard). 4.75 -0.05 Orient Leasing 2,640 +80 Thos. Natwide 2,79 +0.85 Ploneer 1,850 +70 Tooth 2,95 -0.1 Vamgas 2,95 Vestern Mining 3,72 -0.1 Santyo 1,050 -20 Westpate Bank 4,6 +0.0 Santyo 1,050 -20 Westpate Bank 4,6 +0.0 Santyo 1,150 1,1	200 Baton A f \$23 272 227 1400 Dotaneo \$250 250 250 175438 Bell Can \$389 384 386 -3 285 250 250 250 14 8 38700 Bluesky \$10 300 305 -5 8897 Dorne Cda \$75 72 79 -19 18087 Bonenza R \$770 365 370 -5 57715 Dorne Velve \$15 15 154 -3 14515 Bow Vely \$146 169 169 -3 53196 Donae Peto 305 300 300 -10 18087 Box Vely \$15 25 385 385 385 40 1808 D Testle \$15 15 15 -10 1808 Box Vely \$15 25 385 385 385 40 1808 D \$25 25 385 40 1808 D \$25 25 300 300 -10 1808 Box Vely \$15 25 25 385 40 1808 D \$25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	2727 Marriame 5145, 1472 1472 1472 5525 Marriame 5145, 1475 1515,
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Emprunt 4/8 1875 1,585 — 88 Emprunt 73 1875 7,758 — 168 Accor	Asshi Glass 890 - 8 - 500 Bridgestone 519 '+2 Boustand Hidgs 1,02 -0.07 Canon 1,130 - 0.08 Genting 4,74 -0.16 Genting 1,780 -10 Genting 4,74 -0.16	ind	ices
Bouygues	Chugal Pharm	Jan	Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. 1985-86 20 17 16 15 High Low AUSTRALIA AII Ord. (1/1 80) 1965,8 1986,7 1960,9 1060,5 1066,7 17(1)88) 715,5 171,851 Metals & Minia, (1/1/60) 545,6 555,4 546,7 551,2 586,8 (20,5) 362,5 (7/1/65)
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Melnakan	Heiwa Real Est. 815 -4 Hitachl. 750 -8 Hitachl Credit. 1,150 -20 Honda 1,250 -20 Jan. 20 Rand - or Indl. Bit. Japan 1, 1050 -20 Ishikawa lima Hr. 152 -3 Abercom 2,40 +0.05	Trading vol	Copenhagen SE (3/1/85) (u) 218.69 218.75 219.68 257.76 (2-1-86) (58.44 (8-1-85) FRANCE CAC General (3/1/80) 275.5 276.5 276.5 272.5 282.3 -8.1-86) 180.9 (3/1/85) Ind Tendance (51/12/82) 108.4 185.1 105.6 105.6 104.0 108.2 (8 1/85) 106.0 (31/12/85)
Midi (Cie	State Stat	STAMMARID AND POORS Jen Jen Jan Jen Jan Jen 1965/86 Since Compilerion 17 16 15 14 13 High Low High Low Industrials 228.67 230.94 231.89 236.57 228.22 229.36 237.82 128.24 237.02 3.52	GERMANY FAZ Aiktlen (31/12/56) 708.77 710.85 714.93 716.76 1716.76 15:1:86) 582,39-371:85) Commerzbank (1/12/55) 2159.8 2149.7 2158.3 2161.8 2181.8:15:1/88) 1111.8:5.1/85) HONG KONG Hang Seng Bank (61/7/84 1775.82 1806.86 1797.22 1785.56 1826.84 48:1/88 1220,74.2:1/85)
Petrotes Fra	Kawasaki Steel 187 -2 CNA Gello 2.5 +0.5 -2 Curris Finance 485 + 0.15 -2 Konatsu 499 -9 Driefontein 54 -0.5 -1.75	Composite 296.53° 268.43 289.17 289.26 296.84 286.72 213.89 163.68 213.80 (7/1/85) (7/1/85) (1/6/32) JanDecDecYear Age (Approx)	TALY Banca Comm Ital, (1972) 487.57 486.52 474.97 475.55 487.57/20/1/95) 228.58 (2.1/85) JAPAN** Nikkei (196/45) 12952.6 18608.70 15027.1 (C) 13156.9(4*1/86) 11546.215*1/95) Tokyo SE New (4/1/88 1650.56 1654.26 1654.57 (C) 1057.55 (10/7) 316.93 (4*1/85)
Sks Rossignal	Kyccera	8 31 24 Ind the yield 96 3.88 4.15 Ind. P/E Ratio 14.81 14.88 14.60 10.31 Long Sov Bond Yield 9.32 9.24 9.29 11.48	NETHERLANDS AMP-CB8 General (1970) 265.5 265.2 265.4 261.8 267.6 187.196.1 185.8 (3/1.85) AMP-CB8 Indust (1978) 254.7 255.5 266.0 246.6 255.3 (77/1.786); 147.9 (3/1.65) NORWAY Oalo SE (4/1.85) 389.14 401.85 402.91 401.52 412.88 (12.11) 286.18 (2/1.85)
NOTES—Prices on this page are as quoted on the individual exchanges and are test traded prices. \$ Dealings suspended. xd Ex dividend. xc Ex scrip issue. xr Ex rights. Etders IXL	M'bishi Chem 515 ' 2 SA Brews 8,55	N.Y.S.E. ALL COMMININ SISSES AND FALLS	SINGAPORE Straits Times (1986) 586.18 614.35 618.85 629.15 852.55 (7/5) .586.18 (25*12) SOUTH AFRICA JSE Gold (25/6-78) — 1288.3 1277.3 1245.3 1277.3 171-1861 828.3 (5-8) JSE Indust (28.9:78) — 1097.6 1009.0 1163.7 1112.8-9*1.85; 767.1 (7.8)
OVER-THE-COUNTER Nasdaq national marke	t, 2.30pm prices Sales High Low Last Chen Stock Sales High Low Last Chen	NYSE-Consolidated 1509 Actives Stocks 2.08p.m. Charge	SPAIN Madrid SE (50: 12:95) 115.11 12.46 110.60 109.52 115.11:20:1:96; 100 0:50:12:85: SWEDEN Jacobson & P (11:56; 1747.98 1792.45 1805.62 1,805.00 1907.25(8.1:85) 1295.52 (9.7) SWITZERLAND
(hats) (flats) (flats) Continued from Page 39 Houter 28e 2331 325 325 325 12 Speech Speech 29 Rhodes 32 50 182 18 18 3 Speech 29 Rhodes 32 50 182 18 18 3 Speech 32 50 182 18 18 5 Speech 32 50 182 18 5	(Hands) 28 138 329, 3229 3225 1 US Ant 28 424 48 414 81 20 1874 1872 1874 18 US Bcp 1 81 3274 32 3274 134 1876 1872 1874 18 US Cap 14 45 45 45 476 157 61 65 8 8 - 19 USCap 35 28 28 28 48 18	Traded Price 10 Day Traded Price 10 Day Mar Lynch 1,985,300 28% +1% Mahid 938,900 38% such 1,249,188 148% -2% Pizer 814,880 84% -3% ATT 1,142,700 22% -4% May Bely 788,500 19% -4% 1,17,900 24% -4% 0xy Pete 739,200 25% -3% Mess Pete 1,983,300 2% -4% Pag 881,880 31% -4% Advances SIZ Decline 973	Swiss BankCpn(81/12/66) 592.1 805.0 , 510.3 603.2 825.5 (8-1/65) 388.7 (3-1/85) WORLD M.S. Capital Intl. (1/1/78) — 255.8 256.4 254.8 259.0 (7-1/85), 184.6 (4-1/85)
PNCs 1.32 330 35½ 35¼ 35% - % ReadSv 1.10 458 57 35¼ 35¼ - ¾ Standy 1.10 45% 35% - ½ RebNeg .06 2 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼ 13¼	29 32 57g 57g 9 US Sur 46g 419 157g 19 19 - 7g 08 10 324 517g 324 + 7g US Trs 120 43 420, 424, 425, + 7g 449 147g 157g 147g - 7g US Suin 24 435 25 26, 242g - 7g 04 366 405g 387g 387g - 1 Uviller 10 25 47g 47g 47g + 7g	TORONTO Jan	**Saturday January 18: Japan Nikkei 13,006.78. TSE 1,033 45. 8asa yaiye ol all indices is 100. except: JSE Gold—256.7.; JSE Industrial—254.3; Australia All Ordinary and Matais—500; NYSE All Common—50; Standard
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PengGid 08 517 812 814 814 14 SFE 10r 158 724 715 717 14 Subaru 2.5 Pentara 72 38 3014 2914 2914 12 2914 12 2914 12 Pentara 72 38 3014 2914 2914 12 2914 2914 12 Pentara 72 38 3014 2914 2914 12 2914 2914 12 Pentara 72 38 2914 2914 12 2914 2914 12 Pentara 73 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	76 115 484 4714 4814 114 115 482 4714 4814 114 115 483 4714 4814 114 115 483 4714 4814 114 115 483 4814 114 115 483 4814 114 115 4814 114 115 4814 114 115 4814 114 115 4814 114 115 4814 114 115 4814 11	NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES 12 Manufa P/ Six Cores Prov. 12 Monta	Da'ger Da'ger Da'ger Da'ger Da'ger Dasse Press. 12 Mounts P Sta Dasse Press.
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PartiAM 103 69 64 64 64 64 4 9 Pauliff	15 124 114 115 + 18 1	Chief price changes LONDON (in pence unless otherwise indicated) RISES Armstrong Equip 80% + 5 Tr 11%% 1991 £99% - %	For an increasing number of decision-makers worldwide, the best possible start to the business day is the Financial Times. The earlier it is in your hands, the greater value it is to you as a working document. Now the Financial Times has a hand delivery
R R Sticon 35 412 412 412 Typrary	189 107 ₂ 101 ₄ 107 ₅ - 3 ₆ 101 140 24 251 ₄ 24 + 1 1 70 4 37 ₈ 4 4 11 1 70 7 1 7 7 7 14 1 1 20 153 ₄ 135 ₆ 135 ₆ 1 135 ₆ 1 136 ₆ 1 127	Chan Tun Invs. 153 +29 Ex 12% 2013-17 £113% -1% Costain 478 + 4 Tr 2%% IL 2020 £86% - % Dixon (David) 298 +14 Argyll Group 355 -15 First Leisure 428 +10 Barclays 458 -10	GHENT So you can start your business day with the finest international news briefing
Regen 122 31: 31: 35: 32: 35: 35: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 1	90 48 281, 287, 287, X Y Z	Ho. Count News _ 111 +13 Barrat Dev 120 - 6 Kenn Brook 237 + 7 Burton 500 -12 Mann & Co 212 + 6 GUS A 737 -13 Micro Bus Sys 84 +15 Guinness 290 -13 Smith (David S.) 150 + 7 Low (Wm.) 530 -23 Wedgwood 282 + 7 Metal Clos 130 -10	in the world. For further information please contact Philippe de Norman
RAX 016 67 6 74 74 19 18 18 18 18 174 18 - 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	08 33 291, 29 29 - 1, 200101 1.35 44 45 45 46 + 5 6 7 63, 63, - 1, 20161 24 41, 39, 41, 5	Wedgwood 282 + 7 Metal Clos 130 - 10. Yorkshire Chem 73 + 6 Traf House 320 - 19 Unigroup 79 - 7 Westland 93 - 5	de Norman d'Andenhove. Tel: 02/513.28.16.
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Inter Description of the property of 2000年,1900年 Kidder, Peabody Securities Market Makers in Euro-Securities 23101.61161282614161461346134615247556 EGG 4. EGK n 1.2 E Syst .50, Esgle9 1.04 Eastor EAL wtO EAL wtO EAL pt EAAr pt 2214 2412 119 2871 11819 11819 11819 11819 11819 11819 68 13 64 13 61 13 96 15 21 15 20 25 1.5 22 1.5 22 1.80 08 4.56 1.36 1.47a 1.84a 1.84a 1.86 4.66 New York • London • Paris • Geneva • Zurich • Hong Kong • Tokyo

Financial Times Tuesday January 21 1986

NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES

AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES

Prices at 3pm. January

NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES	AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES Prices at 3pm, January 20
	Cetus 2552 2553 2574 25 - 75 Ericit .856 234 28 2753 2755 - 158 Kaster 8 10 59, 10 + 16 Option 1183 25 2475 2475 2475 2475 2475 2475 2475 2

FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Subdued tone set by holiday

THE CLOSURE of the New York Federal Reserve and the Treasury bond markets for Martin Luther King Day subdued the market and stock prices weakened across the board, writes Terry Byland in New York.

Wall Street was discouraged by the absence of positive developments at the meeting of the G5 finance ministers, and also by the tone of IBM's profits

At the close the Dow Jones industrial average was down 7.57 at 1,529.13. Most of the fall came in the first half hour, and prices then drifted in unexcit-

ing trading.
In the absence of dealings in the Treasury bond market, Chicago quotations in bond futures eased %, with turnover slackening after the first half-hour. The statement from the G5 meeting left the futures market in a "consolidation phase," said Mr Michael Krone, analyst in options and futures at E. F. Hutton.

The lack of a co-ordinated move by the G5 ministers to lower rates, although a contradiction of last week's reports from Europe, was no surprise for

The keynote to the session in the

STOCK MARKET INDICES

1,525,57*

713.56*

171.93*

1,106.1

731.41

10.81

DJ Transport

S&P Composite 207.04*

DJ Utilities

LONDON

FT Ord

FT-SE 100

FT-A 500

TOKYO

Nikkei

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA

All Ord.

AUSTRIA Credit Akties

PELGIUM

CAHADA

Montree Portfolio

DENMARK

FRANCE

CAC Gen

Ind. Tendance

WEST GERMANY

FAZ-Aktien

HONG KONG

ITALY

Hang Seng

Banca Comm.

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen

ANP-CBS Ind

Oslo SE

SINGAPORE

Straits Times

SOUTH AFRICA

JSE Golds JSE Industrials

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Swiss Bank Ind

MS Capital Int7

Silver (spot fixing)

Oil (spot Arabian Light)

Copper (cash)

Coffee (Mar)

Landon

Zürich

Paris (fixing)

New York (Feb)

SPAIN

SWEDEN

J&P

WORLD

Commerzbar

SE

Belgian SE

Metals & Minis

FT-A All-share

FT-A Long gilt

stock market came from IBM, which fell \$2% to \$148%, with most other technology stocks also unsettled by the reference from Mr John Akers, IBM's chief executive, to the absence of "convincing evidence" of growth in the North American

Digital Equipment, second largest in the industry after IBM, gave up \$2%, the gain chalked up after it disclosed higher profits, to stand at \$145%. Burrough shed \$1 to \$60%, and Honeywell \$3% to \$75%. Control Data added \$% to \$21% after saying it had sold the UK division of Comercial Credit, its finance subsidiary, to Compagnie Bancaire of France.

The results season in the steel industry was opened by Inland Steel, down \$% to \$23% on the results. Pfizer lost \$% to \$49%, also after a trading statement.

Oils remained weak in reaction to the latest downturn in oil futures. Occidental, at \$28%, shed \$%, Exxon \$% to \$51% and Mobil 5% to \$29%.

Pharmaceuticals showed changes. Merck edged up \$% to \$137%, while Bristol-Myers shed \$% to \$62%. Chemicals were dull, Monsanto easing \$\% to \$46\% and Du Pont \$\% to \$62\%. Union Carbide, at \$75%, was unchanged in thin turnover as Wall Street assessed the outcome of the struggle for control of the company. W.R. Grace dipped by \$1% to \$55%.

Singer Manufacturing gained \$% to \$40% following the announcement of

There was a spurt of trading in East-ern Air Line stock, which eased \$\% to \$5%, after the chairman of the National Mediation Board said the company's financial position was "perilous" as it ap-

US DOLLAR

2.4635

2023

2.773

n/a 1,678.5 2,383.25

7.5525 10.7175 2.09 2.9675

n/a 1.40125 1.98345 2.01465

Jan 20 Previous

2.4710

202.35

7,5725 2,097

(3-month offered rate)

(offered rate) 3-month USS

6-month US\$

ath CD:

US BONDS

closed

closed

closed

closed

Return index

137.27

134.12

129.11

136.00

148.58

πill Lynch

Jan 17 Day's change +0.11 +0.07

+0.00

+0.07

+0.25

AT & T Price Yield Price Yield 10% June 1990 100.75 10.15 100.75 10.15

102 10.22

10% May 2013 100.634 10.55 100.634 10.55

11.80 Feb 2013 107.782 10.90 107.782 10.90

12% Dec 2012 107.041 11.40 107.041 11.40

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Latest High

83-00 83-02 82-15 83-23

92.96 92.96 92.91 93.03

91.86 91.97 91.83 91.99

107-00 108-13 106-26 109-01

n/a

1550

1200

11100

1.4375

3.5425

10.855

3.005

3.9875

2,413.0

Price Yield

991% 8.189

101% 9.295

104% 9.441

Day's change

-0.01

-0.01

+0.01

-0.01

7.40

102 10.22

Yield

8.92 8.67

8.30

8,82 9.77

7.40 86.87

89.872 10.10 89.872 10.10

72.3

Jac 20 Previous

1.4155

3.4975

286.5

3.9425

71.4

KEY MARKET MONITORS

Standard & Poors 500

1.536.70 1,227.36

577.72

147.57

171.32

1,003.9

678.72

463.7

427.5

58.26

163.09

103.9

10,72

D

FFT

C\$

8%

9%

1-30

1-10

15-30

Corpora AT & T

3% July 1990

8% May 2000

10% Mar 1993

Abbot Lab

Diamond Shamrock

Federated Dept Stores

US Treasury Bonds (CST)

US Treasury Bills (IMM)

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

£50,000 32nds of 100%

HOCHOLI

Mar

1993

1995

9% 2015

716.64

172.75

208.43

1,118.7

1,378.3 1,396.0 1,277.9 669.93 676.38 616.65

738.88

3422

12,952.05 13,009.70 11,910.06

553.4

2,823.33 2,810.40 2,090.70

2,222.5* 2,259.7 1,991.8 2,848.1 2,869.2 2,419.6

n/a 219.69

103.4

276.5

105.1

708.77 710.83 402.73

2,139.3 2,149.7 1,167.9

1,775.82 1,806.86 1,360.33

487.37 486.52 255.40

265.2

255.3

399.14 401.33 311.07

296.18 614.35 771.01

110.22

406.4

430.75p

\$25.85

5353,50

\$353.50

\$361.83

\$357.30

£999.50

113.11 112.4

592.1

255.8

COMMODITIES

GOLD (per ounce)

Jac 17

1,747.98 1,792.45 1,446.74

603.0

256,4

427.10p

£2,452.50 £2,355.00

£1.007.50

\$25.55

Jan 20 \$351.625

\$351.75

\$354.45

140.97

1,030.30 1,034.26

1.065.6 1.066.7

125.53 126.22

545.5

10.67

proached deadlines for union agreement on wage concessions.

Other airlines were irregular. Northwest Air, at \$46%, put on \$% in renewed speculative buying, and among the do-mestic carriers Delta gained \$% to \$41.

In the financial sector, the feature was Merrill Lynch. Wall Street's major retail brokerage firm, which bounded \$11/4 to \$39% as renewed bid speculators turned over nearly 2m shares. Among those who have denied interest in bidding for Merrill are Chrysler, General Motors and IBM. Aetna Life declined comment a week ago when its name was quoted

as a possible bidder.

BankAmerica eased \$\% to \$13\% in nervous dealing as the market awaited the trading results, due this week. The dividend is a major source of worry for the market. Other bank stocks gave ground in sluggish turnover, Chase Manhattan easing \$% to \$77%. Bankers Trust \$% to

\$73% and J. P. Morgan \$% to \$63. There was no trading in the federal bond market, and little attention was paid to scattered quotations of prices down three quarters of a point from Friday's close. Corporate and municipal bonds opened for business, and shaded lower in minimal turnover.

TOKYO

Frustration follows **G5** meeting

INVESTORS in Tokyo, where share prices tumbled in extremely thin trading yesterday, were deeply disappointed that the Group of Five finance ministers and central bankers did not discuss a concerted reduction of interest rates,

writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press. Only a handful of stocks such as Victor Co of Japan and Wakachiku Construction gained ground, while others, particularly large-capital and biotechnology-related issues, drifted lower on small-lot stelling.

The Nikkei average fell for the third successive session, finishing 54.73 down at 12.952.05. Turnover slowed from last Friday's 264m shares to 168m, the lowest since August 27 1959 (155m shares). Losers led gainers by 445 to 340 with 161 issues unchanged.

Securities houses' dealers and speculators, who had stayed in the market in the absence of institutional investors since the start of this year, also moved to the sidelines.

Large securities firms said they were waiting for Wall Street's response to the outcome of the Group of Five's meeting. Victor Co drew strength from reports that it will boost monthly production of compact discs from the present 1m to 2.7m by July next year and that its ultra light video camera-recorders will reach the market this February. Topping the list of 10 most active stocks with 4.7m shares traded, the stock surged Y110 to

Tekken Construction gained Y13 to Y407 and Wakachiku Construction Y7 to Y676. Both benefited from speculation that they would move higher towards the end of this month. Investors who sold them short in July last year when the prices hit highs are required to buy shares to close their short positions by the end of this month.

Among blue-chips, Sony firmed Y10 to Y4,080, but Hitachi eased Y8 to Y750. Kokusai Electric lost popularity, dropping Y40 to Y2,220 on small-lot selling.

Large-capital and biotechnology is-

sues lost ground. Tokyo Electric Power shed Y50 to Y2,730, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Y14 to Y359 and Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Y40 to Y3,040. Bond prices plunged on heavy selling

by brokers, with the yield on the benchmark 6.2 per cent government bond due in July 1995 soaring to 5.840 per cent from last Saturday's 5.7000 per cent. Brokers were discouraged by the fail-

ure of the Group of Five finance ministers to discuss a joint interest rate reduction. They were also concerned that preliminary figures for US economic growth rate in the fourth quarter of last year, due to be published on January 22, would prove higher than the flash estimate of 3.2 per cent.

Moreover, bond futures prices for March, June and September deliveries dropped the daily permissible limit of Y1 from last Saturday.

SOUTH AFRICA

AN EASIER TREND was evident in Johannesburg, influenced by the mixed showing by gold shares as bullion remained at its lower levels. Economists at some of the bigger

banks reported that they expect interest rates to stabilise around their present levels and perhaps move lower in the vear's second quarter.

In golds, President Brand closed R1.50 easier at R54.50 but Durban Deep firmed 50 cents to R28.75.

Rustenburg Platinum, which reported that sharply higher prices for platinum enabled it to boost first half profit by 76 per cent and raise its interim dividend by 50 per cent, shed 35 cents to R27.25.

CANADA

GOLDS and hydrocarbon-related issues led the downturn in Toronto although some leading industrials suffered sharp

Gulf Canada traded C\$\% lower to C\$20%, while Imperial Oil Class A. which lost C\$1% on Friday amid forecasts of weaker crude oil prices, fell a further C\$1% to C\$48.

Montreal mirrored Toronto's retreat.

EUROPE

Brussels shines amid the gloom

DISAPPOINTMENT over the failure of the G5 meeting was acutely felt on the European bourses yesterday as most centres moved lower although volume remained persistently thin.

The exception was Brussels. A deter-mined attempt to extend Friday's gains was made with a selection of industrials issues in strong demand. The Belgian Stock Exchange index gained 12.93 to

The best showing of the day was electrical engineering group ACEC, which sprinted BFr 52 higher to BFr 840 on the prospects of securing orders from the Channel Tunnel project agreed yesterday. Specialist cement group CBR also sparkled with a BFr 60 rise to BFr 2.850, while steel issue Hoboken was actively bought BFr 160 higher to BFr 5,900.

Travel and tourism group Wagons Lits managed a dazzling performance al-though unrelated to any Channel engineering projects. The group firmed a further BFr 165 to BFr 4,390 on continued speculation, strongly denied by Wagons Lits, that it may merge with Club Mediterranée of France.

Elsewhere, leading holding company GBL surrendered Friday's advance with a BFr 70 fall to BFr 2,350, while nonferrous metal group Vielle-Montagne suffered a BFr 150 decline to BFr 6,700. Interest rate sensitive issues were

particularly weak in the aftermath of the G5 failure. Ebes fell BFr 35 to BFr 3,625 and Intercom lost BFr 10 to BFr 3,000. A sharply lower Paris suffered from

the combined pressure of brisk institu-tional profit-taking, the G5 fall-out, and unease on Wall Street. Foods, which had led the bourse rally

in the last couple of weeks, were the fo-

cus of attention for the session. Bongrain was hammered FFr 155 lower to FFr 1,665, Carrefour lost FFr 149 to FFr 3.135 and Promedes was FFr 60 cheaper at FFr 1.101 at the close. The falling bullion price also unnerved the mines sector with Penarroya

FFr 4.60 down at FFr 65.90 and Imetal FFr 4.90 lower at FFr 80.50. Oils, unsettled by the slippage in world prices, saw Total-CFP marked down FFr 10 to FFr

Building group Bouygues was buoyed by the Channel decision and firmed FFr 20 to FFr 1,030, but Dumez lost FFr 51 to

A mixed Milan offered the sight of Olivetti breaking new ground with a L220 rise to L10,000 for the first time while the company's preferred stock added L111 to L6,950.

insurers were particularly active with Generali shedding LA20 to L83,080 and Mediobanca losing L975 to L132,025. RAS weakened LA50 to L166,050 ahead of its rights issue news.

Fiat was heavily traded throughout the session ahead of a board meeting outlining the group's 1985 performance. The car maker lost L19 to L6,401.

Banca Commerciale surrendered early gains to finish L650 lower at L21,650 on the heels of last week's capital increase.

A hesitant Frankfurt trimmed 10.4 off the Commerzbank index to 2,139.3 in thin trading. Klöckner weakened DM 13.7 to DM

111.50 despite denials that it was considering a capital reduction.

Siemens continued to draw the crowds. An early run-up to DM 827 was curtailed by the close to show a DM 11.50 gain for the electrical group at DM 817.

Metaligesellschaft gained ground with an impressive DM 21.90 sprint to DM 410, but off its high for the day, while Degussa firmed DM 9 to DM 408 describe the day. 498 despite the fall in the bullion price. Among weak car makers, BMW held

onto a DM 2.50 rise to DM 652.50 although VW shed DM 5.30 to DM 544.70 amid plans to increase its workforce for the current year. Daimler settled DM 14 cheaper at DM 1,413.

Bonds were easier in very thin trad-ing, largely diluted by the closure of the US bond markets for the Martin Luther King holiday. Prices varied from gains of up to 15 basis points to losses of 30 ba-

sis points. The Bundesbank bought DM 6.2m of paper after disposing of DM 15.7m worth on Friday.

The weakness in Zurich was attributed largely to softer insurers although leading international transport bluechip Swissair lost SFr 50 to SFr 1,800.

Amsterdam finished lower despite early attempts to rally while Stockholm was dulled by increasing pressure in the governing Social Democratic party for higher equity taxation despite last week's statement by the Prime Minister ruling out such an increase. Madrid firmed slightly.

SINGAPORE

OVERSEAS institutions sold heavily in-Singapore yesterday and prices plummeted across the board.

The Straits Times industrial index dropped 18.17 to 596.18, putting it back at the three-year low set on December

News broke late that the Pan-Electric affair had claimed another victim. Growth Industrial Holdings, a quoted holding company whose shares are currently suspended, is ceasing operations. In industrials, Singapore Press, Cold

Storage and Fraser and Neave all lost 15 cents to \$\$5.60, \$\$2.29 and \$\$5.55 respec-

LONDON

Haunted by fears of higher rates

THE SPECTRE of dearer money re-turned to haunt London yesterday following the inconclusive outcome of the weekend G5 meeting, while the further fall in North Sea crude oil prices triggered an instant setback.

Commercial money market rates rose and sterling weakened in nervous for eign exchange markets despite unconfirmed reports of official intervention.

Gilts took a bashing under persistent domestic and US selling. The rout subsided but no attempt at recovery was made. Longs lost 14, while shorts were marked down a maximum of %. Index-

linked issues lost up to a point in places. Leading equities took considerable punishment but there was a dearth of evidence suggesting any substantial divestment programme. The FT Ordinary index fell 12.6 to 1,118.7, while the FT-SE 100 dropped 17.7 to 1,378.3.

Chief price changes, Page 37; Details, Page 36; Share information service, Pages 34-35.

AUSTRALIA

PROFIT-TAKING hit the resources and gold sectors in Sydney yesterday, pushing the market down and leaving stocks

But while the All Ordinaries index shed 1.1 to 1,065.6 and the gold index a hefty 36.2 to 1.001.6, the All Industrials moved upwards against the trend to close at a record 1,562.6, up 2.1.

North Broken Hill, at the centre of a partial takeover bid from Ron Brierley's IEL, added 2 cents to A\$2.80 on rumours that Western Mining Corporation may emerge as a white knight for the

IEL, which is bidding A\$2.50 per share for North Broken Hill, fell 8 cents to

HONG KONG

PROPERTY ISSUES weakened considerably in Hong Kong where a number of factors sent prices into a downward spi-

The move was triggered by Singapore interests selling off stock and by renewed rumours of the death of China's

leader Deng Xiaoping.

The Hang Seng market index dropped 31.04 to 1,775.82 on turnover only slight-

by higher than Friday's.

Cheung Rong fell 80 cents to HK320.70, Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf 10 cents to HK37.40, Hongkong Land 5 cents to HK36.70 and New World Development 20 cents to HK\$6.65.

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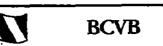
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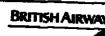
NATIONAL EXHIBITION CEN











BIAB

SECTION III FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

An economic decline has provoked mounting questions about the drift of the Federation. It is also faced with the challenge of writing a new constitution for the union which many nationals want to see become stronger, and more representative.

Questions arise in post-boom era

By KATHLEEN EVANS

NE EVENING a few months ago, the local months ago, the local announcer informed viewers that there was no local news that night, so he would proceed instead to read the list of drive.

In the third proceed instead to say that the sheightly system is "in the UAE. Government officients respond to the charge by pointing out that in the last 15 political views and until now, the money has proved the great salve to any grumbles.

In the UAE. Government officients respond to the charge by pointing out that in the last 15 political views and until now, salve to any grumbles.

Even now that there is less to say that the sheikhly system is "in the UAE. Government officients respond to the charge by pointing out that in the last 15 political views and until now. It is short of a miracle in its development, but at the same offer little idea of what read the list of duty chemists for the evening.

Even given the confines of theless, the level of frustration government censorship, this is growing and centres, in paramall incident demonstrates the inherent stability of the United making vacuum at the top on Arab Emirates, When visitors both the small and longer term ask some nationals what they issues which face the country. are most dissatisfied about in To many, the country appears their government, the com- to be drifting, rudderless and plaints are likely to be about the indecisive. Moreover, some of shortage of school buses, the in-efficiencies of the education and quently absent from the counhealth services, or the lack of try, while the others are only opportunities for making the seen on television each night fortunes of just a decade ago: performing ceremonial duties at hardly the stuff of revolution or airposts and in lavish receiving seething discontent.
Similarly, questions about the

NONE

ingla rusin

rate

Even now that there is less money around, the system is still very much intact. Neverissues which face the country.

Substantial issues facing the rights or wrongs of the sheikhly country rarely emerge in the system will frequently be met media and the overall impreswith the response that the sion perhaps falsely so, is one shelkhs are at least more of ideological and managerial manageable and less threaten-stagnation. Western ambassa-

time offer little idea of what the future should hold. is being quickened by the issue of the constitution, which is due to expire at the end of this year. Until now, the Emirates has been governed by a temporary code drawn up in 1971 by expatriate advisors and the sheikhs.

Key issues

Many nationals are concerned that the sheikhs may opt out of the issues which the expiry raises and simply renew the temporary constitution. In this way, the issue of the federation, its financing and its strengthdemocratisation of the country Certainly the impetus

Kuwait formula, with a male-only franchise, while others look only for a strengthening of the powers of the Federal National Council, the UAK's appointed parliament. Leading sheikhs scoff at such suggestions, and say the "majlis" system of consultation will go on forever. Nevertheless

will go on forever. Nevertheless, the fact that such ideas are being discussed would seem to indicate that the mailis system is not enough to satisfy the aspirations of those educated nationals who want to provide input into their government. At present, the issue is not

widely or too openly debated. Much of it has emerged though based newspaper Al Khaleej, which has in the last few months been conducting "polls"

more democracy is there. No time, nationals have been apone is talking of overthrowing sheikhs but various forms of demanding the right to vote. Some of those interviewed even questioned the rights of the sheikhly system per se. Some nationals look to the democratically elected assemble to the sheikhly system per se. Some nationals look to the democratically elected assemble to convert the sheikhly a male when the government was the source of all contracts and husis stitution in the absence of a —and even wealth, in the days democratically elected assembly. Such views cannot be ignored if a schism is to be a rountainnead or generostly such that the days when the government was the source of all contracts and business. Today, many nationals avoided between the ruling look to the sheikhs for protection from the rigours of the recognized and the wrest and the generostly.

Much of this debate has emerged because of the emerged because of the economic problems the country is facing. Rumblings on the internal political front would be inevitable for any government which has had to endure a virtual halving in income in a

Oil revenues have fallen from US\$19.4bm in 1981 to \$11.7bm in 1984. Much depends on the strategy the Opec states agree share in the face of growing output from the non-Opec producers. The problem, however, is that the country's vulner-

pact on the expectations of its a nation which earns more than itizens. \$22bn for a population of less

cession and the wrath of banks attempting to clean up their loan portfolios. So far, the sheikhs have hesitated to point to a political scapegoat for their economic woes.

Cutbacks

Such blame-shifting is hardly likely to instil the confidence necessary to help the economy survive the deteriorating security situation in which it must function as a result of the war between Iran and Iraq. Austerity in public spending programmes is never popular in any country, but in the UAE questions are being asked why

than 1.4m people, finds such budget cuthacks necessary. However, in most of the sheikh-doms, income either from oil or local duties is still legally the ocome of the ruling family.

Another significant impact of the decline in oil income is the weakening effect this has had on the federal government. Among young nationals, this has caused concern, and, in the smaller emirates which were federal dependents, a sudden absence of new horizons. The ruling sheikhs at their recent supreme council meeting reaffirmed the principle of each emirate contributing to the budget, but until the smaller theithdame have a right get, but until the smaller sheikhdoms have a visible source of income other than federal funds, such decisions

To a large section of UAE society, the answer to the budget cutbacks is a trimming

mean little.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 2

● A changing world: the ruling sheikhs of the UAE and members of the country's ultimate governing body, the Supreme

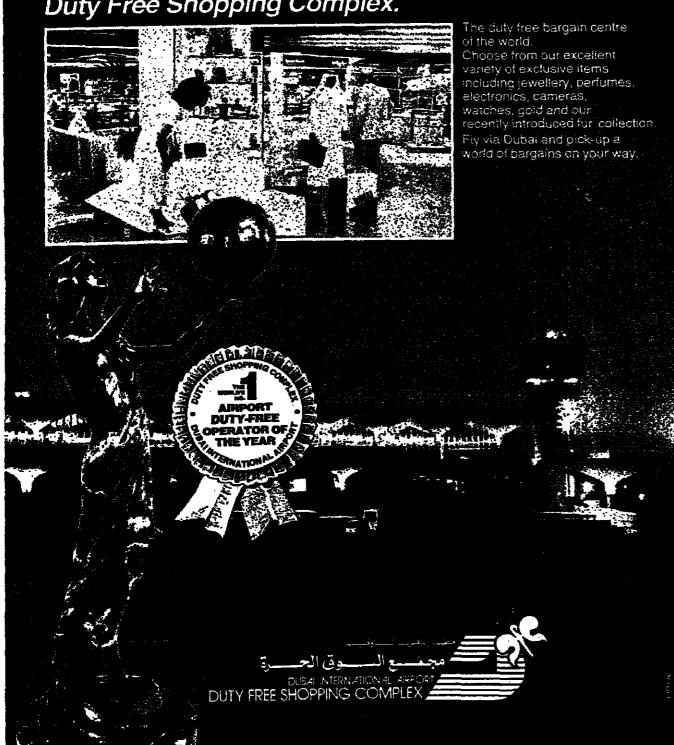
Council, seen here against the background of new commercial buildings in Dubai. Some sheikhs are already handing over the reins of power to their

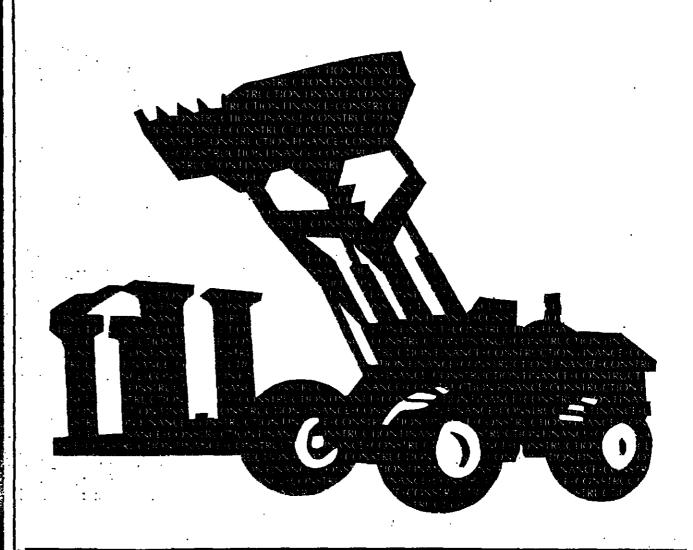
IN THIS SURVEY Internal politics

Foreign policy changes... Banking sector

Energy projects

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Sheikhs urged to revitalise federal government

Political scene KATHREEN EVANS

AT THE END of last year, the Supreme Council of Rulers, the UAE's ultimate governing body, met for the first time in 18 months. For weeks before-hand, expectations had been building up about the outcome, for the sheikhs were expected to plot the future political and financial course of the federation.

The event proved, however, to be an anti-climax. The Sheikhs met for only two hours, and issued a statement declaring that they would form a committee to study the report on the economy forwarded to the rulers by the Federal National Council.

The meeting also reaffirmed the obligation of the Emirates to contribute 50 per cent of their revenues to the federal budget — a decision which was agreed on several years ago by the rulers. Even so, it is still not clear whether this obligation applies only to those Emirates blessed with oil, or all the Emirates. For most of the northern members of the federation, income, other than federal sources, is

The financing of the federal budget in the post-oil boom era is, in fact, proving an annual headache for the federation. The virtual halving in oil in-come in some of the states of enthusiasm both for the

financed, and the result is that the budget is now published seven or even 10 months late

The December meeting of the Supreme Council of rulers did make one decision, and that was formally to approve the 1985 budget — 16 days before the end of the year. The Finance Minister, Sheikh Ham-dan bin Bashid, has promised that this year, the figures will be out by April, but such promises have been heard before.

One of the problems about the budget is that Abu Dhabi feels that it has had to absorb an unfair share of the oil production cuts required by Opec, while at the same time it is being called on to bear the lion's share of the federal budget. Dubai, for example, has contributed probably Dh 2bn to Dh 3bn out of a total budgeted expenditure of Dh 17bn, whilst Sharjah last year did not contribute a penny. Sharjah has, how-ever, declared that in 1986 it will contribute 50 per cent of its revenues to the federal coffers

Enthusiasm

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shown the greatest enthusiasm about the federal concept. The Abu Dhabi ruler was seen by UAE nationals up and down the federal concept and the cost of tions of funds into their own footing the federal bill. Each emirates which they saw as fiscal year is marked by internal generally consolidating their wrangling about how the budown rule and helping to meet get, and its deficit, is to be the expectations of their people.

Since independence the populations of the emirates have grown to regard themselves as nationals rather than subjects of individual rulers and their emirates. Loyalty to ruling sheikhs has not declined: on the contrary, most people have seen sheikhs as instruments for whelding their particular emi-rate's influence within the federal structure. There is also still a lot of hero worship around among the young citizens who tend to copy the personal styles of dress and appearance of the prominent sheikhs.

In Ahu Dhabi which has endured the worst of the oil production cutbacks, ruling circles have shown disappointment at the apparent decline in enthusiasm for the federal structure and at what is seen as structure and at what is seen as the failure of other emirates to pull their weight financially. The fil health suffered by the Dubai ruler and vice president, Sheikh Rashid bin Said al Mak-toum, has further complicated the cituation and denrived the the situation and deprived the federal structure of much of its driving force. Sheikh Rashid, although not committed totally to the federation in the early Abu Dhabl, and its ruler enthusiasm, frequently putting Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al in a good eight hours or more always a day on its behalf. His absence shown the greatest from the UAE political scene has cost the federation dearly.

The Dubai ruler's illness has catapulted his three sons into UAE nationals up and down the catapulted his three sons into country as a man of great the front line of political generosity and one prepared to decision-making. In Abu Dhahi, spread his emirate's wealth around to other, less well-off pass the reins of power emirates. Other rulers may gradually to his son and crown have resented this but most prince, Sheikh Khalifa bin welcomed the massive injections of funds into their own spending more and more time emirates which them care as out of the country to provide his out of the country to provide his son with the elbow room he needs to make his political mark in Abu Dhabi.



Generous President: Abu Dhahi's ruler, Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al Nahayan, President of the UAE, is seen as a man of great generosity, and prepared to spread his wealth to other less well-off emirates.

over the last year has been a slow withering of activity by the federal government. Many believe that the federal administration is completely demoralised, the ministries inactive and unable to continue the high profile role they once had in developing the country. In many ways, the job is over, for the infrastructure is virtually complete, but this begs the question, whether it was just the money which kept the federation together in the first place. Now that there is less

The answer is, of course cal, financial and family changes totally. No ruler could envisage over the last year has been a withdrawing from the federation -such is their peoples' commitment to it. This does not stop the rulers from making minor administrative changes, establishing their own government departments, and ment departments, and generally protecting the interests of their emirate over those of another. Nevertheless,

the growing weakness of the federal government has been criticized by many nationals. A lot of this criticism is economic in origin and based on a wish to see a return to the

caused hardship. The practical revitalise the federal government to whose only public results of this neglect are being ment, grant greater legislative in his own emirate. powers to the national assembly leading to severe water and power shortages in some sheikhdoms. Nor is the federal government the source of employment it once was for UAE ployment it once was for UAE nationals, particularly for the citizens from the poorer emirates. The cuts in spending have even projected one ruler into court for default on debts taken on during the days when Abu Dhabi was perceived to be there always ready to pick up. there always ready to pick up

UAE nationals have tried many ways to express their concern over the problem faced by the federal government. The federal National Council, the country's consultative assembly consisting of 40 members appointed by sheikhs, attempted last summer to outline some ideas to the cabinet

Sadly, the report was not well received, and the Federal National Council was unable to hold joint consultations with the cabinet as promised. Many political observants believe this political observers believe this to be te reason why the council's current session has been delayed by order of the presi-Nationals and senior mer-

chants have also attempted to put the message across. They have tried through petitions, the diwaniyas, chambers of commerce, and the executive emirate committees. Last June. the high popular daily Al Khaleej carried a petition signed by the associations repre-

and allow elections. Much of this anxiety is economic, for UAE nationals see a strong federation as the only way to protect their pro-sperity the banks, and social services. However, there is also mounting criticism about the lack of decision making by the various government struc-

Rigid system

Power in the federal government is carefully balanced between the emirates, the sheikhs and the commoners who were the first graduates the country ever had. Since then, thousands of UAE nationals have emerged from appointed last summer to out foreign and local universities, more money is likely to d line some ideas to the cabinet and not all of them want to to help rejunevate the idle away time. Some want to economy, and a report was presented to President Sheikh mit themselves to public service. However, given the president she interest who sally, the report was not well sent rigidity of the system, surrounded the meeting of surrounded the meeting of the system. UAE nationals cannot aspire to the higher echelons of decision making. Even undersecretaries are proving difficult

to dislodge. At the same time as such ambitions are being thwarted, the ruling sheikhs have in the last year appointed more sheikhs to the federal government than ever before. One of Sheikh Zayed's sones has just moved into the position of under-secretary at the foreign ministry—despite the fact that he is only 23 years old. The post of planning minister has

in emirates such as Ras al senting teachers, writers just been taken up by Sheikh Khaimah, Ajman and other lawyers, UAE women and even Humiad bin Ahmed al Mualla, northern emirates, the decline the local chess federation. It a sheikh from Umm al Quiwain in spending has undoubtedly called on the government to whose only public service to whose only public service to date has been as a policeman

Most nationals do no mind such developments and accept them as inevitable symptoms of sheikhly rule. However, some nationals feel that sheikhs with little experience in their field are being appointed above UAE nationals with good edu-

Concern over such trends is seeping down to the business community.

cation and experience.

Many prominent merchants are worried, too, that they are operating in an economy with seeming little direction from the top, controlled by officials who have few qualifications for the complicated task in front of them little took them. them. Until such time as the merchant community perceives that such a structure is in place, more money is likely to drift out of the country. A deteriorat-ing security situation and lack of investment opportunities

Hence the interest which seven rulers last December. The decision-making process may quicken this year, particularly now the Sharjah has agreed to contribute to the federal budget. Sharjah's ruler may believe that he will now be entitled to greater political weight in the union.

Another unknown is the future vice president and prime minister, Sheikh Maktom bin Rashid of Dubai. It is already rumoured that he will want to make his own cabinet changes. None of the important part-folios held by sheikhs are, however, likely to change.

Dispute over oil output levels

Oil and gas

MAGGIE FORD

WHEN THE UAE Oil Minister. Dr Mana Said al-Oteiba shocked the oil and currency markets late last year with his state-ment that official oil prices no longer applied, many oil industry observers wryly noted that indeed they did not, in Abu Dhabi at least.

As for production levels, the UAE had exceeded its quota set by the Organisation of Petro-leum Exporting Countries (Opec) all year.

Dr Oteiba's remarks were day, for every room night booked, subsequently vindicated by the December Opec conference's decision to defend its market starting the morning after you arrive. The mileage is unlimited share, whatever the effect on price. No doubt they reflected and you have the full comprehensive back up of Avis, not only his view of world realities, but also of the posiwithin his own country.

Over the past few years of declining Opec output, Abu Dhabi has been increasingly squeezed financially in its enforced role as UAE "swing" producer. With Dubai insisting on maintaining its output at about 350,000 barrels a day (b/d) and—the problem of differentials affecting its light crudes, Abu Dhabi had seen its production and income fall Company (Adnoc) did agree day (cfpd)) of associated gas, substantially in 1984. then, however, to a price remost of which is flared.

Last year it came under strong pressure from its Japanese customers on price and something had to give. The emirate clearly decided that maintaining market share was its priority. Total UAE production was

running at about 1.1m b/d at the end of the year against an official Opec quota of 950,000 b/d. The quota, des-cribed as a "hall of mirrors" by one observer, is itself a matter of dispute, following a claim by Dr Oteiba that he had not agreed to a reduction lower than Im b/d. Apart from Dubai's production and a contribution of 5.000 b/d from Sharjah the UAE's output is made up of 420,000 b/d from Abu Dhabi's onshore fields and 385,000 b/d from offshore.

Adance holds a 60 per cent the contribution of producing venutures, with the other 40 per cent in the onshore operation held by BP, Shell, Total-CEP, Mobil, Exxon and Partex. The foreign equity offshore is divided between BP, Total-CEP and the Japanese company Jodeo. 385,000 b/d from offshore.

The onshore level accords with the Government allowable figure, but offshore production excess of the official figure of 180,000 b/d set a year ago. A majority of the extra production comes from the controversial Upper Zakum field, which was so difficult to develop that costs were said to have risen to \$6bn. It has therefore been seen as imperative to pump from this field at the optimum

producing at a level of 100,000 b/d, but Abu Dhabi claims that this production is not included in its quota as the field is still being tested. A further 85,000 b/d is being lifted from a number of smaller offshore fields

The price set for the Upper Zakum test crude has been the subject of some speculation. Sold exclusively to Japanese customers, its price was reduced in June last year to \$26.50 a barrel from \$27.50 with \$24.50 a partel from \$27.50 with \$24.50 a partel from \$27.50 with the reduced to the second statement of th \$20.50 a barret trom \$27.50 with 30-day credit terms. This reduction took place at the game time as new terms were agreed with third party customers. Japan took a total of 684,000 b/d from the UAE, much of it at spot prices or below, in the acceptance of the second of ouths from April to Septem-

These new terms, a combination of discounts and longer credit periods, added up to a reduction of around 82 cents a reduction of around 82 cents a barrel on the official prices of \$28.15 a barrel for Murban crude, \$22.10 for Lower Zakum and \$28.05 for Umm al-Shaif.

The term customers had agreed in March to 1985 liftings of only 90,000 b/d, compared with the 1984 level of 123,000 b/d, following Abu Dhabi's refusal to make price concessions. fusal to make price concessions. The Abu Dhabi National Oil

opener clause.

In February, Abu Dhabi adwith equity participation were allowed. Margins allowed for the 40 per cent crude entitlement in the onshore (Adco) operation were set at \$1.375 a barrel and at \$1.625 a barrel for the offshore (Adma-Opco) participants.

A re-think now

The poor outlook for both industry development in Abu Dhabi in the past year. With a just coming onstream or due to emirate already has substantial shut-in capacity and decided last year to delay two recovery schemes worth about \$40m. Adeo postponed the schemes at the Sahil and Bab fields for several years.

Adnec has made it clear that it sees no economic value in the proposed \$450m Habshan to Fujeirah pipeline plan, so that if the idea is seen to be strategically worthwhile, financing will have to come from other sources. A petroleum coking plant and a hydrocracker extension also seem likely to be de-

The picture is less cautious in the other emirates, however, where rulers are keen to increase hydrocarbon reincrease hydrocarbon re-sources. In Dubai, continuing offshore exploration on the edge of the South west Rashid field has produced a find with recoverable barrels of between 5m and 25m, but it is not yet known whether this is a separate structure.

Exploration is continuing in Ras al Khaimah, where the offshore Saleh field is currently producing 9,000 b/d of condensate. The first well to be drilled offshore Fujeiral was due to be started late last.

one more well has been drilled in the Saaja condensate field operated by Amoco in Sharjah, which is now producing 60,000 b/d of condensate

Following the resolution of a border dispute with Dubai justed the margins of official last year, agreement has been prices which foreign companies with equity participation were to Dubai at a price of \$1.25m BTUs. Deliveries of gas to the Emirates General Petroleum Company for distribution to the northern emirates are cfpd by this summer.

Shariah is also building a liquid petroleum gas plant which is expected to be which is expected to be finished in May or June. This will allow cash strapped Sharjah to strip the liquids from the gas and market them separately. This production, like that of condensate, is not included in Open Supers. included in Opec quotas.

Production of condensate at Dubai's Margham field operated by Arco/Britoil is reported to be proceeding on schedule at

Concern that gas reinjected into the field at high pressure to conserve the resource has appeared in the wells is discounted by officials, who say that the only instance of a leak was in an immediately adjacent

Dubai is expected to award another old fashioned conce sion agreement shortly and has been able to take some comfort in past months from Opec's decision to adopt a marketing strategy rather like its own. Dubai's free market approach has led traders to regard its crude as the marker of the Gulf.

in the UAE is likely to concentrate on the search for more resources in Dubai and the northern emirates while Abu Dhabi will intensify its downstream activities.

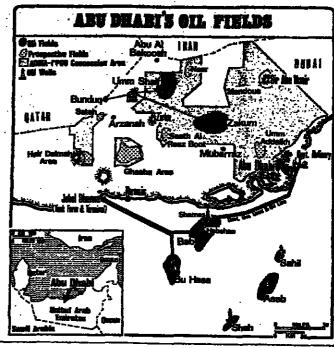
The emirate set up its Inter-national Petroleum Investment Corporation (Ipic) in 1984 with a paid-up capital of \$200m to activities overseas. It is a joint venture between Adnoc and the Abu Dhabi Investment Company (Adic) and is presently looking at two opportunities in

The US offers involve taking a stake in oil refineries and petrol stations at a cost of around \$50m to \$60m and the Far Eastern offer, from a Japanese company, involves an offshore rainery, according to Ipic's director. Mr Khalifah Mohammed al-Shamsi.

the US and one in the Far East.

Investments in Europe are also being considered.

Vindicated: the remarks on oil prices by the UAE Oil Minister, Dr Mana Said al Otetba, seen above with newsmen, were subsequently vindicated by the December Opec conference decision's to defind its markt share, whatever the effect on price. ABU DHABI'S GIL FIELDS BATAR



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Questions in the post-oil boom era

CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS

is already under way by natural market forces of the recession, but many still see the foreign community as the single greatest threat to their country and its culture. (The same people also grumble about the falling rents and general stagnation of the economy which has resulted from the cut in consumer demand which has followed the decline in the foreign population.) Many

only to stimulate the economy but to grapple finally with the issue of the population ratios. These are the kind of issues which are the country's main security, which may prove false talking points at present in the future. If Iraq chooses Ironically, the bloody conflict to take the conflict further down just across the water between the Gulf to Iranian oil terminals Iran and Iraq is not uppermost in peoples' minds, except the way that the war has affected the lucrative re-export trade from Dubai. Nevertheless, the recent arrest of a number of Iranian citizens in the northern emirates, and the recent escal-ation in Iraqi attacks, make the

Gulf war an unpredictable factor for the UAE. The historic ties the country

has with Iran have until new provided the state with a sem-blance of immunity, and lured the Emirates into a mood of on Sirri Island, the whole picture could change dramatic-The UAE, like its Gulf Co

operation Council colleagues can only hope that internal changes in either Iran or Iraq will provide the necessary in gredients for a solution to the

United Arab Emirates 3

Russia seeks new links

Foreign Affairs Defence KATHLEEN EVANS

THREE MONTHS ago, the Emirates made the most significant foreign policy decision in its history — to establish diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

The move had been expected for some time, and it followed in the wake of a similar decision by the neighbouring Sultanate of Oman. But there are a number of differences in the motives for the move and the style in which it will be carried

Firstly, Oman took the decision to open relations with the Russians largely for reasons connected with South Yemen, which is the Soviet Union's

main ally in the Southern Gulf.
The Suitanare has also indicated that it wishes to have a phasing in period before a Russian embassy is allowed to be established in the Omani capital. That is not likely for some time, perhaps for years.
Abu Dhabi, in contrast, intends to set up its relations with the Soviets at a much brisker page. The Russian Ambassador in Kuwait, Borgas Akanon has already pricind Akapov has already visited the UAE capital, scouting around for suitable premises. Few observers expect it to be long before Russian diplomats arrive to take up residence in Abu Dhabi.

Abu Dhabi has itself explained the move as being designed to increase the number of friends it has in the world. In the context of the Middle East, such a move might seem also appropriate at a time when Jordan is still urging the Americans to support the idea of a superpower conference including the Russians, to tackle the Palestinian problem.

Indeed, there was speculation that fit was Jordan which brokered the UAE and Oman deals in the first place. Other observers suggest that

the reasons may have been merely practical ones, for the UAE is currently a member of the UN Security Council, and tion of independence by the it would have been inappro- UAE and the formation of the

numerous signals sent out to an agreement made with the indicate how Abu Dhabi was late Shah, the Iranians were to thinking. The first-ever trade control the northern half of Abu delegation from the local Alu chamber of commerce in the tip. capital set off on an official visit to Moscow, just weeks before the establishment of ties. Aeroflot had been flying into the country for some time, and trade relations were being

given greater attention. For the Russians, it represented a considerable coup for which they had long worked. Today, three of the six members of the Guif Co-operation Council have full diplomatic relations with Moscow, the others tions with Moscow—the others, though, may prove more diffi-cult to entice. The Bahrainis, for example, hastened to declare that they did not intend to declare that they did not intend to quickly follow Abu Dhabi and Oman's example. The Saudis have re-stated that until there is a withdrawal by Russian troops from Afghanistan, they cannot entertain the idea.

US policies

Another influential factor has always been the moves of the US in the Middle East arena, and the recent tough line on Libya and, more importantly, its support given to the Israeli raid on Tunis has been well absorbed by US allies in the Gulf. The Tunis raid proved particularly difficult for them to understand. Nevertheless, the UAE, and its colleagues in the UAE, and its colleagues in the GCC are also well aware of the umbrella of US protection they enjoy in the Gulf in the face of possible Iranian attacks or attempts at subversion and

The situation in the Gulf can only become more dangerous if Iraq chooses to take the conflict further south to Sirri Island, where Iran is presently export-ing more than two-thirds of its

Iraq already has the capability to attack, particularly with the new AS-30 missiles is has secured from the French. An attack on Sixri Island would bring the war dramatic-ally close to the UAE's door-step, and highlight the over-bearing Iranian presence on the island of Abu Musa, off the coast of Sharjah.

Just days after the declarait would have been inappropriate not to have diplomatic ties with a fellow member.

The move had been anticipated for some time, with the same tim

Alusa and the UAE the southern

In the last few years, that agreement has not been adhered to by the Iranians, for local reports suggest that the Iranian Revolutionary Guards stationed on the island routinely control entry and exit into the entire island. The Iranians also censor all newspapers.

The overall problem might seem a small one, given the size of Abu Alusa, but it has proved a minor irritant to relations for the UAE with Tehran.

dispute has also hindered the development of a nearby oil field discovered by an Australian oil company. Senior officials from the Sharjah Government recently visited Tehran to negotiate the start of oil exploration off Abu Musa, but so far there has been no agreement announced.

no agreement announced.

This minor problem with the Islanic Republic highlights the frequent dual personality of its foreign policy. In the last few months, Tehran has been anxious to promote good relations with some of the Gulf states and the UAE has been a particular forms of attention. particular focus of attention, given the UAE's historic relationship with Iran.

This has been underlined on several occasions in the last few months by visits by senior Iranian envoys to the UAE.

Nevertheless, the UAE continues to be concerned about a possible retaliation on the Guif states for the increasing attacks by Iran on Kharg Island and other Iranian oil installations.

This has been underlined on

Western diplomats see a direct correlation between the number of attacks on Kharg and the number of ship seizures carried out by Iran on shipping bound for Gulf ports. Until now though, none of these attacks have been directed at shipping destined for ports in the UAE. The historic links with Iran

have lured the UAE into a sense of immunity from the impact of a widening of the Gulf war. Although controver-sial, the country's ties with

improve their relations with the Islamic Republic. Most observers saw the move as an even-handed policy on the war as a way of avoiding possible attacks by Iran, both inside and

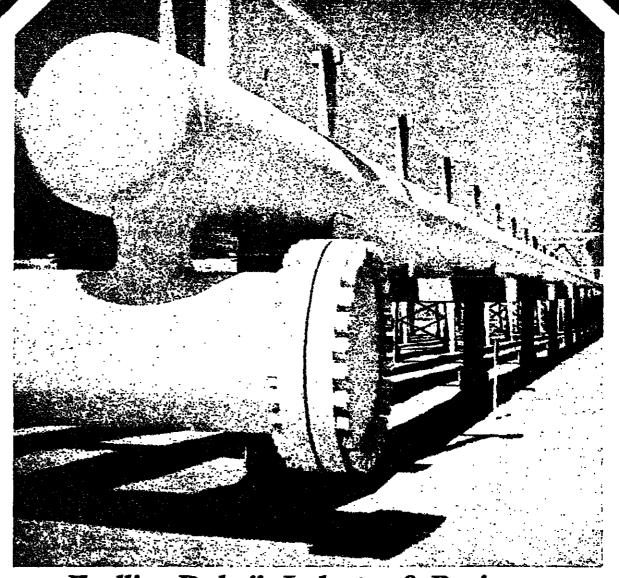
Until now, that gesture, although lauded by Tehran, has led to little else than passing references in Friday prayer peeches. The proposed visit by Omani foreign minister, Youssef al Alawi, in the name of the GCC, has yet to take place, and few expect it will, unless the Gulf states can show they are ready to distance themselves more from their support to the Iraqi war effort This, they will be unwilling to do.

Iran's hopes

The mission therefore appears to have fizzled out, but nevertheless, it is quite clear that the Iranians wish to keep channels open to the Gulf — hence the numerous invitation being extended to the Saud Arabians in recent weeks.

Closer to home, there have been some more alarming developments within the UAl-concerning its links with Iran A small group of Iranians thought to number only five have been discovered to be ir possession of weapons an' explosives, according to senio. shelkhs in the country. The accused men are currently being held in jall in Sharjal and no charges have yet beer made against them.

The precise objective of the group is still unknown, for all have said that they have not connection with any official Iranian entity. UAE official say, their investigation is not complete but it is believe. yet complete, but it is believed that the number of those undethat the number of those lines suspicion of links with the group now nears 40 people. Some Western diplomative sources say that links have been established with the Iranian Revolutionary Guardialthough UAE officials denythis Mouseaut the fact that the this However, the fact that the Iranians have not made the arrests public in their own country could indicate that the group was operating independently. Even so, concern musinevitably increase abouinevitably increase abou-the 70,000-strong Irania-community, which the UAR

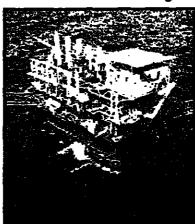


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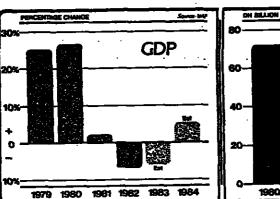
The gas from offshore oilfields now helps conserve Dubai's natural resources.

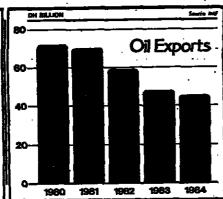
This conservation process has proven so valuable that we're developing new sources to meet Dubai's increasing needs for the



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An entirely different economy will emerge in the next decade.

Big change in outlook

The Economy

MAGGIE FORD

A COUNTRY with the highest per capita income in the mighest (\$22,870), no foreign debt, a zero or negative rate of infation, and a substantial surplus on its current account, would normally be expected to be full of harmy sittens with good of happy citizens with good expectations.

Not so the United Arab Not so the United Arab Emirates, where during 10 years of oil boom wealth, happi-ness has been created only by excellent expectations. The task of lowering them has been pur-sued in this Gulf country prob-ably more firmly than in any other in the region.

As the infrastructure deemed necessary by the rulers of the various emirates to signal their emergence as modern countries has neared completion, it has become clear that an entirely different economy will evolve over the next 10 years,

The vast sums of money spent on creating roads, oil and gas facilities, industries, apartgas facilities, industries, span-ment buildings, shopping com-plexes and hotels have gene-rated substantial business, both at home and abroad. The thousands of immigrant workers who flocked to help in the con-struction and operation of the infrastructure created their own economy and their consumption generated further

Governments now face the problem, as new projects dwindle and surplus workers leave, of how to keep local people involved in a much smaller economy and indeed which parts of which sectors which parts of which sectors no longer have a reason to survive. So far they have approached their task with attitudes ranging from extreme attitudes ranging from extreme caution to radical decision-making, and a consensus on the making, and a consensus on the country's future as a national entity has not yet clearly

The UAE rulers have been helped in the task of educating expectations by the substantial changes in the world oil market. Oil and gas revenue fell to \$27.95n in 1984 and is expected to remain steady in 1985. The likelihood of a price war this year makes any im-provement recede into the more distant future.

So difficult is it to sell the UAE's output capacity that Abu Dhabi has temporarily abandoned its exploration policy of trying to replace used resources, and instead looked for revenue earning opportura-ties in refined products and

In this way actual deficits services electricity and water have rarely reached the planned and the maintenance of federal level, but the approach has made ministries and is believed to business planning extremely difficult and provoked strong complaints in the merchant

at a level of about 2 per cent in the past two years and may be lower this year, reflecting the reduction in Government spend-

About 20 per cent of the UAE's earnings do not come from oil. Exports through Dubai, which has historic links with other Gulf countries, the

from the days when it was an entrepot port, showed a 16 per

cent increase in 1984 over the

	UAE FEDER	h ba)			
	1985		1984	•	1983
Siture rvelopment arent ue	Planned 16.63 — 12.98	actnal 15.1 0.7 13.6 14.2	planned 17.2 1.3 15.1 12.9	13.0	18.4 1.7 16.0 12.9
	3.64	0.9	4.4	2.5	. 5.5

downstream activities abroad. Only by producing over its Opec quota of 950,000 barrels a day (b/d) and cutting prices has the UAE been able to maintain income. It has nevertheless survived the recession far better than neighbouring Saudi Arabia for instance.

Lower revenues have been re-flected in lower spending levels in the federal budget, which is theoretically funded by a contribution from the oil-producing emirates of Abu Dhabi and Sharjak of 50 per cent of their oil earnings.

The 1985 budget, published nine months late in October, showed the smallest planned deficit for three years, of Dh 3.64bu. It projected revenue at Dh 12.98bn and expenditure at Dh 16.63bn, compared with planned revenue for 1984 of Dh 12.9bn and planned spend-ing of Dh 17.2bn.

entity has not yet clearly more than one twelfth of the previous year's budget.

community. Non-oil growth has remained

Indian sub-continent and Africa

UAE FEDE					
1985					
Planned	actnal	planned .	1	ectual	planned
16.63	15.1	17.2		16.3	18.4
	9.7	1.3		1.3	· 1.7
_	13.6	15.7		14.4	16.0
12.98	14.2	12.9		13.8	
3.64	0.9	44		2.5	· 3.5

previous year. Re-exports declined by 26 per cent in 1984 but had enjoyed spectacular growth of about 89 per cent in 1983. The trend was an increase in volume of both exports and re-exports last year, although lower prices will produce a decrease in value. major improvements can be expected in this area until the

Arguments about the funding of the federal budget continue, focusing on issues as diverse as the payments for gas supplies to generate electricity to defence Spending and even, reportedly, to the advisability of allowing public money to be spent on television programmes featuring dancing girls.

war between Iran and Iraq is

be spent on education, social

ceiling on federal defence and police spending.

An additional idea that .

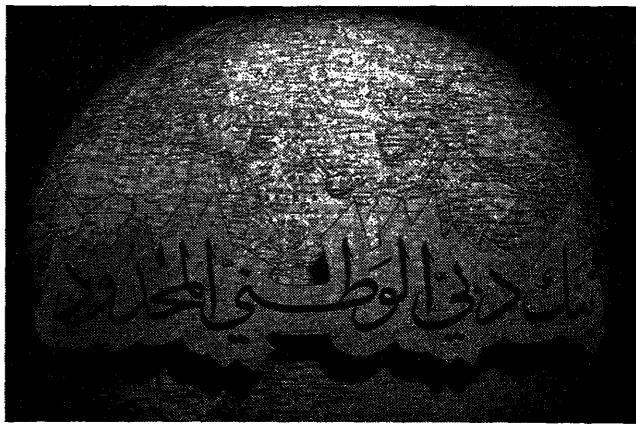
Dh2bn loan should be raised to pay off all federal debts to local businessmen at once is not thought to have been received well, in Dubal at least.

The health of local busi s, particularly banks, ha: been a source of major concern to rulers of the two leading The severe recession after the boom years has left many busi nesses unable to pay their debt and many banks severely ex-

A substantial rationalisation of the banking system has beer achieved in a short space of time, accompanied by a shift of control into the public (or ruling family) sector. Of Abr Dhabi's five banks, only three remain, and a further three mergers have been arranged in Duhai.

The shakeout in the banking system is thought by most observers to be almost completed, although a number of small candidates for mergers, or even perhaps liquidation if agreements cannot be made, remain. Banks have been forced by new central bank rules t make proper provision for bad debts, which has in some cases produced a substantial profit fall. This however, can often be seen as a healthy sign for the future.

The last few years have been an exceptionally difficult period for the UAE's rulers. With a federal structure that has had only 14 years to mature, a system of sheikhly rule that requires a high level of personal consultation by rulers to work properly, and a popula-tion which has gone from rela-



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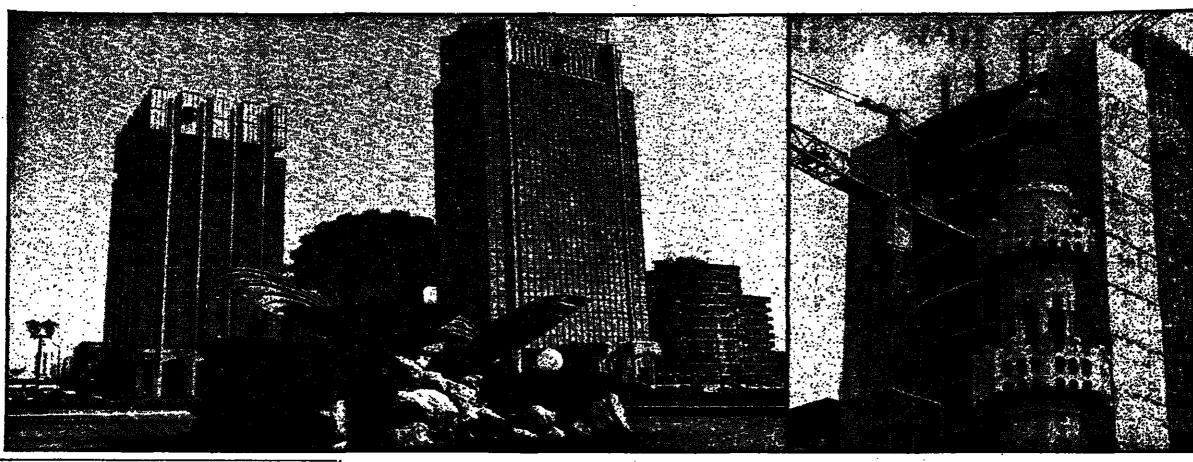
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Pictured, far left: the Bank of Credit and Commerce International and the Arab Monetary Fund building on the Corniche at Abu Dhabi. The British contractors for both these buildings were Bernard

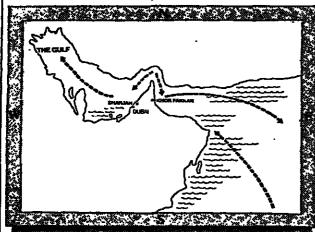
Sunley.

Right: building work continues on a new highrise office block in Abu Dhabi. The development towers above a mosque in

the city centre.



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Cautious approach to planning

Abu Dhabi

MAGGIE FORD

DURING THE boom times only a few years ago, the skyline of Abu Dhabi was thickly forested with hundreds of cranes, as contractors rushed to spend some of the newly acquired oil wealth on building a new city in the desert.

The crane count is well down in Abu Dhabi now, but the pre-occupation with buildings remains. For unlike Dubai, with its more diversified economy and historic trading back-ground, alternative opportuni-ties for generating business are not easy to find.

Oll revenue fell from Dh 46on (\$12bn) in 1982 to Dh 35on in 1984 and is still declining; the outlook remains poor. Development projects in the oil industry have been delayed and maintaining exist-ing business has become ing business has become difficult because lower oil production has affected lucrative associated gas supplies sent

for export.
Although the development of refined products capacity is continuing, with the Ruwais continuing, with the Riwais hydrocracker now onstream, future investment in this area is likely in the immediate future to be directed overseas, which will not produce much stimulation for the local

A substantial number of wellpaid jobs still exists in the oil businessmen's debts industry, and this seems banks collateralised unlikely to change except that more Abu Dhabians are likely to be employed as they complete their education. Revenue, of course, is still more than adequate to meet a high level of social spending.

But for those who are not employed in the oil industry, investment in buildings and the rents gained from letting have been a key source of income. As oil earnings have fallen over the past five years, and infra-structure has been completed, so immigrant workers have



Left: Sheikh Surour bin Mohammed al Nahayan, Chamberlain of the Presidential Court; and right, Sheikh Khalifa bin Zayed al Nahayan, Crown Prince and Deputy Ruler of Abu Dhabi.

occupancy levels.

The Abu Dhabi Government

has adopted an extremely cautious—critics would say complacent - approach planning its future, but in this area the ruling family decided to act. With rents falling by as much as 50 per cent and many banks collateralised by estate, the problem was seen

To revitalise the sector the Government extended housing allowances to lower grades of public sector workers, thus boosting demand for flats, and financing terms were eased. The vast majority of Abu Dhabi buildings were financed by Crown Prince Khalifa, who gave loans at i per cent interest repayable over seven years. Under these terms, 20 per

cent of rental revenue went to the investor and the rest to

departed. Consumer demand, the other ment is now taking 60 per cent main indicator for businessmen, is well down along with the investor and 10 per cent for Suggesting that mergers of some companies could help solve the problem of too much competition, they also feel that expectations from the boom maintenance to improve previously neglected property. Repayment periods have been years have still not been sufficiently lowered.

Citing "an infrastructure of people" as the main priority for Abu Dhabi development in

Infrastructure

While these measures have clearly eased an immediate problem, businessmen complain that the Government has no economy now that infrastruc-ture is almost complete Pointing to the delay in the Emirate's budget, still not year, they ask how businessmen can be expected to plan ahead if they have no idea what government spending is to be, or what projects are to go

business no longer holds the attractions it had in the boom One area which has benefited

from a boost in spending is agriculture. Always keen on the greening of the desert, Sheikh Zayed, ruler of Abu Dhabi, has also always been careful to look after the interests of the bedouin tribes in the hinterland. He has spent a substantial amount on the town of Al Ain in the west-providing a university, an airport, botel developments, housing and irrigation.

Agriculture spending reached about Dh 500m for new works last year, with more to be spent on the problem of soil salinity. The aim of self sufficiency in food production has had some success in poultry and vege-table production.

By the end of last year there were signs that the pleas for a were signs that the pleas for a more dynamic approach to planning were being heeded by the Government. An initial boost will be provided by the pledge to devote \$100m for refurbishment of roads, the airport and hotels for the next Guif Co-operation Council summit to be held in Abu Dhabi next November.

A \$1bn plan to build a naval base moved a step forward with a shortlist of consultants being drawn up and there were stronger hopes that the large Taweelah power and water

active society. The government project would go ahead. appears to have had some One of three bridge pro-One of three bridge projects seemed a possibility for approval and there were even ally through the Abu Dhabi some observers in Abu Dhabi Investment Authority, and more prepared not to discount the local people are becoming idea that a plan to build a pipe-involved in the oil industry. line from the emirate to The lack of opportunities in Fujeirah, outside the Gulf, government positions, however, might get the go-ahead.

Although some younger under-As one local manager put it: Pointing to Abu Dhabi's lower secretaries have been recently "Even so, the cake is certainly oil income, government officials appointed, there is little getting smaller. What Abu say that the private sector must evidence of any substantial new Dhabi needs to do is to make say that the private sector must evidence of any substantial new Dhabi needs to do is to make adjust to sharing a smaller cake. opportunities becoming avail- sure it is shared out fairly."

Ajman, Sheikh Humaid bin Rashid al Nuaimi. The emirate will need an injection of federal funds if debts are ever to be rescheduled. The problem meanwhile presents a young people, for whom complex case for lawyers on both sides.

It has not been an easy year

Above: The Ruler of

Aiman KATHLEEN EYANS

THE TINY, sleepy emirate of Ajman is an example of what can happen when the federal tap of generosity is turned off — or nearly so.

Located just minutes from the town of Sharjah, Ajman has no visible source of sig-nificant revenues other than those which come directly from the federal government into the ruler's account in the local bank. In recent years, assistance was given to the local municipality, but officials say that this, together with the overall subsidy shown a sharp decline in the last two years. Then again, Ajman, being

so tiny, is not a great spen-

der, and most of the town's infrastructure appears com-plete. There is, however, severe water shortage problem, for a promised de tion plant from the federal government has never materialised following the austerity cuts. The water pressure say residents, and local effi-cials believe that soon there could be days without water. Morevover, during the boom its backers appeared to be the ever lasting fountain of funds and beneficience, the ruler took on obligations from foreign banks, together with Britaia's Export Credits Guarantee Department, which now appear to be in default.

Banks' views on

This has presented an inter-esting legal case for lawyers on both sides, for although the loans were taken by the could possibly enjoy immunity from prosecution both in

Ajman will need an injection of federal funds if the debts are ever to be rescheduled. Local officials say that even if the federal govern-ment were to pay just what it is committed to, the situation would become would become manageable. The Aiman government does have stakes in the few industrial plants around the emirate, but they are currently providing little return or in-

For the citizens also, it has not been an easy year, for the full brunt of the Sonk al Manakh disaster has hit home. Many took shares in the Arab Livestock Company based in the aminate and based in the emirate, and while many enjoyed the bene-fits of the share bonanza in 1982, only the Kuwaitis know

Industries face a double blow

Ras Al Khaimah

KATHLEEN EVANS

TWO BLOWS have fallen in the last 18 months on the emirate of Ras al Khaimah, both largely outside its control the is the federal government; the other is the collapse of the Souk at Manakh stock exchange in Kuwait which has severely affected many of the emirate's industrial companies.

iocal government of Ras al Khaimah, and its people to lower their horizons. In other, richer emirates is has caused merely a minu level of grumbling. In Ras al Khaimah, where many of the mountain tribesmen had yet to experience the benefits of the boom, the new austerity has generated a sense of disillusionment after the bright optimism which marked the early days of the federation. Ras al Khaimah citizens are waiting for action from their ruler, the shelks in general and the federal govern-ment which will magically alleviate their current pre-

dicament. Opinions in the emirate about just how severe the impact of ederal spending cuts has been is divided. Local sheikhs say that very few earn less than Dh 3,000 (\$822) a month, which although liveable, is an income level far below seen in other emirates. Local financial sources ay wage levels are frequently much lower, and that many nationals are having a hard ime making ends meet. Many

are trying to borrow from banks to stay affoat. The federal government is no

longer the source of beneficence it used to be, either in terms of employment or improvement in local services. The local municipality has not received any assistance from the central government in two years. The public housing programme has come to a halt. Until this summer, the emirate suffered severe power shortages, at times eight hours a day in affected many of the emirate's summer, though this situation industrial companies.

The problems of the federal government have forced the federal government has yet to provide an answer to the emirate's growing water prob-lem and with the curtailment in capital spending, the prospect of a federally funded water Ras al Khaimah and its ruler,

Sheikh Sagr bin Mohammed al Qassimi continue to hope that oil will provide the answer to reliance on central govern-ment. Local oil men say, however, that the offshore structure being drilled by Gulf Oil together with a number of other foreign companies is proving difficult to exploit. About \$160m has been spent on exploring the field which has so far yielded 8,000 b/d after drilling reached 14,000 ft. The consortium is committed to another three wells.

The hunt for oil has forced the emirate into the Eurodollar market, and some \$25m was raised in a club deal involving Hill Samuel, Citibank and a number of local banks. That loan has since been repaid, and receipts from oil have generally piped back to Oman, leaving been ploughed back into the Ras al Khaimah with additional



Still hopeful: the Ruler of Ras al Khaimah, Sheikh Sagr bin Mohammed al Qassimi.

Ras al Khaimah National Oil Company. The government is still borrowing though from its local "national" bank. In short, oil revenues cannot yet be considered a_S a supplement to the local economy.

There is hope for the future

though, not just in the Saleh field, but from the Omani gas field just across the border at Bukha. Until recently, a border dispute has hindered development, but relations between the two have now improved. In a project currently under consideration Omani gas will be piped to Ras al Khaimah port, and through the emirate's gas treatment facility. The liquids will be extracted there and gas. The size of the Bukha field disaster could have internal has not yet been established repercussions. Many local but there is optimism about the All this is much in the future.

the next decade, government planners feel that it will be a

major challenge for local people

to learn how to become produc-

success in training local people

most criticism.

in finance and banking, especi-

attracts

The problem for Ras al Khaimah is how to get ugh the next couple of years until oil production, hopefully, increases. It is difficult to identify other significant sources of revenue for the emirate. Local industry, which could have plugged the gap in revenues, has cost the emirate With the decline in the Gulf market

emirate's three major cement producing plants are all losing money, largely because of undercutting by other emirates. Ras al Khaimah is the most prolific cement producer in the country, producing 2.3m tons yearly, and was the first in the business. Two of the plants are majority owned by Kuwaitis, and given their losses, could face problems if the UAE's companies law which requires majority owner-ship by UAE nationals was

The other major industries in Ras al Khaimah have fallen victim to the Manakh disaster Gulf Pharmaceuticals is said to have Gulf shares on its books, and the Ras al Khaimah Klinker company is reported by local financial sources to have made heavy losses.

The future of these Manakh companies seems uncertain, at best. About the only company in Ras al Khaimah which is said to be making money for the government is the local aggregate concern.

The impact of this Manakh

citizens in Ras al Khaimah were encouraged to subscribe to the Gulf companies operating in the emirate. Today, the value of those shares is unknown and could be worthless. Moreover, many local citizens were obliged to open bank accounts in the Bank of the Arab Coast in order to secure shares, and now this Ras al Khaimah registered bank is in default. Hence, the bank accounts of many Ras al Khaimah citizens are virtually frozen, and not surprisingly this caused anger. A delegation of Shihu tribesmen already visited the ruler to

remonstrate about

· Ras al Khaimah officials say that the whole issue of the Bank of the Arab Coast is a federal one, for the Central Bank, not the emirate government, is responsible for supervising the responsible for supervising me activities of the country's banks. Moreover, Ras al Khaimah officials argue that most of the bank's bad loans were notched up in Dubal, and that Ras al Khaimah was the source of deposits. If the bank is forced into

liquidation (which is still a possibility) it will highlight the inability of the federal institu-tion to act as lender of last resort. It could also cause difficulties in the emirate, given that a number of prominent kas al Khaimah sheiks hold substantial shareholdings and are represented on the board. As such, a compromise must be struck between the federal and local governments good of UAE nationals.

legal costs

government of Ajman, that in effect means the ruler, Naturally as a ruler, Sheikh Humaid bin Rashid ai Nuaimi the Emirates and Britain, under the laws of which the loan was arranged. Other banks involved in Ajman lending say that they have no intention of laying out any money on court costs, for the case is intricate and probably

where the money has gone



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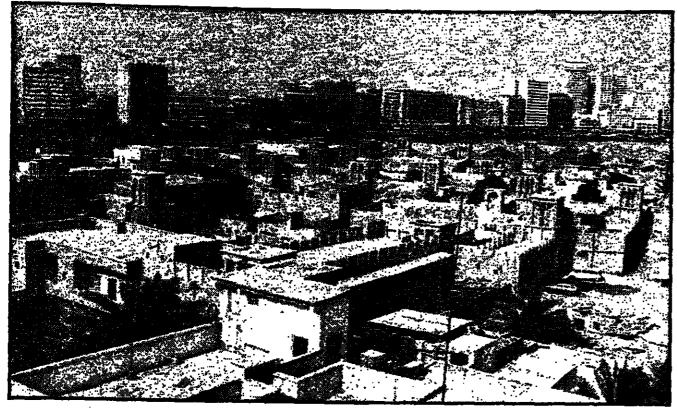
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The old and the new: high rise commercial office blocks on the Deira bank of Dubai Creek contrast with the old buildings of the Bastakia district in the foreground

Succession issue resolved

Dubai KATHLEEN EYANS

THE EMIRATE of Dubzi is now much more settled than it was just 18 months ago. The burning question—who was to succeed the ailing ruler, Sheikh Rashid bin Said al Maktoum is now no longer an issue: the third son of the ruler, Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid has frequently proclaimed his acceptance of his eldest brother, Sheikh Maktoum as the next ruling sheikh of Dubai, and more importantly the country's next prime minister and vice president.

During that time. triumvirate of the three lead-ing sons has been seen to be working in tandem. Businessmen still praise the emirate's leadership for its quick leadership for its quick decision-making and dynamic vision about the economic future of Dubai. In short, if any emirate is able to pull itself out of the current commercial gloom, Dubai is the most likely to succeed.

Nevertheless, Sheikh Makture the future rules is still

very much an unknown quantity. Dubai nationals will tell you that of all the sons, he is known to be the most generous, but apart from that very little is known about the sheikh's political ideas and ties. Sheikh Rashid will be in the Gulf as regards ship-difficult to follow, but there is ping, and the present recession, a perception among the this would not seem an approa perception among the business community also that the emirate needs careful acre freezone. There is also management now, not rash the argument to the contrary, dynamism which can lead to ill that new ideas are the only considered decisions. Many in thing that is going to keep the community cite the formation of the contrary, of the Gulf and although the

FILE

better off than its other fellow new businesses which would members of the federation, not have come otherwise. The Income from oil is thought to Jebel Ali freezone authority is be in the region of Dh 10bn to Dh 12bn, and experitures almost level with that of Bomlocally amount to only bay, electricity at 2 US cents Dh 4.4bn. The army and electricity costs are the two largest



Sheikh Rashid (left), will be difficult to follow Meanwhile, the Crown Prince of Dubai, Sheikh Maktoum, the future ruler, "is still very much an

items on the budget, for infrastructure compared with five years ago. only by the regional recession, The emirate's contribution to but by downturn in international budget is probably around Dh 2bn say informed aluminium smelter is having to. toun, the future ruler, is still the federal budget is probably very much an unknown quantity. Dubai nationals will sources, leaving the emirate in a healthy state of surplus.

A lot hinges on the success which the Jebel Ali freezone can achieve. Given the deterioratino successive all the deterioratino successive all the deteriorations are successive and the deterioration are successive and the deteriora acre freezone. There is also the argument to the contrary, tion of the emirate's new airline, Emirates Airlines, as an
example of overhasty decisionmaking.

Financially, the town is much
better off than its other fellow
members of the federation



unknown quantity," say observers.

The traditional businesses of spending has Dubai, industry and re-exportdwindled to practically nothing ing have been knocked not cope with a fall in metal prices from \$1,950 a ton in 1980 to a level of around \$950 a ton now.

Despite its cheap supply of gas, the dividend for the Dubai government from the plant is it provides for the town. New outlets have been found for Dubai's aluminium, with China and the US replacing nearer customers, but the future market profile of the plant will depend largely on how other international metal producers survive the fall in market

> On the business side, Dubai's merchants claim to be merely eking out an existence, not a living. In fact, after the fremay vulnerability of Dubai will of the boom, profit margins need similar nurturing and care-have become realistic rather ful attention if questions about than non-existent. Nevertheless. the emirate is witnessing more income are to be avoided. At bankruptcies than ever before, present, all the oil money and many foreigners are Dubai earns is legally Maktoum leaving, leaving nationals to family money.

Many are watching closely how the government handles the impending liquidation, or the impending liquidation, or alternatively, solves the prob-lems of the Galadari brothers, once two of the town's prominent merchants. The international banks want to assume control of the com-pany's management and defice which assert will be add off to which assets will be sold off to pay an estimated Dh 1bn debts, — moves which would set a precedent in Dubai, and in the Gulf. The alternative offered by the Galadari brothers is believed to be a long term repayment schedule, part of which would not carry bank interest. This, too, would estab-lish a precedent which many other nationals would like to follow. The outcome of this impasse, which is coming to a

climax at present, is likely to

affect how international banks

view doing business in Dubai and the Emirates as a whole. Such situations require the clear hand of management from the top, and in this, many mer-chants and nationals alike query why the emirate's lead-ing sheikhs are fremently absent. Government officials say that with modern communica tions, such absences do not con-stitute an interruption in leadership and management. However, it is known that although the triumvirate works relatively well and that there in town, the brothers do not like to impinge on each other in the areas of decisionwhich have been worked out for each other.

illness used to run Dubai in much the same way as the chairman of a large company, putting in long hours, and worrying about the small details as well as the larger picture. The present economic vulnerability of Dubai will need similar nurturing and carethe legal ownership of the oil

The present ruler before his

Airline competition hots up

DUBAI's new national airline ing its flights to Dubai over the carrier began operations on October 25 last year—in what points at issue between the two of its flights from Dubai and October 25 last year—in what is an era of falling air transport revenues and increasing competition world-wide.

The Gulf is not exempt from these influences. A fares war is being waged in the UAE which, travel agents claim, has halved revenues in the past two years, despite the fact that there has been no decline in the number of bookings.

The new Dubai airline has two aircraft, an Airbus and a Boeing 737. So far, the airline has served three routes—daily flights to Karachi and Bombay and thrice-weekly to Delhi. The aircraft and the pilots are leased from Pakistan Inter-national Airlines (PIA), and maintenance is carried out by PIA at Karachi.

The airline's title, which consists of the one word—Emirates—might be considered symbolic of future plans for the airline, which has a staff of 80 and is still growing. The emirates themselves have five international airports; two at Abu Dhabi, and one each at Dubai, Sharieh and Ras al Khaimah. Sharjah and Ras al Khaimah.

Fujeirah's international air port is expected to open shortly, and a third airport for the Abu Dhabi emirate is under construction at Al Ain. Yet the UAE as a whole has no national carrier.

Gulf Air, in which Abu
Dhabi's ruler, Shaikh Zayed,
holds shares—in company with
the rulers of Bahrain, Qatar
and Oman—has been operating
out of Abu Dhabi as the
national carrier for that national carrier for that emirate. There has been specu-lation in the air travel industry that the other emirates have been offered shares in the

Emirates airline, but none has responded positively so far. In addition to Abu Dhabi, Gulf Air acts as the national carrier for the states of the remaining shareholders—i.e., Bah-rain, Oman and Qatar, Although Gulf Air has had the lion's share of the regional market for recent years, there are signs that Gulf Air will face stiffer competition. One aspect of this is a long-standing wrangle with PIA over reciprocal landing rights. Falling revenues also contributed to Gulf Air's first-ever profits dip in 1984, just after the company announced plans to float a proportion of its shares among Gulf nationals.

The disagreement with PIA provides the backdrop to the formation of Dubai's new air-

airlines centred on Dubai's refusal to co-operate in an arrangement which might have won Gulf Air traffic rights to more than one Pakistani des-

tination. In the resulting wrangle between Dubai and Gulf Air, PIA has been the main beneficiary so far. Not only does it continue to have land-ing rights throughout the Gulf, including Dubai, it only allows both Gulf Air and Emirates to land at one single Pakistani destination—Karachi. PIA itself flies to and from the much sought-after destinations of Islamabad and Lahore as

is now flying to Sharjah instead. The inconvenience to passengers travelling to Dubai from other Gulf terminals is producing an effect which must surely be the

shopping complex which re-cently won a prestigious award in competition with long-established duty-free areas such

reverse of that intended. Dubai is proud of its reputation as a major gateway to the Gulf. Under its "open skies" policy, forty-four airlines use the airport, and 3.5m passengers pass through it each year. A second terminal, now being built, will provide total annual capacity of 5.5m passengers. The airport has a duty-free

A further twist to this story as Amsterdam and Singapore, is that Emirate's flight schedule The complex boasts such bartrom Karachi does not always gains as malt whiskies at \$5

Emirates, the title of Dubai's new airline, might be considered

symbolic of the future plans for the carrier, but competition is

intensifying with an air fares war being waged in the region.

up-country who tend, according to travel agents, to favour PIA's later flight instead. Moreover, Air India also stands to benefit, as it now has flights to Dubai from Delhi and Bombay. The air travel industry was

hopeful when the Emirates airline was formed that the establishment of a national carrier would help to regulate prices in the region. One travel agent said: "The national carrier tends to set prices from its home airport. We are hopeful that prices will move upward as a result of Emirates' formation." It seems, however, that Emirates have been obliged to enter the fares fray, and is

offering ticket prices which com-pare favourably not only with se of Gulf Air, but also with PIA. The Dubai/Karachi economy return fare is only per litre and cheap but goodquality furs.
The Emirates airline will

nevertheless have to develop its regional network if it is to offer the sort of service which will make the new airline an improvement on what was available before. Negotiations for landing rights have been carried on right from the outset, but so far Dubai is its only Gulf destination. Emirates has a standing request for landing rights in Bahrain, Gulf Air's headquarters, so far with-

A request to land in Kuwalt was granted, then withdrawn; now it seems that this permission has been finally given, and the airline hopes to offer flights to Kuwait later this month. to Kuwait later this month.

Dhahran is another Gulf destination which is expected to be offered soon by Emirates, along with Colombo, Dacca and Cairo. With a network of that size to \$150, compared with Gulf Air's With a network of that size to price of nearly \$170. Emirates serve, all of them on heavily-used routes, the new sirling

should be well under way to

profitability.
But Abu Dhabi remains closed, as the authorities there seem reluctant to become embroiled in the diplomatic complications of the affair. Meanwhile, a general sales agency for the Emirates airline has been set up in Abu Dhabi.

An announcement in early November of 1985 fuelled speculation of the intention on the part of Abu Dhabi in turn to found its own airline. Abu Dhabi Helicopters, presently equipped with 33 craft, has been in operation since 1976, and was empowered by decree to acquire fixed-wing aircraft and to operate both within and outside the country.

The helicopter operation is now to be known as Abu Dhahi Aviation, becoming a holding company with three sub-sidiaries: Falcon Air, Falcon Supply and Falcon Inter-national. It is the last-named which gave rise to most speculation, as it seems to leave the door open to the establishment of an inter-national commercial airline.

All Saeed al Shamsi, general manager of Abu Dhabi Avia-tion, says: "If developments in the Gulf area dictate, we shall be ready to take on passenger

He stresses, however, that in no circumstances would the company be in competition with other GCC carriers. He also rules out any question of an eventual merger or other link with Emirates.

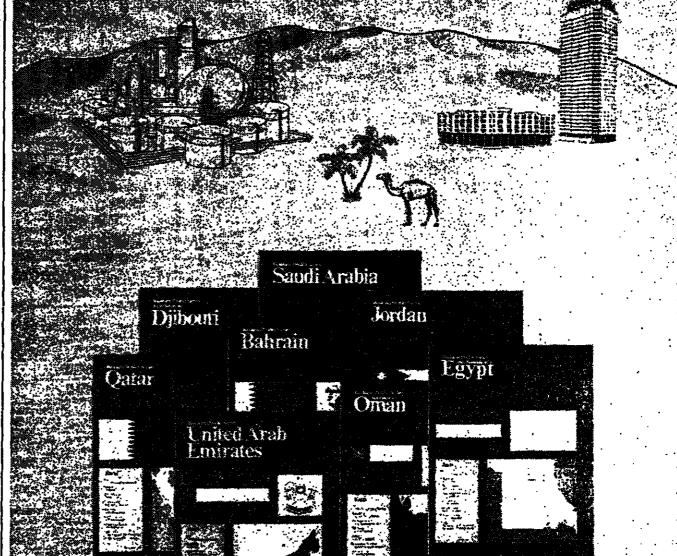
Shares in Abu Dhabi Avia-tion are held by UAE citizens, though the Abu Dhabi Government retains a 30 per cent interest. Profits in 1984 stood at over \$12m, while turnover exceeds \$30m, according to al Shamsi.

The company has its own maintenance company, in Falcon Supply and is in the process of building its own air-port and maintenance hangars close to Abu Dhabi's older international airport now used only for VIPs and the military.

Abu Dhabi Helicopters has also been in negotiation for the purchase of its only serious competitor, the privately-owned Emirates Air Services, so far without success

If Abu Dhabi's new airline company ever decides to move into international passenger traffic, it would do so from a very different base from its sister emirate's new airline

ANGELA DIXON



New role among the emirates

Sharjah

KATHLEEN EYANS

LESS THAN 10 years ago the only role economists foresaw for Sharjah was as a dormitory for Dubei — a place where less prosperous expatriates opted to live for its cheapness.

Today the emirate is well on its way to shuffling off its reputation as a federal dependent, and, blessed now its best of the control of the with oil and gas revenues, it is exerting a growing economic role in the whole country. Already five of the six emirates are dependent on its gas to fuel their own power stations. This year will also mark the

first time that Sharjah has publicly committed itself to contributing sts share of the federal budget. At present, it is not clear whether the emirate is obliged to contribute 50 per cent of all its revenues, or only 50 per cent of its oil income, for this has yet to be spelt out definitively by the Supreme Council, Neither it is clear whether Sharjah, for purposes of calculating its contribution, will include its condensate revenues, or merely the money from its meagre production from the offshore Muberak

legacy of the costly boom still lingers in the Sharjah economy, and finance officials in the emirate say that about 50 per cent of current income of \$450m to \$470m yearly are going into debt servicing. guarantees and debts to contractors are thought by foreign sources to be around \$600m to \$700m, though Sharjah

200

officials say it is now much less. The emirate's contribution to the federation will therefore become a moot point in future, particularly for those inter-national banks which have lent into the sheikhdom.

Until this public commitment was given, the emirace was running a balanced budget say local bankers, and from next year the bonus of gas supplies to Dubai will be available to help cout the debt plotter. help out the debt picture.

The exact size of the contribution is likely to be influ-

cribution is likely to be influenced by the unpaid bill for gas owed by the federally-financed Emirates General Petroleum Corporation which complies the porthagon aminta. supplies the northern emirates.
Sharjah is currently owed about
\$130m to \$200m, say local sources. Utill now, the emirate chooses not to consider gas revenues when calculating the

Gas revenues could put Shar-jah's total income over the \$560m mark, which, if expendisoom mark which, it expendi-ture remains relatively re-strained, could leave the emir-ate comfortably on the path to-wards ridding itself of old debts. Sharjah's calculations this year, were upset when it found that it had to pay out an unexpected \$60m on a syndicated loan which had previously been serviced by Abu Dhabi. The capital emirate took the view that with its new oil revenues, Sharjah did not need to be assisted any longer, Sharjah officials say the emirate was happy to pay off the loan, and that the last instalment will be in March next year. The whole episode was indicative of Abu Dhabi's present attitude towards helping out old federal dependents.

dants. tan themselves on Sharjah Emi
Yet, while the Sharjah govbeaches this winter. The emirurge
ernment's position may be imate had also been notching up say.



Sharjah's Ruler, Sheikh Sultan bin Muhammad al Oasimi.

proving, the position of its local lieve many. One of the town's leading businessmen is said to be having difficulties, and a bankruptcy by any one of the leading businessmen will have far greater impact than in say, neighbouring Dubai, Local businessmen were forcefully re-minded earlier this year just how much of their prosperity can be willed away by a sheikhly decision, for in October, the emirate decided to "go dry" and ban the sale of alcohol.

It is perhaps an expatriate view that the decision has cast end place, particularly amongst Abu Dhabians, Kuwaitis and Saudis who came during the longer feasts.

good deal of this trade is A good deal of this trade is now being diverted to other emirates, and local bankers believe that the hotels could begin closing before the end of this year. Government officials point out that the majority shareholdings in most of the hotels are owned by the local emirate, and thus the burden of losses is likely to fall back on the state, not the local business of the construction of the state of the local business of the construction of the construction of the state of the local business of the construction of the construction of the local business of the construction of the local business of the loc ness community. Others fear though that the decision could have an impact on local rents which are already in decline. The decision to go dry also occurs just as Sharjah emirate received the unexpected bonus of 20 more flights a week from Gulf Air following the airline's cutback on flights through

Few expect commercial actibusinessmen is the reverse, be-vity to pick up in the following lieve many. One of the town's two years, for while Sharjah concentrates on paying off old debts, the local budget cannot be expected to experience much of a boost in expenditure around the town. There is already speculation that the emirate's four local banks might be ripe for mergers though government officials say they do not see any happening for an-

Local bankers say they cannot foresee any reason to merge with each other unless "downes" are offered as in-ducements. Local government a pall over the business and ducements. Local government social climate of the emirate. officials say that the responsi Sharjah was once known for its bility for offering such induce efforts in tourist promotion and ments should be a joint one had been expecting some 10,000 European tourists to come and between the ruler of Sharjah and the Central Bank of the tan themselves on Sharjah Emirates. But, it is not an beaches this winter. The emir-urgent problem Sharjah officials

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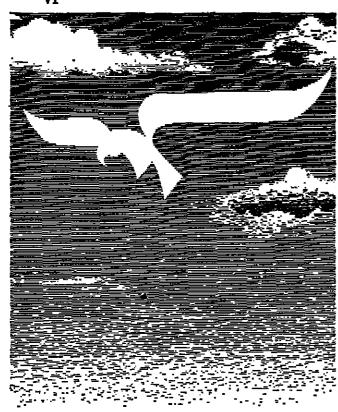


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1977 problems of Arab Alman

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FUJEIRAH

UMM AL DAWAIR

UAE Local Banks

The shake-out leads to mergers

of the boom years is most unlikely.

Banking sector MAGGIE FORD

mergers in the UAE, so the next 12 months could well produce

the first liquidation.

The shake-out in the banking system has reduced the number of local banks from 24 to 19. Three banks in Abu Dhabi have been merged into one, and in Dubai two banks have merged with a third, the Union Bank of

The effect of the changes is to transfer control of a substantial section of the banking system into the hands of the ruling family governments in

each emirate. The difficulties in the UAE banking system first became apparent in 1983 with the crisis at UBME, then owned by Mr Abdul Wahab Galadari, a Dubai merchant. A rescue of the bank which had sustained substantial losses through commodity trading, was mounted by the Dubai ruling family with the

help of the UAE central bank.
Control passed to the ruling
family and the bank has been
the vehicle through which other mergers have been arranged. Emirates National Bank found to have a negative net worth and merged with UBME. This bank was owned by Mr Majid al-Ghurair, another local mer-

The second hank to be merged with UBME was Dubai Bank, owned by two other Galadari brothers. Negotiations are still continuing over this bank, as it had taken on loan arrangements connected with the original rescue of the other Galadari bank, involving a con-

sortium of foreign banks. In Abu Dhabi the position was a little different, as at least two of the banks merged already had strong connections with the emirate's ruling family. A merger of the three banks: Emirates Commercial Bank, Khaleej Commercial Bank and Federal Commercial Bank, was relatively easy to arrange with the help of the Dhl.25bn capital injection from the ruling family. A new bank Abu Dhabi Com-mercial Bank, was created.

The governments of the two emirates have followed a series of basic principles in their handling of a situation which potentially had serious dangers for the maintenance of internagovernment (ie suling family)

cause of the recession, due to bad luck or because the lack of banking laws makes it difficult to pursue bad debts through the courts, would be helped by the governments to repay debts over a longer period, with assistance towards better management and sometimes with immediate cash or government

deposits. which were seen to have specu-lated irresponsibly with share-holders' and depositors' money should not be allowed to profit

a number of final decisions which must be taken about the fate of the Galadari group. Two other banks owned by merchant families in Dubai appear to have survived, though not without personal cost to their Bank of Oman has had very

severe difficulties in complying with the central bank rule that loans to directors were to be reduced to no more than 5 per cent of capital and reserves. One of the main assets of the from their misdeeds. Govern- al-Ghurair family, which owns

The outlook for banking in the UAE is nothing like as bleak as it was a couple of years ago, although a return to the easy profits

ments were particularly con- the bank, is a large shopping cerned about repercussions complex in Dubai known as the from the Souk al Manakh crash Ghurair Centre. in Kuwait,

Where foreign banks were

In Abu Dhabi last year's

merger of three banks, two of concerned, the governments which were said to have a nega-tended to take the view that tive net worth, was achieved, they were able to look after fairly painlessly, perhaps themselves, and that they had because of all three banks' earned very substantial profits connections with the ruling • Because the central bank quite easily from the country family. The new bank created does not have the assets to during the oil boom years. has had to take over the debts enable it to take the risk of Exposure to bad loans was of the other during the oil boom years. has had to take over the debts investors may have lost money. business, then the outlook for Exposure to bad loans was of the other three. It is in the interests of the UAE as UAE banking is nothing like likely to have reflected a failure expected to rationalise a whole, other senior ruling as bleak as a couple of years being a lender of last resort, likely to have reflected a failure expected to rationalise a whole, other senior ruling as bleak as a couple of years the responsibility for guaranto use their expertise in making branches, staffing and manage families may not want to risk ago, although a return to the teeing banks rested with the judgments about where to place ment, but emirate officials be-

both of which have expressed their determination that much more strict controls will be exerted in future. It is in the problems still remain.

The appointment of a governor and board at the UAE Central Bank late last year may signal a more precise role for the institution in dealing with these residual, and comparatively small-scale difficulties. In the two larger emirates the ruling families have chosen to organise the rationalisation of the banking sector themselves, in the interests of speed, main-taining international confidence and establishing local control. Both governments, unlike the central bank, had the resources to provide such cash injections as were needed, and restricted the role of the central bank to a consultative one.

In some of the poorer northern emirates however, rulers may not have the financial resources or the political will to take control of ailing institutions. Where they are thought to have speculated irresponsibly and particularly if there is Kuwait involvement. help may not be forthcoming from the traditional source—the ruler of Abu Dhabi.

In the case of Bank of the Arab Coast, a Ras al Khaimah bank a large number of local in Dubai with a vigour des
ment, but emirate officials bethe potential political instability of the boom years
the potential political instability of many citizens holding their
ruler responsible for such a
problem and this matter could our duty to make people milliontribed as "surgical" by one trol of a substantial part of the
where the central bank might after—and it would not be good

Although the central bank has not been able to act as a praise the way it has formulated regulations designed to force change on the system. They par ticularly cite new rules on reporting loan loss provisions. As one banker said: "It was the central bank's rule on loans to directors that caused the sys-tem to start cracking in the first place."

At the end of the country's banking rationalisation, Government officials say they expect a strengthened role for the central bank, so as to make sure that the problems of the last few years do not occur again.

Curiously, a sharp reduction in profits can often be viewed as a sign of the future good health of a UAE bank, especially if the change is caused by increased provisions for bad debts. In some cases last year's profit falls were severe: the National Bank of Abu Dhabi saw a 64 per cent drop in profit and passed its divi-dend; Bank of Oman saw a 26.6 per cent cut; the Bank of Credit and Commerce Emirates saw a 20.6 per cent fall (and a 131 and the National Bank of Shar-jah recorded a reduction of 46

Given that those banks which still remain are well managed and keen to search out new aires-and it would not be good

The approach to helping The policy has been pursued banks in need would be decided in Dubai with a vigour descase by case. Those banks cribed as "surgical" by one trol of a substantial part of the where the central bank might which had got into difficulty be-Power supply structure nears completion

Energy projects ANGELA DIXON

AN IMPORTANT energy land-mark will be reached soon by the UAE. In the next year, virtual self-sufficiency in gas supplies for power stations and desalination plants will be attained for the first time.

In the next few months, Dubai will begin drawing on the gas available in neighbouring Shanjah, and in the northern part of the country. Sharjah's gas has ended the severe power problems of the letter was the letter was the letter of the letter was t problems of the last few years. Abu Dhabi, meantime, is planning to go ahead to utilize the non-associated gas from its offshore fields and elsewhere.

Sharjah's gas was discovered in 1981 and is currently being produced at a rate of 40m sq cubic ft (scf) per day. In 1984 the northern emirates pipeline to supply Ajman, Fujeirah, Ras al Khalmah and Sharjah town was established. Meanwhile, a Btus per day of the gas to Dubai is already under way.

The two schemes illustrate

agreed—US\$3.50 per mBtu, plus a transportation cost of Dh 2.70 (about seventy US cents).

Theoretically, the Ministry of Electricity and Water pays EGPC for the gas, and then charges the consumer. These charges are not intended to cover the capital cost of the project but only the cost of gas extraction. However, cost and payments are academic; EGPC is still owed something like one billion dirhams by the federal

ministry's strongest card is its spending power, but like other federal ministries, it has found itself curtailed of late. While generous subsidies are maintained, federal projects have been cut. This has mainly affected plans for water provi-

plies, especially in some smaller emirates have still to be completed. In Ras al the completed. In Ras all Khaimah, traditionally the most agricultural of the emirates, with date gardens growing in the shadow of the Mussandam mountains, underground water supplies are becoming more and more brooking more and more brooking the complete are described.

equipment supply, and admini-sters subsidies to the smaller billion dirhams by the federal sters subsidies to the smaller government in respect of fuel emirates. The real cost of elecsubsidies.

The electricity and water 30 fils per unit of electricity, ministry's strongest card is its however, the charge to the consending power, but like other sumer is around 7 fils. (One spending power, but like other sumer is around 7 fils.) dirham or 100 fils is equivalent to 27 US cents.)

In Abu Dhabi and Dubai, the resulting subsidy comes from the purse of the respective rulers. Other emirates depend on federal funds, to a greater or less extent, and these are Although the Emirates or less extent, and these are power supply structure is now administered by the federal almost complete, water supplies, especially in some In Ras al Khaimah, responsively.

ministry.

In Ras al Khaimah, responsibility for the operation, maintenance and staffing of power stations is carefully shared, and demarcation lines are strictly observed. Power distribution and the administration of the system are handled by the local suthority while generation is supervised and run by the federal electricity and water



The Margham Field, operated by Arco in Dubai

Ane site, at Taweelah, on the shore of the Gulf, about half-way between Abu Dhabi city and Dubai, is capable of almost indefinite expansion is required. It will, it is hoped, have the shore of the state of expansion.

centres with an additional Abu Dhabi emirate up to the 250 Mw of electricity and 20m year 2000, allowing for an expansion of some 5 per cent a

Previous rates of expansion in Abu Dhabi have been dramatic. In 1968, electricity consumption stood at 0.1 mW. In 1985, the figure is 1.158 mW per day while water consumption rose from 1m gallons a day to its present figure of 55m gallons a day in the same

The two schemes illustrate the triumph of pragmatism over theoretical difficulties which frequently come into play in emirate affairs. In the case of Dubai, negotiations for the purchase of the gas from Sharjah were complicated by a border dispute, involving rights to the Margham gas/condensate field. The issue was settled along with the gas supply deal, and Dubai ended up with a price of US\$1.5 per million Btu.

The project for a placine network to the northern emirates was initiated, funded and carried through by a federal body, the Emirates General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC).

This entailed flegations with the Sharjah Government and water authorities. A price was water authorities.

A price was water authorities.

A price was developed and more supplies are under on them. In the case of the purchase of the purchas

